

The British List: A Checklist of Birds of Britain (9th edition)

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INTRODUCTION

This, the 9th edition of the Checklist of the Birds of Britain, referred to throughout as the British List, has been prepared as a statement of the status of those species and subspecies known to have occurred in Britain and its coastal waters (Fig. 1). It incorporates all the changes to the British List up to and including the 48th Report of the British Ornithologists' Union Records Committee (BOURC) (BOU 2018), and detailed in BOURC reports published in *Ibis* since the publication of the 8th edition of the British List (BOU 2013a).

This 9th edition replaces The British List: A Checklist of Birds of Britain (8th edition) (BOU 2013a). A downloadable EXCEL version of the 9th edition of the British List can be found at <https://www.bou.org.uk/british-list/>.

The British List

The British List is the systematic list of bird species and subspecies that have occurred in Britain and its coastal waters (Fig. 1); it is maintained by the British Ornithologists' Union (BOU) through its Records Committee. The Republic of Ireland List, the Northern Ireland List, and the Manx List are maintained by their respective organizations. Decisions by the Manx Ornithological Society for the Isle of Man will continue to be published in *Ibis* within BOURC reports. However, decisions of the Northern Ireland Birdwatchers' Association

and the Irish Rare Birds Committee are no longer published within BOURC reports.

The British List is under continuous revision by BOURC. New species and subspecies are either added or removed, following assessment; these are updated on the BOU website (<https://www.bou.org.uk/british-list/recent-announcements/>) at the time of the change, but only come into effect on the List on publication in a BOURC report in *Ibis*. A list of the species and subspecies removed from the British List since the 8th edition is shown in Appendix 1.

Taxonomy

In 2017, following a detailed review by BOURC (BOU 2017b), BOU announced that it would adopt, from 1 January 2018, the International Ornithological Union's (IOU) *IOC World Bird List* (Gill & Donsker 2017) for all its taxonomic needs, including the British List. The taxonomy and sequence of species in this 9th edition of the British List is the first version of the British List to follow the *IOC World Bird List*, using version 7.3, which was current at the time of going to press.

English names

Major moves to create standard internationally recognized English names of birds date back to 1978 when the Royal Australian Ornithologists' Union (now BirdLife Australia) first addressed the subject, followed by the American Ornithologists' Union (now American Ornithological Society) in 1983, with BOURC joining the process in 1985 (Atkin *et al.* 1988, BOU 1992b, Inskipp & Sharrock 1992). It was taken up in 1990 by the then International Ornithological Congress (IOC; now the IOU) who brought together ornithologists from all regions to help deliver

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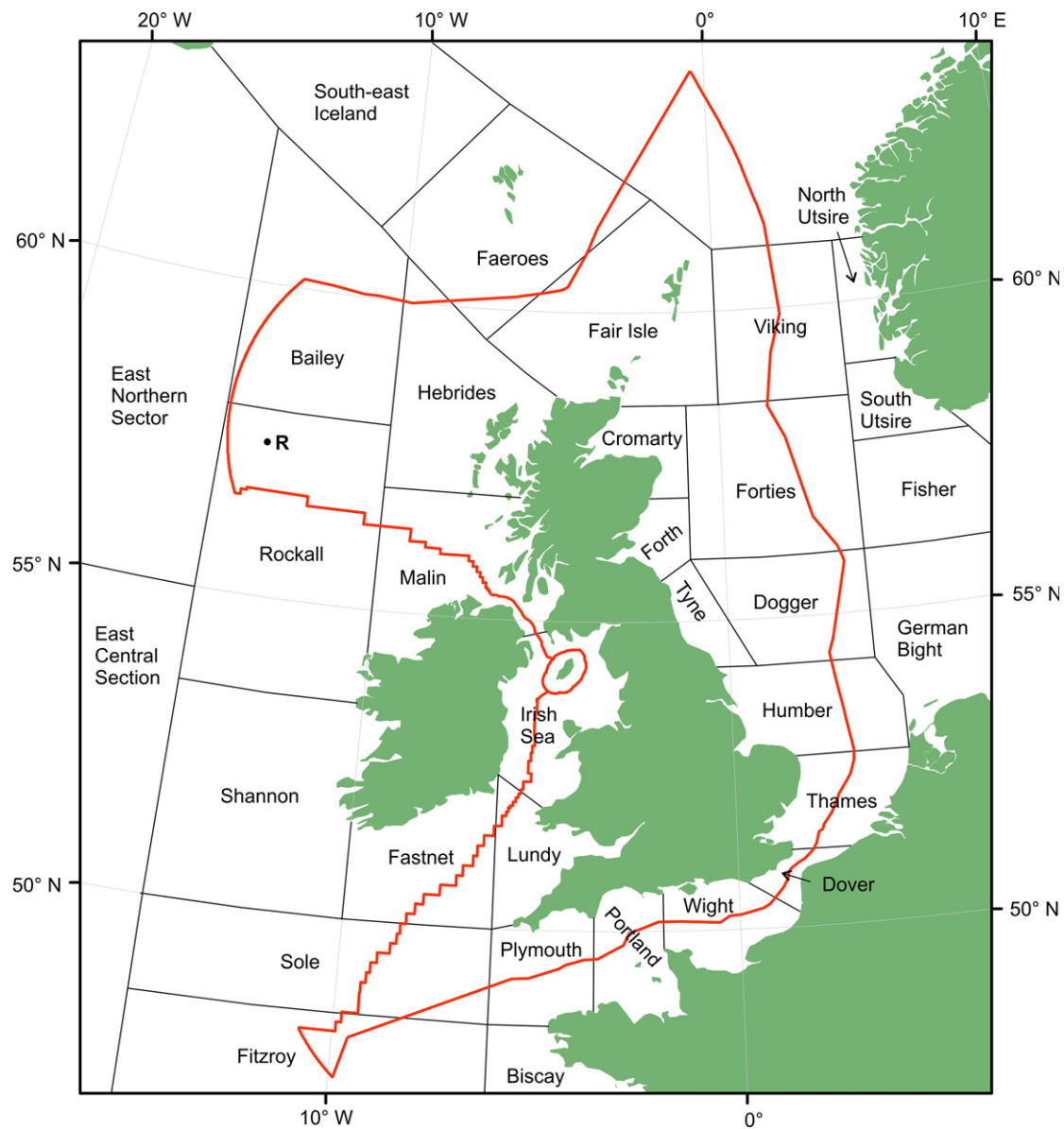


Figure 1. British waters used for recording of 'at sea' records in relation to the British List. The solid line marks the boundaries of the coastal waters considered by BOURC for the purposes of the British List. It follows the ~370 km (200 nautical miles) of the UK Exclusive Economic Zone Limit and the UK Offshore Marine Area as defined by JNCC (2015) following The Offshore Marine Conservation (Natural Habitats, & c.) Regulations 2007 (UK Government 2007), except for Northern Ireland which are instead defined in The Adjacent Waters Boundaries (Northern Ireland) Order 2002 (Marine Scotland 2017); and with territorial waters of ~22 km (12 nautical miles) around the Isle of Man excluded. The named sea areas are shown with their boundaries indicated; R = Rockall. [Colour figure can be viewed at [http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/journal/10.1111/\(ISSN\)1474-919X](http://onlinelibrary.wiley.com/journal/10.1111/(ISSN)1474-919X)]

the first standard list of international English bird names. This culminated in 2006 with the publication of *Birds of the World: recommended English names* (Gill & Wright 2006). Updates to this title have since been posted on the *IOC World Bird List* website at <http://www.worldbirdnames.org> (Gill & Donsker 2017).

Extensive changes to names can be disruptive, especially when many of the established vernacular names have historical and cultural associations. Thus, to assist both the acceptance and use of the new proposed international names, the British List has, since the sixth edition, used the new international English

names in bold and, where they differed, vernacular names (BOU 1992, BOU 2006, 2007b). In the 8th and this 9th editions we have maintained the policy, though for taxonomic and other reasons the vernacular name is listed first in bold, followed by the international English name, when different (BOU 2013a). The international English names used here are those in version 7.3 of the *IOC World Bird List* (Gill & Donsker 2017). Vernacular English names are considered by BOURC when changes in taxonomy occur with these published in BOURC reports in *Ibis*.

Species categories used in the British List

Each species is categorized, depending on the criteria for its admission to the British List, and the Category (A, B or C) appears to the right of the English name. Species in Categories D, E and F do not form part of the British List. Where species in Categories A, B or C are known to have also occurred as escapes, this is indicated in the systematic list by also being shown in Category E.

The categories are defined as follows:

- A Species that have been recorded in an apparently natural state at least once since 1 January 1950.
- B Species that were recorded in an apparently natural state at least once between 1 January 1800 and 31 December 1949, but have not been recorded subsequently.
- C Species that, although introduced, now derive from the resulting self-sustaining populations.
 - C1 *Naturalized introduced species* – species that have occurred only as a result of introduction, e.g. Little Owl *Athene noctua*.
 - C2 *Naturalized established species* – species with established populations resulting from introduction by man, but which also occur in an apparently natural state, e.g. Greylag Goose *Anser anser*.
 - C3 *Naturalized re-established species* – species with populations successfully re-established by man in areas of former occurrence, e.g. Red Kite *Milvus milvus*.
 - C4 *Naturalized feral species* – domesticated species with populations established in the wild, e.g. Rock Dove/Feral Pigeon *Columba livia*.
 - C5 *Vagrant naturalized species* – species from established naturalized populations abroad, e.g. African Sacred Ibis *Threskiornis aethiopicus* from the naturalized French populations. There are currently no species in category C5.
- C6 *Former naturalized species* – species formerly placed in C1 whose naturalized populations are either no longer self-sustaining or are considered extinct, e.g. Lady Amherst's Pheasant *Chrysolophus amherstiae*.
- D Species that would otherwise appear in Category A except that there is reasonable doubt that they have ever occurred in a natural state. Species placed only in Category D form no part of the British List, and are not included in the species totals. Category D species are listed in Appendix 2, and on the BOU website at <https://www.bou.org.uk/british-list/category-d-species/>.
- E Species that have been recorded as introductions, human-assisted transportees or escapees from captivity, and whose breeding populations (if any) are thought not to be self-sustaining. Species in Category E that have bred in the wild in Britain are designated as E*. Category E species form no part of the British List (unless already included within Categories A, B or C). Category E species are listed on the BOU website at <https://www.bou.org.uk/british-list/category-e-species/>, although this list is incomplete.
- F Records of bird species recorded between c. 16 000 BP (before present) to 1800.

A species is usually placed in only one category. Some are placed in multiple categories, such as, for example, those species occurring in Category A which now also have naturalized populations (e.g. Red Kite) that match Category C criteria.

To better manage Category C, BOU and the Joint Nature Conservation Committee (JNCC) held a conference on naturalized and introduced birds in Britain (Holmes & Simons 1996). This led to a review of the process of establishment of such species and the terms that best describe their status (Holmes & Stroud 1995), as well as a major review of the categorisation of species on the British List (Holmes *et al.* 1998). Further reviews of the categories have occurred since and these are summarized in the BOURC 31st Report (BOU 2005). A further review of Category C category definitions was carried out as part of a thorough review of Category C species for the 7th edition of the British List (Dudley 2005), which further re-defined existing categories and introduced a new subcategory C6 (see above).

The British List comprises only those species in Categories A, B and C.

Note that Category B used to refer to records up to 31 December 1957 but, to accord with European practice, now refers to records up to 31 December 1949.

Status codes used in the British List

Abbreviated codes are given for the status of each subspecies on the List:

RB	Resident Breeder
MB	Migrant Breeder
NB	Naturalized Breeder
CB	Casual Breeder
FB	Former Breeder
HB	Hybrid Breeder
WM	Winter Migrant
PM	Passage Migrant
SM	Scarce Migrant
V	Vagrant

Some of the codes are generalizations. For example, many forms listed as WM may occasionally be found in summer. RB and MB together imply that the species is a partial migrant in which a proportion of the population leaves Britain in winter. CB includes those where there are fewer than 10 breeding attempts each year. HB was introduced to denote those species which have been recorded breeding with another closely related species (e.g. Pied-billed Grebe *Podilymbus podiceps* with Little Grebe *Tachybaptus ruficollis*). HB does not attempt to cover all species which have formed hybrid pairings. NB is included to denote species with self-sustaining naturalized populations. V is reserved for rare taxa. Descriptions are required of records for these species and some of the rarer subspecies by the British Birds Rarities Committee (BBRC) (denoted by † within the systematic list) to be considered for inclusion in British totals; descriptions are also required by BBRC for all species in Category D.

For each rare species and, where possible, subspecies, the number of birds that have occurred is noted where the total is fewer than 100. This information is based on data up to 31 December 2015 provided by BBRC (2017). Details of the first British record of rare species are given in those cases where there is an identifiable first. If there is an extant specimen, its current location is

given, with the museum or institution accession number. BOURC would welcome further information on the location of specimens of British firsts that have not been listed here.

The British List totals

The number of species recorded in Britain, within each category, is as follows:

Category	Total
A	596
B	8
C	10
Total	614

As stated, species in Categories D, E and F do not form part of the British List.

In addition, there have been records not identified to species level which are not included in the systematic list, and so do not form part of the species totals. These include: White-bellied Storm Petrel or Black-bellied Storm Petrel *Fregetta grallaria/tropica*; the Madeiran/Monteiro's/Cape Verde Storm Petrel group *Oceanodroma castro/monteiroi/jabejabe*; the Zino's/Fea's/Desertas Petrel group *Pterodroma madeira/feae/deserta*; and South Polar Skua or Brown Skua *Stercorarius macconnicki/antarcticus*. The records for these are listed in Appendix 3.

A list of the species and subspecies removed from the British List since the 8th edition is shown in Appendix 1.

SYSTEMATIC LIST

The taxonomy of the systematic list follows version 7.3 of the IOC *World Bird List* (Gill & Donsker 2017).

Changes since the publication of the 7th and 8th editions of the British List (BOU 2006, 2013a) have been detailed in the 34th to 48th BOURC reports, the full citations for which are listed in the references. Superscript notation ¹⁻¹⁵ has been used to direct the reader to the 34th to 48th BOURC reports, respectively.

†Indicates rare species and subspecies for which descriptions are required of records by the British Birds Rarities Committee (BBRC) to be considered for inclusion in British totals.

A downloadable EXCEL version of the systematic list can be found at <https://www.bou.org.uk/british-list/>.

Order Anseriformes

Family Anatidae

		Admitted to C2 (in 2005) on the basis of a naturalized population established in Argyll and Bute.	
Brent Goose	AE	Greylag Goose	AC2C4E*
Brant Goose		<i>Anser anser</i> (Linnaeus)	
<i>Branta bernicla</i> (Linnaeus)		RB NB WM <i>anser</i> (Linnaeus).	
SM <i>nigricans</i> (Lawrence)		Taiga Bean Goose ¹⁵	AE*
WM <i>bernicla</i> (Linnaeus)		<i>Anser fabalis</i> (Latham)	
WM <i>hrota</i> (O.F. Müller).		WM <i>fabalis</i> (Latham).	
Red-breasted Goose [†]	AE*	Pink-footed Goose	AE*
<i>Branta ruficollis</i> (Pallas)		<i>Anser brachyrhynchus</i> Baillon	
First record: Greater London, early 1776.		WM monotypic.	
88 individuals.		Tundra Bean Goose ¹⁵	AE
V monotypic.		<i>Anser serrirostris</i> Gould	
Canada Goose ^{6,13}	AC2E*	WM <i>rossicus</i> Buturlin.	
<i>Branta canadensis</i> (Linnaeus)		White-fronted Goose	AE*
V probably <i>interior</i> [†] Todd. Eight individuals. First record: One neck-collared individual (of two birds), Loch Davan, Loch Kinord and Muir of Fowlis, Aberdeenshire, November 1992; same, Loch of Skene, Aberdeenshire, January 1993; same, near Perth, Perthshire, January 1993. NB <i>canadensis</i> (Linnaeus).		Greater White-fronted Goose	
Barnacle Goose	AC2E*	<i>Anser albifrons</i> (Scopoli)	
<i>Branta leucopsis</i> (Bechstein)		WM <i>flavirostris</i> Dalgety & Scott	
NB WM monotypic.		WM <i>albifrons</i> (Scopoli).	
Admitted to C2 (in 2005) on the basis of several naturalized populations established in England.		Lesser White-fronted Goose [†]	AE*
Cackling Goose [†]	AE	<i>Anser erythropus</i> (Linnaeus)	
<i>Branta hutchinsii</i> (Richardson) ¹³		First record: male, first-calendar-year, Fenham Flats, Northumberland, September 1886.	
First record: Plex Moss and Formby Moss, Lancashire, November 1976.		V monotypic.	
10 individuals.		Mute Swan	AC2
V subspecies undetermined, but likely to have been nominate <i>hutchinsii</i> (Richardson). ¹⁵		<i>Cygnus olor</i> (J.F. Gmelin) ⁴	
Snow Goose	AC2E*	RB NB monotypic.	
<i>Anser caerulescens</i> (Linnaeus)		Admitted to C2 (in 2005) on the basis of birds deriving from naturalized populations in England.	
SM <i>caerulescens</i> (Linnaeus)		Bewick's Swan	AE
SM <i>atlanticus</i> (Kennard).		Tundra Swan	
		<i>Cygnus columbianus</i> (Ord)	
		V <i>columbianus</i> [†] (Ord). Two individuals. First record: adult, Hay Moor and Curry Moor, Somerset, January 1986; same, Ibsley, Hampshire, December 1986 to January 1987, returning to Somerset each winter up to 1990.	
		WM <i>bewickii</i> Yarrel. ¹⁵	

Whooper Swan <i>Cygnus cygnus</i> (Linnaeus) CB WM monotypic.	AE*	MB HB WM PM monotypic. Hybrid pairing with Blue-winged Teal.	
Egyptian Goose <i>Alopochen aegyptiaca</i> (Linnaeus) NB monotypic.	C1E*	Gadwall <i>Mareca strepera</i> (Linnaeus) ¹⁵ RB NB MB WM <i>strepera</i> (Linnaeus). Admitted to C2 (in 2005) on the basis of birds deriving from naturalized populations in England.	AC2E*
Shelduck Common Shelduck <i>Tadorna tadorna</i> (Linnaeus) MB RB WM monotypic.	A	Wigeon Eurasian Wigeon <i>Mareca penelope</i> (Linnaeus) ¹⁵ RB WM monotypic.	AE*
Ruddy Shelduck [†] <i>Tadorna ferruginea</i> (Pallas) First record: five, Durness, Sutherland, June 1892. V monotypic. Last recorded in an apparently wild state in 1946. All subsequent records considered to be of UK captive origin.	BDE*	American Wigeon <i>Mareca americana</i> (J.F. Gmelin) ^{4,15} SM monotypic.	AE
Mandarin Duck <i>Aix galericulata</i> (Linnaeus) NB monotypic.	C1E*	Mallard <i>Anas platyrhynchos</i> Linnaeus RB NB HB WM <i>platyrhynchos</i> Linnaeus. Large numbers released annually for hunting, many of which naturalize into the wild population. These releases, and birds from other captive sources, contain individuals of domestic origin. Hybrid pairing with Black Duck. Admitted to C2 and C4 (in 2005) on the basis of several naturalized populations established in England.	AC2C4E*
Baikal Teal [†] <i>Sibirionetta formosa</i> (Georgi) ^{5,15} First record: Tillingham, Essex, January 1906. Seven individuals. V monotypic.	AE		
Garganey <i>Spatula querquedula</i> (Linnaeus) ¹⁵ MB PM monotypic.	A	Black Duck [†] American Black Duck <i>Anas rubripes</i> Brewster First record: male, Stoke, Kent, March 1967. 41 individuals. V HB monotypic. Hybrid pairing with Mallard.	A
Blue-winged Teal [†] <i>Spatula discors</i> (Linnaeus) ¹⁵ First record: female, Upper Nithsdale, Dumfries and Galloway, 1858, now at National Museums Scotland (NMS.Z 1887.48). V HB monotypic. Hybrid pairing with Northern Shoveler.	AE*	Pintail Northern Pintail <i>Anas acuta</i> Linnaeus RB MB WM monotypic. ¹⁵	AE
Shoveler Northern Shoveler <i>Spatula clypeata</i> (Linnaeus) ¹⁵	A	Teal Eurasian Teal	A

<i>Anas crecca</i> Linnaeus RB WM PM <i>crecca</i> Linnaeus.		Lesser Scaup <i>Aythya affinis</i> (Eyton) SM monotypic.	A
Green-winged Teal <i>Anas carolinensis</i> J.F. Gmelin ⁴ SM monotypic.	A	Steller's Eider [†] <i>Polysticta stelleri</i> (Pallas) First record: male, sub-adult, Caister, Norfolk, February 1830, now at Norwich Castle Museum and Art Gallery (NWHCM:1831.47.86). 15 individuals. V monotypic.	A
Red-crested Pochard <i>Netta rufina</i> (Pallas) NB SM monotypic. Admitted to C2 (in 2005) on the basis of several naturalized populations established in England.	AC2E*	King Eider [†] <i>Somateria spectabilis</i> (Linnaeus) First record: Orkney, 1832. V monotypic.	A
Canvasback [†] <i>Aythya valisineria</i> (A. Wilson) First record: male, Cliffe, Kent, December 1996. Seven individuals. ⁵ V monotypic.	AE	Eider Common Eider <i>Somateria mollissima</i> (Linnaeus) RB WM <i>mollissima</i> (Linnaeus). ⁶	A
Redhead [†] <i>Aythya americana</i> (Eyton) One record: male, Bleasby, Nottinghamshire, March 1996. V monotypic.	AE	Harlequin Duck [†] <i>Histrionicus histrionicus</i> (Linnaeus) First record: male, Filey, North Yorkshire, autumn 1862, now at Mansfield Museum (MASMG:BB296). 20 individuals. V monotypic.	A
Pochard Common Pochard <i>Aythya ferina</i> (Linnaeus) MB RB WM PM monotypic.	AE*	Surf Scoter <i>Melanitta perspicillata</i> (Linnaeus) SM monotypic.	A
Ferruginous Duck [†] <i>Aythya nyroca</i> (Güldenstädt) First record: male, Lincolnshire, pre- 1771. V monotypic.	AE	Velvet Scoter <i>Melanitta fusca</i> (Linnaeus) WM PM monotypic.	A
Ring-necked Duck <i>Aythya collaris</i> (Donovan) SM monotypic.	AE	White-winged Scoter [†] <i>Melanitta deglandi</i> (Bonaparte) ⁹ First record: male, second-calendar- year, Blackdog, Aberdeenshire, June 2011. Two individuals. V <i>deglandi</i> (Bonaparte).	A
Tufted Duck <i>Aythya fuligula</i> (Linnaeus) RB WM PM monotypic.	A	Common Scoter <i>Melanitta nigra</i> (Linnaeus) RB MB WM PM monotypic.	A
Scaup Greater Scaup <i>Aythya marila</i> (Linnaeus) CB WM PM <i>marila</i> (Linnaeus).	A		

Black Scoter [†] <i>Melanitta americana</i> (Swainson) First record: male, adult, Gosford Bay, Lothian, December 1987 to January 1988. 13 individuals. V monotypic.	A	Red-breasted Merganser <i>Mergus serrator</i> Linnaeus RB WM monotypic.	A
Long-tailed Duck <i>Clangula hyemalis</i> (Linnaeus) CB WM monotypic.	A	Ruddy Duck <i>Oxyura jamaicensis</i> (J.F. Gmelin) NB <i>jamaicensis</i> (J.F. Gmelin). ¹	C1E*
Bufflehead [†] <i>Bucephala albeola</i> (Linnaeus) First record: female or second- calendar-year, Tresco, Isles of Scilly, January 1920. 17 individuals. V monotypic.	AE	Order Galliformes Family Phasianidae	
Goldeneye Common Goldeneye <i>Bucephala clangula</i> (Linnaeus) RB WM PM <i>clangula</i> (Linnaeus).	AE*	Capercaillie ⁸ Western Capercaillie <i>Tetrao urogallus</i> Linnaeus FB NB <i>urogallus</i> Linnaeus.	C3E*
Barrow's Goldeneye [†] <i>Bucephala islandica</i> (J.F. Gmelin) ⁴ First record: male, adult, Irvine, Ayrshire, November to December 1979. Three individuals. V monotypic.	AE	Black Grouse <i>Lyrurus tetrix</i> (Linnaeus) ¹⁵ RB <i>britannicus</i> Witherby & Lönnberg.	AE
Smew <i>Mergellus albellus</i> (Linnaeus) ⁴ WM monotypic.	A	Ptarmigan Rock Ptarmigan <i>Lagopus muta</i> (Montin) RB <i>millaisi</i> Hartert.	A
Hooded Merganser [†] <i>Lophodytes cucullatus</i> (Linnaeus) ⁴ First record: Oban Trumisgarry (Òban Trùmaisgearraidh), North Uist (Uibhist a Tuath), Outer Hebrides, October to November 2000. Seven individuals. V monotypic.	AE	Red Grouse Willow Ptarmigan <i>Lagopus lagopus</i> (Linnaeus) RB <i>scotica</i> (Latham).	A
Goosander Common Merganser <i>Mergus merganser</i> Linnaeus RB WM <i>merganser</i> Linnaeus.	A	Red-legged Partridge <i>Alectoris rufa</i> (Linnaeus) NB <i>rufa</i> (Linnaeus) Large numbers released annually for hunting, mostly of undetermined subspecies.	C1E*
		Grey Partridge <i>Perdix perdix</i> (Linnaeus) RB NB <i>perdix</i> (Linnaeus). ⁴	AC2E*
		Quail Common Quail <i>Coturnix coturnix</i> (Linnaeus) MB <i>coturnix</i> (Linnaeus).	AE*
		Pheasant Common Pheasant <i>Phasianus colchicus</i> Linnaeus NB <i>colchicus</i> Linnaeus NB <i>principalis</i> P.L. Sclater	C1E*

NB *mongolicus* J.F. von Brandt
 NB *satscheuensis* Pleske
 NB *pallasi* Rothschild
 NB *torquatus* J.F. Gmelin
 Very large numbers released annually
 for hunting, many of which naturalize
 into the population, which consists
 largely of intraspecific hybrids.⁴

Golden Pheasant

Chrysolophus pictus (Linnaeus)
 NB monotypic.

Lady Amherst's Pheasant

Chrysolophus amherstiae (Leadbeater)
 NB monotypic.
 Moved to C6 (in 2005) on the basis
 of English populations no longer
 considered self-sustaining.

Order Gaviiformes

Family Gaviidae

Red-throated Diver

Red-throated Loon
Gavia stellata (Pontoppidan)
 MB RB WM PM monotypic.

Black-throated Diver

Black-throated Loon
Gavia arctica (Linnaeus)
 MB RB WM *arctica* (Linnaeus).

Pacific Diver[†]

Pacific Loon
Gavia pacifica (Lawrence)⁵
 First record: second-calendar-year,
 Farnham Gravel Pit, North Yorkshire,
 January to February 2007.
 Seven individuals.
 V monotypic.

Great Northern Diver

Common Loon
Gavia immer (Brünnich)
 CB WM monotypic.

White-billed Diver

Yellow-billed Loon
Gavia adamsii (G.R. Gray)⁴
 SM monotypic.

Order Procellariiformes

Family Oceanitidae

Wilson's Petrel

Wilson's Storm Petrel
Oceanites oceanicus (Kuhl)
 SM subspecies undetermined.³ A

White-faced Storm Petrel[†]

Pelagodroma marina (Latham)¹⁵
 One record: female, immature,
 Colonsay, Argyll and Bute, January
 1897, now at National Museums
 Scotland (NMS.Z 1897.17).
 V *hypoleuca* (Webb, Berthelot &
 Moquin-Tandon). B

Family Diomedidae

Black-browed Albatross[†]

Thalassarche melanophris (Temminck)¹
 First record: sub-adult, Linton,
 Cambridgeshire, July 1897.
 29 individuals.
 V monotypic.¹⁵
 [There have been 12 further records of
 albatrosses not identified to species.] A

Atlantic Yellow-nosed Albatross[†]

Thalassarche chlororhynchos (J.F.
 Gmelin)⁵
 One record: immature, Brean,
 Somerset, June 2007; same, Manton,
 Lincolnshire, July 2007.
 V monotypic.¹⁵ A

Family Hydrobatidae

Storm Petrel

European Storm Petrel
Hydrobates pelagicus (Linnaeus)
 MB *pelagicus* (Linnaeus). A

Swinhoe's Petrel[†]

Swinhoe's Storm Petrel
Oceanodroma monorhis (Swinhoe)
 First record: female, Tynemouth,
 Northumberland, July 1989.¹⁰
 Seven individuals.
 V monotypic. A

Leach's Petrel	A	Barolo Shearwater[†]	A
Leach's Storm Petrel		<i>Puffinus baroli</i> (Bonaparte)	
<i>Oceanodroma leucorhoa</i> (Vieillot)		First record: male, near Earsham,	
MB PM <i>leucorhoa</i> (Vieillot).		Norfolk, April 1858, now at Norwich	
		Castle Museum and Art Gallery	
Family Procellariidae		(NWHCM:38.944).	
		65 individuals.	
Fulmar	A	V monotypic. ¹⁵	
Northern Fulmar		Order Podicipediformes¹⁵	
<i>Fulmarus glacialis</i> (Linnaeus)			
RB MB PM <i>glacialis</i> (Linnaeus).		Family Podicipedidae	
Black-capped Petrel[†]	A	Little Grebe	A
<i>Pterodroma hasitata</i> (Kuhl)		<i>Tachybaptus ruficollis</i> (Pallas)	
First record: Swaffham, Norfolk,		RB MB HB WM <i>ruficollis</i> (Pallas)	
March or April 1850, now at Norwich		Hybrid pairing with Pied-billed Grebe.	
Castle Museum and Art Gallery			
(NWHCM:108.949).		Pied-billed Grebe[†]	A
Two individuals.		<i>Podilymbus podiceps</i> (Linnaeus)	
V monotypic. ¹⁵		First record: Blagdon Lake, Somerset,	
Scopoli's Shearwater[†]	A	December 1963.	
<i>Calonectris diomedea</i> (Scopoli)		44 individuals.	
One record: at sea, off Isles of Scilly,		V HB subspecies undetermined, but	
August 2004. ^{4,8}		likely to have been nominate <i>podiceps</i>	
V monotypic.		(Linnaeus).	
Cory's Shearwater	A	Hybrid pairing with Little Grebe.	
<i>Calonectris borealis</i> (Cory)		Red-necked Grebe	A
SM monotypic.		<i>Podiceps grisegena</i> (Boddaert)	
Sooty Shearwater	A	CB WM <i>grisegena</i> (Boddaert)	
<i>Ardenna grisea</i> (J.F. Gmelin) ^{4,15}		V <i>holbollii</i> [†] Reinhardt. ¹⁵ One record:	
PM monotypic.		male, Gruinard Bay, Wester Ross,	
Great Shearwater	A	Highland, September 1925, examined	
<i>Ardenna gravis</i> (O'Reilly) ¹⁵		at British Museum.	
SM monotypic.		Great Crested Grebe	A
Manx Shearwater	A	<i>Podiceps cristatus</i> (Linnaeus)	
<i>Puffinus puffinus</i> (Brünnich)		RB WM <i>cristatus</i> (Linnaeus).	
MB monotypic.		Slavonian Grebe	A
Yelkouan Shearwater[†]	A	Horned Grebe	
<i>Puffinus yelkouan</i> (Acerbi) ¹³		<i>Podiceps auritus</i> (Linnaeus)	
One record: Berry Head, Devon, July		RB WM <i>auritus</i> (Linnaeus).	
2008.		Black-necked Grebe	A
V monotypic.		<i>Podiceps nigricollis</i> C.L. Brehm	
Balearic Shearwater	A	MB RB WM PM <i>nigricollis</i> C.L.	
<i>Puffinus mauretanicus</i> Lowe ¹		Brehm.	
PM monotypic.			

Order Phaethontiformes

Family Phaethontidae

Red-billed Tropicbird[†]*Phaethon aethereus* Linnaeus

First record: at sea, off Isles of Scilly, June 2001.

Five individuals.

V subspecies undetermined, but likely to have been *mesonauta* J.L. Peters.¹⁵

AE

First record: Puddletown, Dorset, autumn 1804.

38 individuals.

V monotypic.

Little Bittern[†]*Ixobrychus minutus* (Linnaeus)

First record: Greater London (Middlesex), May 1782.

CB V *minutus* (Linnaeus).

A

Night-heron

Black-crowned Night Heron

Nycticorax nycticorax (Linnaeus)SM *nycticorax* (Linnaeus).

AE*

Order Ciconiiformes

Family Ciconiidae

Black Stork[†]*Ciconia nigra* (Linnaeus)

First record: second-calendar-year, West Sedge Moor, near Stoke St Gregory, Somerset, May 1814, now at Natural History Museum, Tring (Vel. Cat. 3: 182.a.).

V monotypic.

AE

Green Heron[†]*Butorides virescens* (Linnaeus)

First record: first-calendar-year, Penrice, Cornwall, October 1889.

Seven individuals.

V subspecies undetermined, but likely to have been nominate *virescens* (Linnaeus).¹⁵

A

White Stork*Ciconia ciconia* (Linnaeus)FB SM *ciconia* (Linnaeus).

AE

Squacco Heron[†]*Ardeola ralloides* (Scopoli)

First record: adult, Boynton, Wiltshire, 1775.

V monotypic.

A

Order Pelecaniformes

Family Threskiornithidae

Glossy Ibis*Plegadis falcinellus* (Linnaeus)SM monotypic.¹⁵

AE

Chinese Pond Heron[†]*Ardeola bacchus* (Bonaparte)¹³First record: adult, Eccles-on-Sea, Norfolk, October 2004 and East Dean, Hampshire, November 2004.^{1,14}

Two individuals.

V monotypic.

A

Spoonbill

Eurasian Spoonbill

Platalea leucorodia LinnaeusFB CB SM *leucorodia* Linnaeus.

AE

Cattle Egret

Western Cattle Egret

Bubulcus ibis (Linnaeus)CB SM monotypic.¹⁵

AE

Family Ardeidae

Bittern

Eurasian Bittern

Botaurus stellaris (Linnaeus)RB WM *stellaris* (Linnaeus).

A

Grey Heron*Ardea cinerea* LinnaeusRB WM *cinerea* Linnaeus.

A

American Bittern[†]*Botaurus lentiginosus* (Rackett)

A

Great Blue Heron[†]*Ardea herodias* Linnaeus⁴

First record: St. Mary's, Isles of Scilly, December 2007.

A

Two individuals.
V subspecies undetermined.

Purple Heron

Ardea purpurea Linnaeus
CB SM *purpurea* Linnaeus.

Great White Egret

Great Egret
Ardea alba Linnaeus
CB SM *alba* Linnaeus.

Snowy Egret[†]

Egretta thula (Molina)
One record: Seil Island, Argyll and Bute, November 2001, and various west and south-west Scottish coast localities into 2002.
V subspecies undetermined.

Little Egret

Egretta garzetta (Linnaeus)
RB PM *garzetta* (Linnaeus).

Order Suliformes

Family Fregatidae

Ascension Frigatebird[†]

Fregata aquila (Linnaeus)
First record: female, immature, Tiree, Argyll and Bute, July 1953, now at National Museums Scotland (NMS.Z 1953.16).
Two individuals.
V monotypic.
[There have been three further records of frigatebirds not identified to species.]

Magnificent Frigatebird[†]

Fregata magnificens Mathews³
First record: male, adult, near Whitchurch, Shropshire, November 2005, now at Natural History Museum, Tring (NHMUK 2006.23.1).
Two individuals.
V monotypic

Family Sulidae

Gannet

Northern Gannet
Morus bassanus (Linnaeus)

MB RB PM monotypic.

Red-footed Booby[†]

Sula sula (Linnaeus)¹⁵
One record: female, second-calendar-year or older, St Leonards, East Sussex, September 2016, held in care to December 2016, when transported to the Cayman Islands, where died in quarantine.
V subspecies undetermined, but likely to have been nominate *sula* (Linnaeus).

Family Phalacrocoracidae

Double-crested Cormorant[†]

Phalacrocorax auritus (R. Lesson)
One record: Billingham, Co. Durham (then Cleveland), January to April 1989.
V subspecies undetermined.

Shag

European Shag
Phalacrocorax aristotelis (Linnaeus)
RB *aristotelis* (Linnaeus).

Cormorant

Great Cormorant
Phalacrocorax carbo (Linnaeus)
RB MB *carbo* (Linnaeus)
RB PM WM *sinensis* (Staunton).

Order Accipitriformes

Family Pandionidae

Osprey

Western Osprey
Pandion haliaetus (Linnaeus)
MB PM *haliaetus* (Linnaeus).

Family Accipitridae

Egyptian Vulture[†]

Neophron percnopterus (Linnaeus)
First record: immature, Bridgwater Bay, Somerset, October 1825. Last recorded in 1868.
Two individuals.⁷

A

A

A

A

A

A

A

A

AE

A

A

AE*

BDE

<i>V percnopterus</i> (Linnaeus).		Northern Harrier [†]	A
Honey-buzzard	A	<i>Circus hudsonius</i> (Linnaeus) ^{3,12}	
European Honey Buzzard		First record: first-calendar-year, St. Mary's, Isles of Scilly, October 1982, possibly present until June 1983. Eight individuals.	
<i>Pernis apivorus</i> (Linnaeus)		V monotypic.	
MB PM monotypic.		Pallid Harrier [†]	A
Short-toed Eagle [†]	A	<i>Circus macrourus</i> (S.G. Gmelin) ⁴	
Short-toed Snake Eagle		First record: male, second-calendar-year, Fair Isle, Shetland, April to May 1931, now at National Museums Scotland (NMS.Z 1931.127.1). 87 individuals.	
<i>Circaetus gallicus</i> (J.F. Gmelin) ⁴		V HB monotypic.	
First record: first-calendar-year, St. Agnes and other islands, Isles of Scilly, October 1999.		Hybrid pairing with Hen Harrier.	
Three individuals.		Montagu's Harrier	A
V monotypic.		<i>Circus pygargus</i> (Linnaeus)	
Spotted Eagle [†]	B	MB PM monotypic.	
Greater Spotted Eagle		Red Kite	AC3E*
<i>Clanga clanga</i> (Pallas) ¹⁵		<i>Milvus milvus</i> (Linnaeus)	
First record: Hawk's Wood, near Cheesewring, Cornwall, December 1860. Last recorded 1915.		RB NB HB WM PM <i>milvus</i> (Linnaeus)	
12 individuals.		Naturalized populations now in England and Scotland following release of birds in 1989 from Spain and Scandinavia.	
V monotypic.		Hybrid pairing with Black Kite.	
Golden Eagle	AE	Black Kite	AE
<i>Aquila chrysaetos</i> (Linnaeus)		<i>Milvus migrans</i> (Boddaert)	
RB <i>chrysaetos</i> (Linnaeus).		SM HB <i>migrans</i> (Boddaert).	
Sparrowhawk	A	Hybrid pairing with Red Kite.	
Eurasian Sparrowhawk		White-tailed Eagle	AC3E*
<i>Accipiter nisus</i> (Linnaeus)		<i>Haliaeetus albicilla</i> (Linnaeus)	
RB PM WM <i>nisus</i> (Linnaeus).		FB NB V <i>albicilla</i> (Linnaeus). ¹⁵	
Goshawk	AC3E*	Naturalized population now established in Scotland.	
Northern Goshawk		Rough-legged Buzzard	AE
<i>Accipiter gentilis</i> (Linnaeus)		<i>Buteo lagopus</i> (Pontoppidan)	
FB NB <i>gentilis</i> (Linnaeus).		WM PM <i>lagopus</i> (Pontoppidan).	
Admitted to C3 (in 2005) to note the captive origin of the British population.		Buzzard	AE*
Marsh Harrier	A	Common Buzzard	
Western Marsh Harrier		<i>Buteo buteo</i> (Linnaeus)	
<i>Circus aeruginosus</i> (Linnaeus)		RB PM WM <i>buteo</i> (Linnaeus).	
RB MB PM <i>aeruginosus</i> (Linnaeus).			
Hen Harrier	A		
<i>Circus cyaneus</i> (Linnaeus)			
RB MB HB PM WM monotypic.			
Hybrid pairing with Pallid Harrier.			

Order Otidiformes

Family Otididae

Great Bustard[†]*Otis tarda* Linnaeus

84 old records; 20 individuals since January 1950.

FB NB V *tarda* Linnaeus.**Macqueen's Bustard**[†]*Chlamydotis macqueenii* (J.E. Gray)

First record: Kirton in Lindsey, Lincolnshire, October 1847, now at York Museums Trust (YORYM:1999.15).

Four old records; one individual since January 1950.

V monotypic.

Little Bustard[†]*Tetrax tetrax* (Linnaeus)

First record: Cornwall, 1751.

183 old records; 27 individuals since January 1950.

V monotypic.

Order Gruiformes

Family Rallidae

Water Rail*Rallus aquaticus* LinnaeusRB PM WM *aquaticus* Linnaeus.**Corncrake**

Corn Crake

Crex crex (Linnaeus)

MB PM monotypic.

Little Crake[†]*Porzana parva* (Scopoli)

First record: Catsfield, East Sussex, March 1791.

V monotypic.

Baillon's Crake[†]*Porzana pusilla* (Pallas)

First record: near Beccles, Suffolk, pre-1819.

87 individuals

CB V *intermedia* (Hermann).**Spotted Crake***Porzana porzana* (Linnaeus)

CB PM monotypic.

Sora Rail[†]

Sora

Porzana carolina (Linnaeus)

First record: near Newbury, Berkshire, October 1864.

18 individuals.

V monotypic.

Western Swamphen[†]*Porphyrio porphyrio* (Linnaeus)¹⁵

One record: adult, Minsmere RSPB, Suffolk, July to August 2016; same, Alkborough Flats, Lincolnshire, August 2016 to January 2017.

V monotypic.

Allen's Gallinule[†]*Porphyrio alleni* Thomson³

First record: first-calendar-year, at sea, off Hopton, Norfolk (then Suffolk), January 1902.

Two individuals.

V monotypic.

American Purple Gallinule[†]

Purple Gallinule

Porphyrio martinica (Linnaeus)^{3,15}

First record: first-calendar-year, St.

Mary's, Isles of Scilly, November

1958, now at Natural History

Museum, Tring (NHMUK 1958.27.1).

Three individuals.

V monotypic.

Moorhen

Common Moorhen

Gallinula chloropus (Linnaeus)RB WM *chloropus* (Linnaeus).**Coot**

Eurasian Coot

Fulica atra LinnaeusRB WM *atra* Linnaeus.

American Coot [†] <i>Fulica americana</i> J.F. Gmelin ⁴ First record: possibly second-calendar-year, Stodmarsh, Kent, April 1996. Eight individuals. <i>V americana</i> J.F. Gmelin. ¹⁵ Family Gruidae	A	<i>Vanellus vanellus</i> (Linnaeus) RB MB PM WM monotypic.	
Sandhill Crane [†] <i>Antigone canadensis</i> (Linnaeus) ¹⁵ First record: second-calendar-year, Fair Isle, Shetland, April 1981. Four individuals. V subspecies undetermined.	A	Sociable Plover [†] Sociable Lapwing <i>Vanellus gregarius</i> (Pallas) First record: near St Michael's on Wyre, Lancashire, autumn c. 1860. 43 individuals. V monotypic.	A
Crane Common Crane <i>Grus grus</i> (Linnaeus) FB RB NB PM monotypic. ¹⁵	AE*	White-tailed Plover [†] White-tailed Lapwing <i>Vanellus leucurus</i> (M.H.K. Lichtenstein) First record: male, adult, Packington, Warwickshire, July 1975. Six individuals. V monotypic.	A
Order Charadriiformes Family Burhinidae		Golden Plover European Golden Plover <i>Pluvialis apricaria</i> (Linnaeus) RB MB WM PM monotypic.	A
Stone-curlew Eurasian Stone-curlew <i>Burhinus oedicephalus</i> (Linnaeus) MB <i>oedicephalus</i> (Linnaeus). Family Haematopodidae	A	Pacific Golden Plover [†] <i>Pluvialis fulva</i> (J.F. Gmelin) ⁴ First record: Epsom, Surrey, November 1870. 90 individuals. V monotypic.	A
Oystercatcher Eurasian Oystercatcher <i>Haematopus ostralegus</i> Linnaeus RB MB PM WM <i>ostralegus</i> Linnaeus. Family Recurvirostridae	A	American Golden Plover <i>Pluvialis dominica</i> (P.L. Stadius Müller) SM monotypic.	A
Black-winged Stilt <i>Himantopus himantopus</i> (Linnaeus) CB SM monotypic. ¹⁵	A	Grey Plover <i>Pluvialis squatarola</i> (Linnaeus) PM WM <i>squatarola</i> (Linnaeus). ¹⁵	A
Avocet Pied Avocet <i>Recurvirostra avosetta</i> Linnaeus RB MB PM WM monotypic. Family Charadriidae	AE	Ringed Plover Common Ringed Plover <i>Charadrius hiaticula</i> Linnaeus PM <i>psammodytes</i> Salomonsen ¹⁵ RB MB PM WM <i>hiaticula</i> Linnaeus PM WM <i>tundrarum</i> (Lowe).	A
Lapwing Northern Lapwing	A	Semipalmated Plover [†] <i>Charadrius semipalmatus</i> Bonaparte First record: first-calendar-year, St. Agnes, Isles of Scilly, October to November 1978. Four individuals. V monotypic.	A

Little Ringed Plover <i>Charadrius dubius</i> Scopoli MB PM <i>curonicus</i> J.F. Gmelin. ¹	A	Family Scolopacidae	
Killdeer [†] <i>Charadrius vociferus</i> Linnaeus First record: near Christchurch, Dorset (then Hampshire), April 1859. 56 individuals. V <i>vociferus</i> Linnaeus.	A	Upland Sandpiper [†] <i>Bartramia longicauda</i> (Bechstein) First record: Compton Verney, Warwickshire, October 1851. 46 individuals. V monotypic.	A
Kentish Plover <i>Charadrius alexandrinus</i> Linnaeus FB SM <i>alexandrinus</i> Linnaeus.	A	Whimbrel <i>Numenius phaeopus</i> (Linnaeus) ¹⁵ MB PM <i>islandicus</i> C.L. Brehm PM <i>phaeopus</i> (Linnaeus) V <i>hudsonicus</i> [†] Latham. 10 individuals. First record: Fair Isle, Shetland, May 1955.	A
Lesser Sand Plover [†] <i>Charadrius mongolus</i> Pallas Six individuals. V <i>pamirensis</i> (Richmond), <i>atrifrons</i> Wagler or <i>schaeferi</i> Meyer de Schauensee. Two individuals. First record: adult, Pagham Harbour, West Sussex, August 1997. V <i>mongolus</i> Pallas or <i>stegmanni</i> Portenko. Three individuals. First record: adult or second-calendar-year, Donmouth, Aberdeenshire, August 1991. ^{3,6}	A	Little Whimbrel [†] Little Curlew <i>Numenius minutus</i> Gould First record: adult, Kenfig (Cynffig), Mid Glamorgan (Morgannwg Ganol), August to September 1982. Two individuals. V monotypic.	A
Greater Sand Plover [†] <i>Charadrius leschenaultii</i> R. Lesson First record: first/second-calendar-year, Pagham Harbour, West Sussex, December 1978 to January 1979. 16 individuals. V subspecies undetermined.	A	Eskimo Curlew [†] <i>Numenius borealis</i> (J.R. Forster) First record: Cairn-mon-earn, Durriss, Aberdeenshire, September 1855. ^{1,5} Four individuals. None since 1887, probably extinct. V monotypic.	B
Caspian Plover [†] <i>Charadrius asiaticus</i> Pallas First record: pair, Great Yarmouth, Norfolk, May 1890, male, now at Norwich Castle Museum and Art Gallery (NWHCM:39.90). Six individuals. V monotypic.	A	Curlew Eurasian Curlew <i>Numenius arquata</i> (Linnaeus) RB MB PM WM <i>arquata</i> (Linnaeus).	A
Dotterel Eurasian Dotterel <i>Charadrius morinellus</i> Linnaeus MB PM monotypic.	A	Bar-tailed Godwit <i>Limosa lapponica</i> (Linnaeus) PM WM <i>lapponica</i> (Linnaeus) SM <i>taymyrensis</i> Engelmoer & Roselaar. ¹⁵	A
		Black-tailed Godwit <i>Limosa limosa</i> (Linnaeus) CB PM WM <i>islandica</i> C.L. Brehm MB PM <i>limosa</i> (Linnaeus).	A

<p>Hudsonian Godwit[†] <i>Limosa haemastica</i> (Linnaeus) First record: adult, Blacktoft Sands, East Yorkshire, September to October 1981; same, Countess Wear, Devon, November 1981 to January 1982; same, Blacktoft Sands, East Yorkshire, April to May 1983. Three individuals. V monotypic.</p>	A	<p>Stilt Sandpiper[†] <i>Calidris himantopus</i> (Bonaparte) First record: adult, Kilnsea, East Yorkshire, August to September 1954. 33 individuals. V monotypic.</p>	A
<p>Turnstone Ruddy Turnstone <i>Arenaria interpres</i> (Linnaeus) CB PM WM <i>interpres</i> (Linnaeus).</p>	A	<p>Curlew Sandpiper <i>Calidris ferruginea</i> (Pontoppidan) PM monotypic.</p>	A
<p>Great Knot[†] <i>Calidris tenuirostris</i> (Horsfield) First record: adult, Scatness and Pool of Virkie, Mainland, Shetland, September 1989. Four individuals. V monotypic.</p>	A	<p>Temminck's Stint <i>Calidris temminckii</i> (Leisler) CB PM monotypic.</p>	A
<p>Knot Red Knot <i>Calidris canutus</i> (Linnaeus) PM WM <i>canutus</i> (Linnaeus) PM WM <i>islandica</i> (Linnaeus).</p>	A	<p>Long-toed Stint[†] <i>Calidris subminuta</i> (Middendorff) First record: adult, Marazion, Cornwall, June 1970. Two individuals. V monotypic.</p>	A
<p>Ruff <i>Calidris pugnax</i> (Linnaeus) CB PM WM monotypic.</p>	A	<p>Red-necked Stint[†] <i>Calidris ruficollis</i> (Pallas) First record: adult, Blacktoft Sands, East Yorkshire, July 1986. Seven individuals. V monotypic.</p>	A
<p>Broad-billed Sandpiper[†] <i>Calidris falcinellus</i> (Pontoppidan) First record: Breydon Water, Norfolk, May 1836; was in the Connop and Lysaght collections at Birmingham Museum and Art Gallery, but no longer present. V <i>falcinellus</i> (Pontoppidan).</p>	A	<p>Sanderling <i>Calidris alba</i> (Pallas) PM WM <i>alba</i> (Pallas).¹⁵</p>	A
<p>Sharp-tailed Sandpiper[†] <i>Calidris acuminata</i> (Horsfield) First record: adult, Great Yarmouth, Norfolk, September 1848, now at Norwich Castle Museum and Art Gallery (NWHCM:25.50). 32 individuals. V monotypic.</p>	A	<p>Dunlin <i>Calidris alpina</i> (Linnaeus) PM <i>arctica</i> (Schjølter) MB PM WM <i>schinzii</i> (C.L. Brehm & Schilling) PM WM <i>alpina</i> (Linnaeus).</p>	A
		<p>Purple Sandpiper <i>Calidris maritima</i> (Brünnich) CB PM WM monotypic.</p>	A
		<p>Baird's Sandpiper[†] <i>Calidris bairdii</i> (Coues) First record: female, St Kilda, Outer Hebrides, September 1911, now at National Museums Scotland (NMS.Z 1912.39.56). V monotypic.</p>	A

Little Stint <i>Calidris minuta</i> (Leisler) PM monotypic.	A	First record: first-calendar-year, Rosehearty, Aberdeenshire, September 1999; same, Seal Sands, Hartlepool, Co. Durham, September to October 1999.	
Least Sandpiper [†] <i>Calidris minutilla</i> (Vieillot) First record: Marazion, Cornwall, October 1853. 37 individuals. V monotypic.	A	Four individuals. V subspecies undetermined.	
White-rumped Sandpiper <i>Calidris fuscicollis</i> (Vieillot) SM monotypic.	A	Woodcock Eurasian Woodcock <i>Scolopax rusticola</i> Linnaeus RB MB WM PM monotypic.	A
Buff-breasted Sandpiper <i>Calidris subruficollis</i> (Vieillot) SM monotypic.	A	Jack Snipe <i>Lymnocyptes minimus</i> (Brünnich) WM PM monotypic.	A
Pectoral Sandpiper <i>Calidris melanotos</i> (Vieillot) SM monotypic.	A	Great Snipe [†] <i>Gallinago media</i> (Latham) First record: pre-1797 Kent. V monotypic.	A
Semipalmated Sandpiper [†] <i>Calidris pusilla</i> (Linnaeus) First record: adult, Cley next the Sea, Norfolk, July 1953. V monotypic.	A	Snipe Common Snipe <i>Gallinago gallinago</i> (Linnaeus) RB MB WM PM <i>faeroeensis</i> (C.L. Brehm) RB MB WM PM <i>gallinago</i> (Linnaeus).	A
Western Sandpiper [†] <i>Calidris mauri</i> (Cabanis) First record: adult, Tresco, Isles of Scilly, August 1969. ^{1,2} Eight individuals. V monotypic.	A	Wilson's Snipe [†] <i>Gallinago delicata</i> (Ord) ⁴ First record: St. Mary's, Isles of Scilly, October 1998 to April 1999. Seven individuals. V monotypic.	A
Long-billed Dowitcher [†] <i>Limnodromus scolopaceus</i> (Say) First record: male, first-calendar-year, obtained, coastal locality, Devon, October 1801, now at Natural History Museum, Tring (Vel. Cat. B: 202a). V monotypic. [There have been 78 further records of dowitchers not identified to species.]	A	Terek Sandpiper [†] <i>Xenus cinereus</i> (Güldenstädt) First record: Midrips, near Camber, East Sussex, May 1951. 85 individuals. V monotypic.	A
Short-billed Dowitcher [†] <i>Limnodromus griseus</i> (J.F. Gmelin) ⁴	A	Wilson's Phalarope [†] <i>Phalaropus tricolor</i> (Vieillot) First record: Rosyth, Fife, September to October 1954. V monotypic.	A

Red-necked Phalarope <i>Phalaropus lobatus</i> (Linnaeus) MB PM monotypic.	A	Marsh Sandpiper [†] <i>Tringa stagnatilis</i> (Bechstein) First record: two, Midrips, near Camber, East Sussex, September 1937. V monotypic.	A
Grey Phalarope Red Phalarope <i>Phalaropus fulicarius</i> (Linnaeus) PM monotypic.	A	Wood Sandpiper <i>Tringa glareola</i> Linnaeus CB PM monotypic.	A
Common Sandpiper <i>Actitis hypoleucos</i> (Linnaeus) MB PM WM monotypic.	A	Spotted Redshank <i>Tringa erythropus</i> (Pallas) PM WM monotypic.	A
Spotted Sandpiper [†] <i>Actitis macularius</i> (Linnaeus) First record: Loe Bar, Cornwall, June 1924. ^{2,4} CB V monotypic.	A	Greenshank Common Greenshank <i>Tringa nebularia</i> (Gunnerus) RB MB PM WM monotypic.	A
Green Sandpiper <i>Tringa ochropus</i> Linnaeus CB PM WM monotypic.	A	Greater Yellowlegs [†] <i>Tringa melanoleuca</i> (J.F. Gmelin) ⁴ First record: Tresco, Isles of Scilly, September 1906, now at Isles of Scilly Museum as part of the <i>Tresco Abbey Bird Collection</i> . 33 individuals. V monotypic.	A
Solitary Sandpiper [†] <i>Tringa solitaria</i> A. Wilson First record: River Clyde, Lanarkshire, pre-1870. 36 individuals. V subspecies undetermined.	A	Family Glareolidae	
Grey-tailed Tattler [†] <i>Tringa brevipes</i> (Vieillot) ³ First record: Dyfi estuary, Ceredigion/ Gwynedd (then Meirionnydd), October to November 1981. Two individuals. V monotypic.	A	Cream-coloured Courser [†] Cream-colored Courser <i>Cursorius cursor</i> (Latham) ¹⁵ First record: immature, near Wingham, Kent, 1785. 38 individuals. V <i>cursor</i> (Latham).	A
Lesser Yellowlegs [†] <i>Tringa flavipes</i> (J.F. Gmelin) ⁴ First record: Misson, Nottinghamshire, winter 1854, now at Leeds City Museum (LEEDM.C.1962.1205). V monotypic.	A	Collared Pratincole [†] <i>Glareola pratincola</i> (Linnaeus) First record: Bowness, Cumbria, October 1807. ⁴ 94 individuals. V <i>pratincola</i> (Linnaeus). [There have been 34 further records of pratincoles not identified to species.]	A
Redshank Common Redshank <i>Tringa totanus</i> (Linnaeus) PM WM <i>robusta</i> (Schjølør) RB MB PM WM <i>totanus</i> (Linnaeus).	A		

<p>Oriental Pratincole[†] <i>Glareola maldivarum</i> J.R. Forster First record: second-calendar-year, Dunwich, Suffolk, June to July 1981. Seven individuals. V monotypic.</p>	A	<p>Black-headed Gull <i>Chroicocephalus ridibundus</i> (Linnaeus)³ RB MB HB WM PM monotypic. Hybrid pairing with Mediterranean Gull.</p>	A
<p>Black-winged Pratincole[†] <i>Glareola nordmanni</i> Fischer von Waldheim First record: near Northallerton, North Yorkshire, August 1909, now at Dorman Museum, Middlesbrough (MIDDM:1984.1152). 39 individuals. V monotypic.</p> <p>Family Laridae</p>	A	<p>Little Gull <i>Hydrocoloeus minutus</i> (Pallas)³ CB PM WM monotypic.</p> <p>Ross's Gull[†] <i>Rhodostethia rosea</i> (W. MacGillivray) First record: second-calendar-year, between Whalsay and Out Skerries, Shetland, April 1936. 97 individuals. V monotypic.</p>	A A
<p>Kittiwake Black-legged Kittiwake <i>Rissa tridactyla</i> (Linnaeus) RB MB PM WM <i>tridactyla</i> (Linnaeus).</p>	A	<p>Laughing Gull[†] <i>Leucophaeus atricilla</i> (Linnaeus)¹⁵ First record: Crumbles, Eastbourne, East Sussex, July 1923. V subspecies undetermined.</p>	A
<p>Ivory Gull[†] <i>Pagophila eburnea</i> (Phipps) First record: male, first-calendar-year, Baltasound, Unst, Shetland, December 1822. V monotypic.</p>	A	<p>Franklin's Gull[†] <i>Leucophaeus pipixcan</i> (Wagler)¹⁵ First record: adult, Farlington Marshes, Hampshire, February to May 1970. 72 individuals. V monotypic.</p>	A
<p>Sabine's Gull <i>Xema sabini</i> (Sabine) PM monotypic.</p>	A	<p>Audouin's Gull[†] <i>Ichthyaetus audouinii</i> (Payraudeau)¹⁵ First record: third-calendar-year, Dungeness, Kent, May 2003. Seven individuals. V monotypic.</p>	A
<p>Slender-billed Gull[†] <i>Chroicocephalus genei</i> (Brème)³ First record: second-calendar-year, Langney Point, East Sussex, June to July 1960. 10 individuals. V monotypic.</p>	A	<p>Mediterranean Gull <i>Ichthyaetus melanocephalus</i> (Temminck)¹⁵ RB MB HB PM WM monotypic. Hybrid pairings with Black-headed and Common Gulls.</p>	A
<p>Bonaparte's Gull[†] <i>Chroicocephalus philadelphia</i> (Ord)³ First record: adult, Loch Lomond, Dunbartonshire, April 1850, now at Kelvingrove Museum and Art Gallery, Glasgow (GLAMG Z.1969.93).¹ V monotypic.</p>	A	<p>Great Black-headed Gull[†] Pallas's Gull <i>Ichthyaetus ichthyaeus</i> (Pallas)¹⁵</p>	B

One record: adult, Exmouth, Devon, late May or early June 1859, now at Royal Albert Memorial Museum, Exeter (EXEMS:B344a).
V monotypic.

Common Gull

Mew Gull
Larus canus Linnaeus
RB MB HB WM PM *canus* Linnaeus
SM *heinei* Homeyer.
Hybrid pairing with Mediterranean Gull.

Ring-billed Gull

Larus delawarensis Ord
SM monotypic.

Great Black-backed Gull

Larus marinus Linnaeus
RB WM monotypic.

Glaucous-winged Gull†

Larus glaucescens J.F. Naumann⁵
First record: third/fourth-calendar-year, Hempsted, Gloucestershire, December 2006 and March 2007; same, Ferryside, Carmarthenshire, March 2007 and Beddington, Greater London, April 2007.
Two individuals.
V monotypic.⁵

Glaucous Gull

Larus hyperboreus Gunnerus
WM HB *hyperboreus* Gunnerus.
Hybrid pairing with Herring Gull.

Iceland Gull

Larus glaucooides Meyer
WM *glaucooides* Meyer
SM *kumlieni* Brewster⁴
V *thayeri*† W.S. Brooks^{12,15} Two individuals. First record: adult, Pitsea landfill site, Essex, November 2010.

Herring Gull

European Herring Gull
Larus argentatus Pontoppidan
RB HB *argenteus* C.L. Brehm & Schilling
PM WM *argentatus* Pontoppidan.

Hybrid pairings with Lesser Black-backed, Yellow-legged and Glaucous Gulls.

American Herring Gull†

Larus smithsonianus Coues
First record: second-calendar-year, Ashton's Flashes, Cheshire, February to March 1994.⁵
30 individuals.
V monotypic.^{3,15}

Caspian Gull

Larus cachinnans Pallas
SM monotypic.^{3,10}

Yellow-legged Gull

Larus michahellis J.F. Naumann
V *atlantis*† Dwight. Two individuals. First record: second-calendar-year, Sennen, Cornwall, July to November 2008.¹³
CB HB PM WM *michahellis* J.F. Naumann.
Hybrid pairings with Herring and Lesser Black-backed Gulls.

Slaty-backed Gull†

Larus schistisagus Stejneger¹³
One record: near-adult, Rainham Landfill, Greater London, and Pitsea and Hanningfield Reservoir, Essex, January to February 2011.
V monotypic.

Lesser Black-backed Gull

Larus fuscus Linnaeus
MB RB HB PM *graellsii* A.E. Brehm
PM *intermedius* Schiøler
V *fuscus*† Linnaeus. Two individuals.
First record: Suffolk, October 1981 (ringing recovery).
Hybrid pairing with Herring Gull.

Gull-billed Tern†

Gelochelidon nilotica (J.F. Gmelin)
First record: Rye Harbour, East Sussex, 1802, now at Natural History Museum, Tring (Vel. Cat. 4: 288 b).
CB V *nilotica* (J.F. Gmelin).¹

<p>Caspian Tern[†] <i>Hydroprogne caspia</i> (Pallas)¹ First record: immature, Breydon Water, Norfolk, October 1825. V monotypic.</p>	A	<p>Aleutian Tern[†] <i>Onychoprion aleuticus</i> (Baird)¹ One record: adult, Farne Islands, Northumberland, May 1979. V monotypic.</p>	A
<p>Royal Tern[†] <i>Thalasseus maximus</i> (Boddaert)¹⁵ First record: St. Ives, Cornwall, September 1971. Five individuals. V <i>maximus</i> (Boddaert). First record ascribed to nominate subspecies: Kenfig (Cynffig), Mid Glamorgan (Morgannwg Ganol), November 1979.</p>	A	<p>Bridled Tern[†] <i>Onychoprion anaethetus</i> (Scopoli) First record: male, adult, Dungeness, Kent, November 1931. 25 individuals. V <i>melanopterus</i> (Swainson) or <i>antarcticus</i> (R. Lesson).^{1,15}</p>	A
<p>Lesser Crested Tern[†] <i>Thalasseus bengalensis</i> (R. Lesson)¹⁵ First record: adult, Cymyran Bay, Anglesey (Ynys Môn), July 1982. Nine individuals. V HB <i>emigratus</i> (Neumann) Hybrid pairing with Sandwich Tern.</p>	A	<p>Sooty Tern[†] <i>Onychoprion fuscatus</i> (Linnaeus)¹ First record: near Burton-on-Trent, Staffordshire, October 1852. 21 individuals. V <i>fuscatus</i> (Linnaeus).</p>	A
<p>Sandwich Tern <i>Thalasseus sandvicensis</i> (Latham)¹⁵ MB HB PM monotypic. Hybrid pairing with Lesser Crested Tern.</p>	A	<p>Roseate Tern <i>Sterna dougallii</i> Montagu MB PM <i>dougallii</i> Montagu.</p>	A
<p>Cabot's Tern[†] <i>Thalasseus acuflavidus</i> (S. Cabot)¹⁵ One record: Newhouse Wood, Herefordshire, November 1984 (ringing recovery). V subspecies undetermined, but likely to have been nominate <i>acuflavidus</i> (S. Cabot).</p>	A	<p>Common Tern <i>Sterna hirundo</i> Linnaeus MB PM <i>hirundo</i> Linnaeus.</p>	A
<p>Little Tern <i>Sternula albifrons</i> (Pallas)¹ MB PM <i>albifrons</i> (Pallas).</p>	A	<p>Arctic Tern <i>Sterna paradisaea</i> Pontoppidan MB PM monotypic.</p>	A
<p>Least Tern[†] <i>Sternula antillarum</i> R. Lesson¹⁵ One record: male, Rye Harbour, East Sussex, June 1983, returning annually to July 1992; presumed same, Colne Point, Essex, June to July 1991. V subspecies undetermined, but likely to have been nominate <i>antillarum</i> R. Lesson.</p>	A	<p>Forster's Tern[†] <i>Sterna forsteri</i> Nuttall First record: second-calendar-year, Falmouth Bay, Cornwall, February to March 1980. 20 individuals. V monotypic.</p>	A
		<p>Whiskered Tern[†] <i>Chlidonias hybrida</i> (Pallas) First record: Lyme Regis, Dorset, late August 1836. V <i>hybrida</i> (Pallas).¹</p>	A
		<p>White-winged Black Tern White-winged Tern <i>Chlidonias leucopterus</i> (Temminck)¹</p>	A

SM monotypic.		Common Guillemot	A
Black Tern	A	Common Murre	
<i>Chlidonias niger</i> (Linnaeus)		<i>Uria aalge</i> (Pontoppidan)	
FB CB PM <i>niger</i> (Linnaeus)		RB MB WM <i>aalge</i> (Pontoppidan)	
V <i>surinamensis</i> [†] (J.F. Gmelin). ¹ Five individuals. First record: first-calendar-year, Axe Estuary, Somerset, October 1999.		SM <i>hyperborea</i> Salomonsen ¹⁵	
Family Stercorariidae		RB MB WM <i>albionis</i> Witherby.	
Great Skua ⁴	A	Razorbill	A
<i>Stercorarius skua</i> (Brünnich)		<i>Alca torda</i> Linnaeus	
MB PM monotypic. ^{9,15}		SM <i>torda</i> Linnaeus	
Pomarine Skua	A	RB MB WM <i>islandica</i> C.L. Brehm.	
Pomarine Jaeger		Great Auk	B
<i>Stercorarius pomarinus</i> (Temminck)		<i>Pinguinus impennis</i> (Linnaeus)	
PM monotypic.		Extinct: last recorded St Kilda in about 1840.	
Arctic Skua	A	FB monotypic.	
Parasitic Jaeger		Black Guillemot	A
<i>Stercorarius parasiticus</i> (Linnaeus)		<i>Cepphus grylle</i> (Linnaeus)	
MB PM monotypic.		RB <i>arcticus</i> (C.L. Brehm). ¹	
Long-tailed Skua	A	Long-billed Murrelet [†]	A
Long-tailed Jaeger		<i>Brachyramphus perdix</i> (Pallas) ³	
<i>Stercorarius longicaudus</i> Vieillot		One record: first-calendar-year, Dawlish, Devon, November 2006. ²	
PM <i>longicaudus</i> Vieillot. ⁴		V monotypic.	
Family Alcidae		Ancient Murrelet [†]	A
Little Auk	A	<i>Synthliboramphus antiquus</i> (J.F. Gmelin) ⁴	
<i>Alle alle</i> (Linnaeus)		One record: adult, Lundy, Devon, May to June 1990, returning spring 1991 and 1992.	
PM WM <i>alle</i> (Linnaeus).		V subspecies undetermined, but likely to have been nominate <i>antiquus</i> (J.F. Gmelin). ¹⁵	
Brünnich's Guillemot [†]	A	Puffin	A
Thick-billed Murre		Atlantic Puffin	
<i>Uria lomvia</i> (Linnaeus)		<i>Fratercula arctica</i> (Linnaeus)	
First record: female, Craigielaw Point, Lothian, December 1908, now at National Museums Scotland (NMS.Z 1909.134).		MB RB PM WM monotypic.	
44 individuals.		Tufted Puffin [†]	A
V subspecies undetermined, but likely to have been nominate <i>lomvia</i> (Linnaeus). ¹⁵		<i>Fratercula cirrhata</i> (Pallas) ⁶	
		One record: adult, Oare Marshes, Kent, September 2009.	
		V monotypic.	

Order Pteroclitiformes¹⁵Family Pteroclitidae¹⁵Pallas's Sandgrouse[†]

Syrrhaptes paradoxus (Pallas)
 First record: three, River Glaslyn, Tremadog, Gwynedd (then Caernarfonshire), July 1859, one now at Grosvenor Museum, Chester (CHEGM:1976.37.e).
 6,848 old records; seven individuals since January 1950.
 CB V monotypic.

A

Order Columbiformes

Family Columbidae

Rock Dove

Columba livia J.F. Gmelin
 RB *livia* J.F. Gmelin.¹
 There are also large urban and rural populations of Feral Pigeons of domestic origin.
 Admitted to C4 (in 2005) to note the captive origin of these populations.

AC4E*

Stock Dove

Columba oenas Linnaeus
 RB PM WM *oenas* Linnaeus.

A

Woodpigeon

Common Wood Pigeon
Columba palumbus Linnaeus
 RB WM *palumbus* Linnaeus.

A

Turtle Dove

European Turtle Dove
Streptopelia turtur (Linnaeus)
 MB PM *turtur* (Linnaeus).

A

Oriental Turtle Dove[†]

Streptopelia orientalis (Latham)¹⁵
 12 individuals.
 V *meena* (Sykes). Four individuals.
 First record: Spurn, East Yorkshire, November 1975.
 V *orientalis* (Latham). Five individuals.
 First record: first-calendar-year, Scarborough, North Yorkshire, October 1889.

A

Collared Dove

Eurasian Collared Dove
Streptopelia decaocto (Frivaldszky)
 RB *decaocto* (Frivaldszky).

A

Mourning Dove[†]

Zenaida macroura (Linnaeus)
 First record: Carinish (Càirinis), North Uist (Uibhist a Tuath), Outer Hebrides, November 1999.
 Five individuals.⁹
 V subspecies undetermined, but likely to have been *carolinensis* (Linnaeus).¹⁵

A

Order Cuculiformes

Family Cuculidae

Great Spotted Cuckoo[†]

Clamator glandarius (Linnaeus)
 First record: immature, near Bellingham, Northumberland, August 1870, now at Hancock Museum, Newcastle-upon-Tyne (NEWHM:2003.H2541).
 50 individuals.
 V monotypic.

A

Yellow-billed Cuckoo[†]

Coccyzus americanus (Linnaeus)
 First record: Stackpole Court, Pembrokeshire (Sir Benfro), autumn 1832.
 64 individuals.
 V monotypic.

A

Black-billed Cuckoo[†]

Coccyzus erythrophthalmus (A. Wilson)
 First record: first-calendar-year, Tresco, Isles of Scilly, October 1932, now at Isles of Scilly Museum as part of the *Tresco Abbey Bird Collection*.
 14 individuals.
 V monotypic.

A

Cuckoo

Common Cuckoo
Cuculus canorus Linnaeus
 MB PM *canorus* Linnaeus.

A

Order Strigiformes

Family Tytonidae

Barn Owl

Western Barn Owl
Tyto alba (Scopoli)
RB alba (Scopoli)
V guttata[†] (C.L. Brehm). 12
 individuals. First record: near
 Norwich, Norfolk, December 1864.¹⁰

AE*

First record: Widdrington, near
 Morpeth, Northumberland, January
 1812.

57 individuals.
V funereus (Linnaeus).

Long-eared Owl

A

Asio otus (Linnaeus)
RB WM PM otus (Linnaeus).

Short-eared Owl

A

Asio flammeus (Pontoppidan)
RB MB PM WM flammeus
 (Pontoppidan).

Family Strigidae

Scops Owl[†]

A

Eurasian Scops Owl
Otus scops (Linnaeus)
 First record: Wetherby, West
 Yorkshire, spring 1805.
 84 individuals.
V scops (Linnaeus).

Order Caprimulgiformes

Family Caprimulgidae

Common Nighthawk[†]

A

Chordeiles minor (J.R. Forster)
 First record: female, Tresco, Isles of
 Scilly, September 1927, now at Isles
 of Scilly Museum as part of the *Tresco*
Abbey Bird Collection.
 22 individuals.
V minor (J.R. Forster).

Snowy Owl[†]

AE

Bubo scandiacus (Linnaeus)
 First record: Unst, Shetland, 1812.
 FB *V* monotypic.

Tawny Owl

A

Strix aluco Linnaeus
RB sylvatica Shaw.

Red-necked Nightjar[†]

B

Caprimulgus ruficollis Temminck
 One record: Killingworth,
 Northumberland, October 1856, now
 at Hancock Museum, Newcastle-
 upon-Tyne (NEWHM:1999.H1071).¹
V ruficollis Temminck.

Hawk Owl[†]

A

Northern Hawk-Owl
Surnia ulula (Linnaeus)
 Four individuals.
V ulula (Linnaeus). Two individuals.
 First record: Skaw, Unst, Shetland,
 December 1860.⁵
V caparoch (P.L. Stadius Müller). One
 record: at sea, off Cornwall, March
 1830, now at National Museum of
 Ireland (NMINH 1959.13.1).⁵

Nightjar

A

European Nightjar
Caprimulgus europaeus Linnaeus
MB PM europaeus Linnaeus.

Egyptian Nightjar[†]

A

Caprimulgus aegyptius M.H.K.
 Lichtenstein
 First record: Rainworth, near
 Mansfield, Nottinghamshire, June
 1883, now at Mansfield Museum
 (MASMG:BB261).
 Two individuals.
V subspecies undetermined.

Little Owl

CIE*

Athene noctua (Scopoli)
NB vidalii A.E. Brehm.

Tengmalm's Owl[†]

A

Boreal Owl
Aegolius funereus (Linnaeus)

Order Apodiformes

Family Apodidae

White-throated Needletail[†]

Hirundapus caudacutus (Latham)¹⁵
 First record: Great Horkesley, Essex,
 July 1846.
 Eight individuals.
 V *caudacutus* (Latham).

A

Chimney Swift[†]

Chaetura pelagica (Linnaeus)
 First record: Porthgwarra, Cornwall,
 October 1982.
 20 individuals.
 V monotypic.

A

Alpine Swift

Tachymartus melba (Linnaeus)¹⁵
 SM *melba* (Linnaeus).

A

Swift

Common Swift
Apus apus (Linnaeus)
 MB PM *apus* (Linnaeus).

A

Pallid Swift[†]

Apus pallidus (Shelley)
 First record: Stodmarsh, Kent, May
 1978.
 94 individuals.
 V subspecies undetermined.

A

Pacific Swift[†]

Apus pacificus (Latham)
 First record: captured in the North
 Sea (Shell BT gas platform, Leman
 Bank, c. 45 km ENE of Happisburgh,
 Norfolk) and released at Beccles,
 Suffolk, June 1981.
 Seven individuals.
 V *pacificus* (Latham).

A

Little Swift[†]

Apus affinis (J.E. Gray)
 First record: Skewjack, Cornwall, May
 1981.
 25 individuals.
 V subspecies undetermined, but likely
 to have been *galilejensis* (Antinori).¹⁵

A

Order Coraciiformes

Family Coraciidae

Roller[†]

European Roller
Coracias garrulus Linnaeus
 First record: killed, Crostwick,
 Norfolk, May 1664.
 V *garrulus* Linnaeus.

A

Family Alcedinidae

Kingfisher

Common Kingfisher
Alcedo atthis (Linnaeus)
 RB MB *ispida* Linnaeus.

A

Belted Kingfisher[†]

Megaceryle alcyon (Linnaeus)³
 First record: female, Sladesbridge,
 Cornwall, November 1908.
 Three individuals.
 V monotypic.

A

Family Meropidae

Blue-cheeked Bee-eater[†]

Merops persicus Pallas
 First record: adult, St. Mary's, Isles of
 Scilly, July 1921, now at Isles of Scilly
 Museum as part of the *Tresco Abbey
 Bird Collection*.
 10 individuals.
 V *persicus* Pallas.¹

A

Bee-eater

European Bee-eater
Merops apiaster Linnaeus
 CB SM monotypic.

A

Order Bucerotiformes

Family Upupidae

Hoopoe

Eurasian Hoopoe
Upupa epops Linnaeus
 CB SM *epops* Linnaeus.

AE

Order Piciformes		First record: male, Fair Isle, Shetland, May 1976.	
Family Picidae		Two individuals.	
		<i>V sparverius</i> Linnaeus.	
Wryneck	A		
Eurasian Wryneck		Red-footed Falcon	A
<i>Jynx torquilla</i> Linnaeus		<i>Falco vespertinus</i> Linnaeus	
FB CB SM <i>torquilla</i> Linnaeus.		SM monotypic.	
Yellow-bellied Sapsucker [†]	A	Amur Falcon [†]	AE
<i>Sphyrapicus varius</i> (Linnaeus)		<i>Falco amurensis</i> Radde ⁶	
One record: male, first-calendar-year, Tresco, Isles of Scilly, September to October 1975.		One record: male, second-calendar-year, Tophill Low, East Yorkshire, September to October 2008.	
V monotypic.		V monotypic.	
Lesser Spotted Woodpecker	A	Eleonora's Falcon [†]	A
<i>Dryobates minor</i> (Linnaeus) ¹⁵		<i>Falco eleonorae</i> Gén�	
RB <i>comminutus</i> (Hartert).		First record: second-calendar-year, Formby Point, Merseyside, August 1977.	
Great Spotted Woodpecker	A	Seven individuals.	
<i>Dendrocopos major</i> (Linnaeus)		V monotypic.	
SM <i>major</i> (Linnaeus)		Merlin	A
RB <i>anglicus</i> Hartert.		<i>Falco columbarius</i> Linnaeus	
Green Woodpecker	A	PM WM <i>subaesalon</i> C.L. Brehm ⁴	
European Green Woodpecker		RB MB PM WM <i>aesalon</i> Tunstall.	
<i>Picus viridis</i> Linnaeus		Hobby	A
RB <i>viridis</i> Linnaeus.		Eurasian Hobby	
Order Falconiformes		<i>Falco subbuteo</i> Linnaeus	
Family Falconidae		MB PM <i>subbuteo</i> Linnaeus.	
Lesser Kestrel [†]	A	Gyr Falcon [†]	AE
<i>Falco naumanni</i> J.G. Fleischer		Gyrfalcon	
First record: Buckland, near Dover, Kent, May 1877, deposited at Dover Museum ¹ , but no longer present.		<i>Falco rusticolus</i> Linnaeus	
19 individuals.		First record: Shetland, 1835. ⁷	
V monotypic.		V monotypic.	
Kestrel	A	Peregrine	AE
Common Kestrel		Peregrine Falcon	
<i>Falco tinnunculus</i> Linnaeus		<i>Falco peregrinus</i> Tunstall	
RB MB PM WM <i>tinnunculus</i> Linnaeus.		RB PM WM <i>peregrinus</i> Tunstall.	
American Kestrel [†]	AE	Order Psittaciformes	
<i>Falco sparverius</i> Linnaeus		Family Psittacidae	

Ring-necked Parakeet Rose-ringed Parakeet <i>Psittacula krameri</i> (Scopoli) NB ¹ Naturalized birds show characteristics of the two Indian subspecies <i>borealis</i> (Neumann) and <i>manillensis</i> (Bechstein). ⁴	C1E*	Red-backed Shrike <i>Lanius collurio</i> Linnaeus FB CB SM monotypic. ¹⁵	A
Order Passeriformes		Daurian Shrike [†] Isabelline Shrike <i>Lanius isabellinus</i> Hemprich & Ehrenberg ¹⁵ First record: male, adult, Fetlar, Shetland, September 2002. ^{5,12} Five individuals. V <i>isabellinus</i> Hemprich & Ehrenberg. [There have been 94 further records of Daurian/Turkestan Shrikes not identified to species.]	A
Family Tyrannidae			
Eastern Phoebe [†] <i>Sayornis phoebe</i> (Latham) One record: Lundy, Devon, April 1987. V monotypic.	A		
Acadian Flycatcher [†] <i>Empidonax virescens</i> (Vieillot) ¹⁴ One record: first-calendar-year, Dungeness, Kent, September 2015. V monotypic.	A	Turkestan Shrike [†] Red-tailed Shrike <i>Lanius phoenicuroides</i> (Schalow) ¹⁵ First record: Snettisham, Norfolk, May 1995. ⁵ Eight individuals. V monotypic.	A
Alder Flycatcher [†] <i>Empidonax alnorum</i> Brewster ¹⁰ First record: first-calendar-year, Nanjizal, Cornwall, October 2008. ⁶ Two individuals. V monotypic.	A	Long-tailed Shrike [†] <i>Lanius schach</i> Linnaeus One record: first-calendar-year, Howmore (Tobha Mòr), South Uist (Uibhist a Deas), Outer Hebrides, November 2000. V subspecies undetermined, but likely to have been <i>erythronotus</i> (Vigors).	A
Eastern Kingbird [†] <i>Tyrannus tyrannus</i> (Linnaeus) ¹⁵ One record: second-calendar-year or older, Eoligarry (Eòlaigearraidh), Barra (Barraigh), Outer Hebrides, September 2016; same, Bornish (Bornais), South Uist (Uibhist a Deas), Outer Hebrides, October 2016. V monotypic.	A	Lesser Grey Shrike [†] <i>Lanius minor</i> J.F. Gmelin V monotypic.	A
Family Laniidae		Great Grey Shrike <i>Lanius excubitor</i> Linnaeus WM PM <i>excubitor</i> Linnaeus.	A
Brown Shrike [†] <i>Lanius cristatus</i> Linnaeus First record: Sumburgh, Mainland, Shetland, September to October 1985. 18 individuals. V <i>cristatus</i> Linnaeus. ⁵	A	Steppe Grey Shrike [†] <i>Lanius pallidirostris</i> Cassin ¹⁵ First record: Fair Isle, Shetland, September 1956. 25 individuals. V monotypic.	AE
		Woodchat Shrike <i>Lanius senator</i> Linnaeus	A

SM <i>senator</i> Linnaeus. V <i>badius</i> [†] Hartlaub. 12 individuals. First record: male, Sizewell, Suffolk, June 1980. ⁴		Magpie Eurasian Magpie <i>Pica pica</i> (Linnaeus) RB <i>pica</i> (Linnaeus).	A
Masked Shrike [†] <i>Lanius nubicus</i> M.H.K. Lichtenstein First record: first-calendar-year, Kilrenny, Fife, October to November 2004. Three individuals. V monotypic. Family Vireonidae	A	Nutcracker [†] Spotted Nutcracker <i>Nucifraga caryocatactes</i> (Linnaeus) First record: Mostyn, Flintshire (Sir y Fflint), Clwyd, October 1753. V <i>caryocatactes</i> (Linnaeus). First record: near Northwich, Cheshire, 1860. V <i>macrorhynchus</i> C.L. Brehm.	A
Yellow-throated Vireo [†] <i>Vireo flavifrons</i> Vieillot ^{1,3} One record: Kenidjack, Cornwall, September 1990. V monotypic.	A	Chough Red-billed Chough <i>Pyrrhonorax pyrrhonorax</i> (Linnaeus) RB <i>pyrrhonorax</i> (Linnaeus).	AE*
Philadelphia Vireo [†] <i>Vireo philadelphicus</i> (Cassin) One record: Tresco, Isles of Scilly, October 1987. V monotypic.	A	Jackdaw Western Jackdaw <i>Coloeus monedula</i> (Linnaeus) ¹⁵ WM <i>monedula</i> (Linnaeus) RB WM <i>spermologus</i> Vieillot.	A
Red-eyed Vireo [†] <i>Vireo olivaceus</i> (Linnaeus) First record: St. Agnes, Isles of Scilly, October 1962. V subspecies undetermined, but likely to have been nominate <i>olivaceus</i> (Linnaeus). ¹⁵ Family Oriolidae	A	Rook <i>Corvus frugilegus</i> Linnaeus RB WM <i>frugilegus</i> Linnaeus.	A
Golden Oriole Eurasian Golden Oriole <i>Oriolus oriolus</i> (Linnaeus) CB PM monotypic. ¹⁵ Family Corvidae	A	Carrion Crow <i>Corvus corone</i> Linnaeus RB WM <i>corone</i> Linnaeus.	A
Jay Eurasian Jay <i>Garrulus glandarius</i> (Linnaeus) ¹ RB <i>rufitergum</i> Hartert SM <i>glandarius</i> (Linnaeus).	A	Hooded Crow <i>Corvus cornix</i> Linnaeus RB WM <i>cornix</i> Linnaeus.	A
		Raven Northern Raven <i>Corvus corax</i> Linnaeus RB <i>corax</i> Linnaeus.	A
		Family Bombycillidae	
		Waxwing Bohemian Waxwing <i>Bombycilla garrulus</i> (Linnaeus) WM <i>garrulus</i> (Linnaeus).	AE

Cedar Waxwing [†] <i>Bombycilla cedrorum</i> Vieillot First record: Isle of Noss, Shetland, June 1985. Six individuals. V monotypic.	AE	Family Remizidae	
Family Paridae			
Coal Tit <i>Pariparus ater</i> (Linnaeus) RB <i>britannicus</i> (Sharpe & Dresser) ¹ SM <i>ater</i> (Linnaeus). ¹	A	Penduline Tit Eurasian Penduline Tit <i>Remiz pendulinus</i> (Linnaeus) SM <i>pendulinus</i> (Linnaeus).	A
Crested Tit European Crested Tit <i>Lophophanes cristatus</i> (Linnaeus) RB <i>scoticus</i> Pražák V <i>cristatus</i> [†] (Linnaeus). ¹ One record: Whitby, North Yorkshire, March 1872. V <i>mitratus</i> [†] (C.L. Brehm). ¹ One record: Yarmouth, Isle of Wight, 'before 1844'.	A	Family Alaudidae	
Marsh Tit <i>Poecile palustris</i> (Linnaeus) ¹ RB <i>dresseri</i> (Stejneger). ¹	A	Woodlark <i>Lullula arborea</i> (Linnaeus) RB MB PM <i>arborea</i> (Linnaeus).	A
Willow Tit <i>Poecile montanus</i> (Conrad von Baldenstein) ^{1,3,15} RB <i>kleinschmidti</i> (Hellmayr) ¹ V <i>borealis</i> [†] (de Selys-Longchamps). ¹ Two individuals. First record: female, Tetbury, Gloucestershire, March 1907, now at Natural History Museum, Tring (NHMUK 1908.10.25.6). ⁵	A	White-winged Lark [†] <i>Alauda leucoptera</i> Pallas ¹⁵ First record: female, near Brighton, East Sussex, November 1869, now at Booth Museum, Brighton (BoMNH 208047). Two individuals. V monotypic.	A
Blue Tit Eurasian Blue Tit <i>Cyanistes caeruleus</i> (Linnaeus) ¹ RB <i>obscurus</i> (Pražák) ¹ WM <i>caeruleus</i> (Linnaeus).	A	Skylark Eurasian Skylark <i>Alauda arvensis</i> Linnaeus RB PM WM <i>arvensis</i> Linnaeus.	A
Great Tit <i>Parus major</i> Linnaeus RB <i>newtoni</i> Pražák ¹ RB WM <i>major</i> Linnaeus.	A	Crested Lark [†] <i>Galerida cristata</i> (Linnaeus) First record: Littlehampton, West Sussex, pre-1845. 24 individuals. V <i>cristata</i> (Linnaeus).	AE
		Shore Lark Horned Lark <i>Eremophila alpestris</i> (Linnaeus) CB WM <i>flava</i> (J.F. Gmelin). ¹	A
		Short-toed Lark Greater Short-toed Lark <i>Calandrella brachydactyla</i> (Leisler) SM subspecies undetermined.	A

<p>Bimaculated Lark[†] <i>Melanocorypha bimaculata</i> (Ménétries) First record: Lundy, Devon, May 1962. Three individuals. V monotypic.¹⁵</p>	A	<p>Swallow Barn Swallow <i>Hirundo rustica</i> Linnaeus MB PM <i>rustica</i> Linnaeus.</p>	AE
<p>Calandra Lark[†] <i>Melanocorypha calandra</i> (Linnaeus) First record: Portland, Dorset, April 1961. 18 individuals. V subspecies undetermined.</p>	A	<p>Crag Martin[†] Eurasian Crag Martin <i>Ptyonoprogne rupestris</i> (Scopoli) First record: Stithians Reservoir, Cornwall, June 1988. 10 individuals. V monotypic.</p>	A
<p>Black Lark[†] <i>Melanocorypha yeltoniensis</i> (J.R. Forster)¹ First record: Spurn, East Yorkshire, April 1984. Three individuals. V monotypic.</p>	A	<p>House Martin Common House Martin <i>Delichon urbicum</i> (Linnaeus) MB HBPM <i>urbicum</i> (Linnaeus). Hybrid pairing with Red-rumped Swallow.</p>	A
<p>Lesser Short-toed Lark[†] <i>Alaudala rufescens</i> (Vieillot)¹⁵ One record: Portland, Dorset, May 1992. V subspecies undetermined.</p> <p>Family Hirundinidae</p>	A	<p>Red-rumped Swallow <i>Cecropis daurica</i> (Laxmann)^{1,3} SM HB <i>rufula</i> (Temminck).¹ V <i>daurica</i>[†] (Laxmann) or <i>japonica</i>[†] (Temminck & Schlegel). One record: adult, Nearhouse, Sanday, Orkney and Talisker Bay, Skye, Highland, June 2011.⁹ Hybrid pairing with House Martin.</p>	A
<p>Sand Martin <i>Riparia riparia</i> (Linnaeus) MB PM <i>riparia</i> (Linnaeus).</p>	A	<p>American Cliff Swallow[†] <i>Petrochelidon pyrrhonota</i> (Vieillot)¹ First record: first-calendar-year, St. Agnes, Isles of Scilly, October 1983. Nine individuals. V subspecies undetermined, but likely to have been nominate <i>pyrrhonota</i> (Vieillot).</p> <p>Family Cettiidae</p>	A
<p>Tree Swallow[†] <i>Tachycineta bicolor</i> (Vieillot)¹ First record: St. Mary's, Isles of Scilly, June 1990. Two individuals. V monotypic.</p>	A	<p>Cetti's Warbler <i>Cettia cetti</i> (Temminck) RB PM <i>cetti</i> (Temminck).</p> <p>Family Aegithalidae</p>	A
<p>Purple Martin[†] <i>Progne subis</i> (Linnaeus) One record: Butt of Lewis (Rubha Robhanais), Isle of Lewis (Eilean Leòdhais), Outer Hebrides, September 2004. V subspecies undetermined, but likely to have been nominate <i>subis</i> (Linnaeus).¹⁵</p>	A	<p>Long-tailed Tit <i>Aegithalos caudatus</i> (Linnaeus)⁹</p>	A

- V caudatus*[†] (Linnaeus). 32 individuals. First record: Tynemouth, Northumberland, November 1852. RB *rosaceus* Mathews.
- Family Phylloscopidae
- Willow Warbler** A
Phylloscopus trochilus (Linnaeus)
MB PM *trochilus* (Linnaeus)
PM *acredula* (Linnaeus).
- Chiffchaff** A
Common Chiffchaff
Phylloscopus collybita (Vieillot)
PM *abietinus* (Nilsson)
MB PM WM *collybita* (Vieillot)
SM WM *tristis* Blyth.
- Iberian Chiffchaff**[†] A
Phylloscopus ibericus Ticehurst
First record: Brent Reservoir, Greater London, June 1972.
47 individuals.
CB V monotypic.
- Western Bonelli's Warbler**[†] A
Phylloscopus bonelli (Vieillot)
First record: female, Skokholm Island, Pembrokeshire (Sir Benfro), August 1948.
V monotypic.
[There have been 80 further records of Bonelli's Warblers not identified to species.]
- Eastern Bonelli's Warbler**[†] A
Phylloscopus orientalis (C.L.Brehm)
First record: first-calendar-year, St. Mary's, Isles of Scilly, September to October 1987.
Seven individuals.
V monotypic.
- Wood Warbler** A
Phylloscopus sibilatrix (Bechstein)
MB PM monotypic.
- Dusky Warbler** A
Phylloscopus fuscatus (Blyth)
SM *fuscatus* (Blyth).
- Radde's Warbler** A
Phylloscopus schwarzi (Radde)
SM monotypic.
- Pallas's Warbler** A
Pallas's Leaf Warbler
Phylloscopus proregulus (Pallas)
SM monotypic.
- Yellow-browed Warbler** A
Phylloscopus inornatus (Blyth)
PM WM monotypic.
- Hume's Warbler**[†] A
Hume's Leaf Warbler
Phylloscopus humei (W.E. Brooks)
First record: Beachy Head, East Sussex, November 1966.
V *humei* (W.E. Brooks).
- Arctic Warbler**[†] A
Phylloscopus borealis (J.H. Blasius)
First record: male, Sule Skerry Lighthouse, Orkney, September 1902, now at National Museums Scotland (NMS.Z 1902.115).
V subspecies undetermined, but likely to have been nominate *borealis* (J.H. Blasius).^{1,15}
- Green Warbler**[†] A
Phylloscopus nitidus Blyth⁴
One record: first-calendar-year, St. Mary's, Isles of Scilly, September to October 1983.
V monotypic.
- Greenish Warbler**^{4,15} A
Phylloscopus trochiloides (Sundevall)
SM *viridamus* Blyth.
- Two-barred Greenish Warbler**[†] A
Two-barred Warbler
Phylloscopus plumbeitarsus Swinhoe¹⁵
First record: first-calendar-year, Gugh, Isles of Scilly, October 1987.
Four individuals.
V monotypic.

<p>Pale-legged Leaf Warbler[†] <i>Phylloscopus tenellipes</i> Swinhoe¹⁵ One record: male, first-calendar-year, St Agnes, Isles of Scilly, October 2016. V monotypic. [There has been one further record identified as this species or Sakhalin Leaf Warbler <i>Phylloscopus borealoides</i> Portenko: Southwell, Portland, Dorset, October 2012.¹⁰]</p>	A	<p>Blyth's Reed Warbler A <i>Acrocephalus dumetorum</i> Blyth SM monotypic.</p>
<p>Eastern Crowned Warbler[†] <i>Phylloscopus coronatus</i> (Temminck & Schlegel)⁶ First record: first-calendar-year, Trow Quarry, South Shields, Co. Durham, October 2009. Three individuals. V monotypic.</p>	A	<p>Reed Warbler A Eurasian Reed Warbler <i>Acrocephalus scirpaceus</i> (Hermann) MB PM <i>scirpaceus</i> (Hermann) V <i>fuscus</i>[†] (Hemprich & Ehrenberg). Two individuals. First record: first- calendar-year, Jenny Brown's Point, Silverdale, Lancashire and North Merseyside, December 2011, now at at National Museums Liverpool (LIV.2014.50).¹⁴</p>
<p>Family Acrocephalidae</p>		<p>Marsh Warbler A <i>Acrocephalus palustris</i> (Bechstein) MB SM monotypic.</p>
<p>Great Reed Warbler[†] <i>Acrocephalus arundinaceus</i> (Linnaeus) First record: near Swalwell, Newcastle-upon-Tyne, Co. Durham, May 1847, now at Hancock Museum, Newcastle-upon-Tyne (NEWHM:2006.H1261). V <i>arundinaceus</i> (Linnaeus).</p>	A	<p>Thick-billed Warbler[†] A <i>Iduna aedon</i> (Pallas) First record: Fair Isle, Shetland, October 1955. Six individuals. V subspecies undetermined, but likely to have been nominate <i>aedon</i> (Pallas).¹⁵</p>
<p>Aquatic Warbler[†] <i>Acrocephalus paludicola</i> (Vieillot) V monotypic.</p>	A	<p>Booted Warbler[†] A <i>Iduna caligata</i> (M.H.K. Lichtenstein) First record: female, Fair Isle, Shetland, September 1936, now at National Museums Scotland (NMS.Z 1936.93.1). V monotypic.</p>
<p>Sedge Warbler A <i>Acrocephalus schoenobaenus</i> (Linnaeus) MB PM monotypic.</p>	A	<p>Sykes's Warbler[†] A <i>Iduna rama</i> (Sykes) First record: Fair Isle, Shetland, August 1959. 17 individuals. V monotypic.</p>
<p>Paddyfield Warbler[†] <i>Acrocephalus agricola</i> (Jerdon) First record: male, Fair Isle, Shetland, September to October 1925, now at National Museums Scotland (NMS.Z 1925.167). V subspecies undetermined, but likely to have been <i>septimus</i> Gavrilenko.¹⁵</p>	A	<p>Eastern Olivaceous Warbler[†] A <i>Iduna pallida</i> (Hemprich & Ehrenberg)</p>

First record: Isle of May, Fife, 1967,
now at National Museums Scotland
(NMS.Z 1968.73).
20 individuals.
V *elaeica* (Lindermayer).

Olive-tree Warbler[†]

Hippolais olivetorum (Strickland)³
One record: Boddam, Mainland,
Shetland, August 2006.
V monotypic.

Melodious Warbler

Hippolais polyglotta (Vieillot)
SM monotypic.

Icterine Warbler

Hippolais icterina (Vieillot)
CB SM monotypic.

Family Locustellidae

Grasshopper Warbler

Common Grasshopper Warbler
Locustella naevia (Boddaert)
MB PM *naevia* (Boddaert)
V *straminea*[†] Seebohm.^{10,15} One
record: first-calendar-year, Fair Isle,
Shetland, September 2012.

River Warbler[†]

Locustella fluviatilis (Wolf)
First record: first-calendar-year, Fair
Isle, Shetland, September 1961.
44 individuals.
V monotypic.

Savi's Warbler[†]

Locustella luscinioides (Savi)
FB CB SM *luscinioides* (Savi).

Lanceolated Warbler[†]

Locustella lanceolata (Temminck)
First record: first-calendar-year, Fair
Isle, Shetland, September 1908.
V subspecies undetermined, but likely
to have been nominate *lanceolata*
(Temminck).¹⁵

Pallas's Grasshopper Warbler[†]

Locustella certhiola (Pallas)
First record: first-calendar-year, Fair
Isle, Shetland, October 1949.
54 individuals.
V *rubescens* Blyth.

Family Cisticolidae

Fan-tailed Warbler[†]

Zitting Cisticola
Cisticola juncidis (Rafinesque)
First record: Cley next the Sea,
Norfolk, August 1976.
Eight individuals.
V subspecies undetermined.

Family Sylviidae

Blackcap

Eurasian Blackcap
Sylvia atricapilla (Linnaeus)
MB PM WM *atricapilla* (Linnaeus).

Garden Warbler

Sylvia borin (Boddaert)
MB PM *borin* (Boddaert).

Barred Warbler

Sylvia nisoria (Bechstein)
SM *nisoria* (Bechstein).

Lesser Whitethroat

Sylvia curruca (Linnaeus)
MB PM *curruca* (Linnaeus)
SM *blythi* Ticehurst & Whistler.

Western Orphean Warbler[†]

Sylvia hortensis (J.F. Gmelin)¹⁵
First record: possible male, first-
calendar-year, trapped, Portland,
Dorset, September 1955.¹
Three individuals.
V *hortensis* (J.F. Gmelin).¹
[There have been four further records
of Orphean Warblers not identified to
species.]

<p>Asian Desert Warbler[†] <i>Sylvia nana</i> (Hemprich & Ehrenberg)¹⁵ First record: Portland, Dorset, December 1970 to January 1971. 12 individuals. V monotypic.</p>	A	<p>Moltoni's Subalpine Warbler[†] A</p> <p>Moltoni's Warbler <i>Sylvia subalpina</i> Temminck¹¹ First record: male, Hirta, St Kilda, Outer Hebrides, June 1894, now at Natural History Museum, Tring (NHMUK 1901.1.4.1).⁹ Eight individuals. V monotypic.</p>
<p>Whitethroat Common Whitethroat <i>Sylvia communis</i> Latham MB PM <i>communis</i> Latham.</p>	A	<p>Sardinian Warbler[†] A</p> <p><i>Sylvia melanocephala</i> (J.F. Gmelin) First record: male, adult, Lundy, Devon, May 1955. 79 individuals. V <i>melanocephala</i> (J.F. Gmelin).</p>
<p>Dartford Warbler <i>Sylvia undata</i> (Boddaert) RB <i>dartfordiensis</i> Latham.</p>	A	<p>Rüppell's Warbler[†] A</p> <p><i>Sylvia ruppeli</i> Temminck¹⁵ First record: male, adult, near Boddam, Mainland, Shetland, August to September 1977. Five individuals. V monotypic.</p>
<p>Marmora's Warbler[†] <i>Sylvia sarda</i> Temminck⁸ First record: male, Mickleden Edge, Langsett, South Yorkshire, May to July 1982. Six individuals. V monotypic.</p>	A	<p>Family Regulidae</p> <p>Firecrest A</p> <p>Common Firecrest <i>Regulus ignicapilla</i> (Temminck) MB RB PM WM <i>ignicapilla</i> (Temminck).</p>
<p>Spectacled Warbler[†] <i>Sylvia conspicillata</i> Temminck First record: male, Filey, North Yorkshire, May 1992. Eight individuals. V subspecies undetermined, but likely to have been nominate <i>conspicillata</i> Temminck.</p>	A	<p>Goldcrest A</p> <p><i>Regulus regulus</i> (Linnaeus) RB PM WM <i>regulus</i> (Linnaeus).</p> <p>Family Troglodytidae</p>
<p>Subalpine Warbler <i>Sylvia cantillans</i> (Pallas) V <i>cantillans</i>[†] (Pallas). One record: male, second-calendar-year, Fair Isle, Shetland, May 2014.¹⁴ V <i>albistriata</i>[†] (C.L. Brehm). Five individuals. First record: male, adult, Fair Isle, Shetland, May 1908, now at National Museums Scotland (NMS.Z 1908.94.17).⁹ V <i>iberiae</i>[†] Svensson or <i>inornata</i>[†] Tschusi. Three individuals. First record: male, adult, Isle of May, Fife, May 1924, now at National Museums Scotland (NMS.Z 1925.35).^{9,15}</p>	A	<p>Wren A</p> <p>Eurasian Wren <i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i> (Linnaeus) RB <i>zetlandicus</i> Hartert RB <i>fridariensis</i> Williamson RB <i>hirtensis</i> Seebohm RB <i>hebridensis</i> R. Meinertzhagen RB <i>indigenus</i> Clancey WM PM <i>troglodytes</i> (Linnaeus).</p>

Family Sittidae		One record: South Stack (Ynys Lawd), Holy Island (Ynys Gybi), Anglesey (Ynys Môn), October 2001. V monotypic.	
Nuthatch	A		
Eurasian Nuthatch <i>Sitta europaea</i> Linnaeus RB <i>caesia</i> Wolf.			
Red-breasted Nuthatch [†]	A	First record: Saltash, Cornwall, August 1982. Two individuals. V subspecies undetermined, but likely to have been nominate <i>polyglottos</i> (Linnaeus). ¹⁵	AE
<i>Sitta canadensis</i> Linnaeus One record: male, first/second-calendar-year, Holkham, Norfolk, October 1989 to May 1990. V monotypic.			
Family Tichodromidae			
Wallcreeper [†]	A	One record: Durlston Head, Dorset, November 1966 to February 1967. V <i>rufum</i> (Linnaeus).	A
<i>Tichodroma muraria</i> (Linnaeus) First record: Stratton Strawless, Norfolk, October 1792. Six old records; four individuals since January 1950. V subspecies undetermined, but likely to have been nominate <i>muraria</i> (Linnaeus).			
Family Certhiidae			
Treecreeper	A		
Eurasian Treecreeper <i>Certhia familiaris</i> Linnaeus RB <i>britannica</i> Ridgway V <i>familiaris</i> [†] Linnaeus. ¹⁵ 12 individuals. First record: Duns, Borders, September 1899, now at Hancock Museum, Newcastle-upon-Tyne (NEWHM:2006.H1395).			
Short-toed Treecreeper [†]	A	10 individuals. V subspecies undetermined.	
<i>Certhia brachydactyla</i> C.L. Brehm First record: Dungeness, Kent, September 1969. 30 individuals. V subspecies undetermined.			
Family Mimidae			
Grey Catbird [†]	A	84 individuals. V <i>aurea</i> (Holandre).	
<i>Dumetella carolinensis</i> (Linnaeus)			
		Northern Mockingbird [†] <i>Mimus polyglottos</i> (Linnaeus)	AE
		Brown Thrasher [†] <i>Toxostoma rufum</i> (Linnaeus)	A
		Family Sturnidae	
		Rose-coloured Starling Rosy Starling <i>Pastor roseus</i> (Linnaeus) SM monotypic.	AE
		Starling Common Starling <i>Sturnus vulgaris</i> Linnaeus RB WM PM <i>vulgaris</i> Linnaeus RB <i>zetlandicus</i> Hartert.	A
		Family Turdidae	
		Siberian Thrush [†] <i>Geokichla sibirica</i> (Pallas) First record: male, adult, Isle of May, Fife, October 1954. 10 individuals. V subspecies undetermined.	AE
		White's Thrush [†] <i>Zoothera aurea</i> (Holandre) ¹⁵ First record: male, near Christchurch, Dorset (formerly Hampshire), January 1828.	A

<p>Varied Thrush[†] <i>Ixoreus naevius</i> (J.F. Gmelin) One record: probable male, first-calendar-year, grey-white morph, Nanquidno, Cornwall, November 1982. V subspecies undetermined.³</p>	A	<p>Ring Ouzel <i>Turdus torquatus</i> Linnaeus MB PM <i>torquatus</i> Linnaeus.</p>	A
<p>Veery[†] <i>Catharus fuscescens</i> (Stephens) First record: first-calendar-year, Porthgwarra, Cornwall, October 1970. 11 individuals. V subspecies undetermined, but likely to have been nominate <i>fuscescens</i> (Stephens) or <i>fuliginosus</i> (Howe).¹⁵</p>	A	<p>Blackbird Common Blackbird <i>Turdus merula</i> Linnaeus RB MB PM WM <i>merula</i> Linnaeus.</p>	A
<p>Grey-cheeked Thrush[†] <i>Catharus minimus</i> (Lafresnaye) First record: first-calendar-year, Fair Isle, Shetland, October 1953. 63 individuals. V subspecies undetermined.</p>	A	<p>Black-throated Thrush[†] <i>Turdus atrogularis</i> Jarocki⁴ First record: male, near Lewes, East Sussex, December 1868, now at Booth Museum, Brighton (BoMNH 000102). 74 individuals. V monotypic.</p>	A
<p>Swainson's Thrush[†] <i>Catharus ustulatus</i> (Nuttall) First record: Skokholm Island, Pembrokeshire (Sir Benfro), October 1967. 36 individuals. V subspecies undetermined, but likely to have been <i>swainsoni</i> (Tschudi) or <i>appalachiensis</i> Ramos.^{1,15}</p>	A	<p>Red-throated Thrush[†] <i>Turdus ruficollis</i> Pallas⁴ One record: male, first-calendar-year, The Naze, Essex, September to October 1994. V monotypic.</p>	A
<p>Hermit Thrush[†] <i>Catharus guttatus</i> (Pallas) First record: Fair Isle, Shetland, June 1975. 11 individuals. V subspecies undetermined, but likely to have been <i>faxoni</i> (Bangs & T.E. Penard).¹⁵</p>	A	<p>Naumann's Thrush[†] <i>Turdus naumanni</i> Temminck⁴ First record: male, Woodford Green, Greater London, January to March 1990. Two individuals. V monotypic.</p>	A
<p>Wood Thrush[†] <i>Hylocichla mustelina</i> (J.F. Gmelin) One record: first-calendar-year, St. Agnes, Isles of Scilly, October 1987. V monotypic.</p>	A	<p>Dusky Thrush[†] <i>Turdus eunomus</i> Temminck⁴ First record: near Gunthorpe, Nottinghamshire, October 1905. 11 individuals. V monotypic.</p>	A

Fieldfare <i>Turdus pilaris</i> Linnaeus CB WM PM monotypic.	A	Siberian Blue Robin [†] <i>Larvivora cyane</i> (Pallas) First record: female, adult or first-calendar-year, Minsmere, Suffolk, October 2000. Three individuals. V subspecies undetermined, but likely to have been <i>bochaiensis</i> Shulpin. ¹⁵	A
Redwing <i>Turdus iliacus</i> Linnaeus CB WM PM <i>coburni</i> Sharpe MB RB WM PM <i>iliacus</i> Linnaeus.	A	Rufous-tailed Robin [†] <i>Larvivora sibilans</i> (Swinhoe) First record: first-calendar-year, Fair Isle, Shetland, October 2004. Three individuals. V monotypic.	A
Song Thrush <i>Turdus philomelos</i> C.L. Brehm RB MB <i>hebridensis</i> W.E. Clarke RB MB PM WM <i>clarkei</i> Hartert PM WM <i>philomelos</i> C.L. Brehm.	A	Bluethroat <i>Luscinia svecica</i> (Linnaeus) CB SM <i>svecica</i> (Linnaeus) SM <i>cyaneacula</i> (Meisner).	A
Mistle Thrush <i>Turdus viscivorus</i> Linnaeus RB MB PM WM <i>viscivorus</i> Linnaeus.	A	Thrush Nightingale [†] <i>Luscinia luscinia</i> (Linnaeus) First record: male, Fair Isle, Shetland, May 1911, now at National Museums Scotland (NMS.Z 1912.38.39). V monotypic.	A
American Robin [†] <i>Turdus migratorius</i> Linnaeus First record: first-calendar-year, Lundy, Devon, October to November 1952. 27 individuals. V <i>migratorius</i> Linnaeus.	AE		
Family Muscicapidae			
Rufous-tailed Scrub Robin [†] <i>Cercotrichas galactotes</i> (Temminck) ¹⁵ First record: male, Plumpton Bostall, East Sussex, September 1854. Eight individuals. V <i>galactotes</i> (Temminck). ¹	A	Nightingale Common Nightingale <i>Luscinia megarhynchos</i> C.L. Brehm MB PM <i>megarhynchos</i> C.L. Brehm V <i>golzii</i> [†] Cabanis. Three individuals. First record: Fair Isle, Shetland, October 1971.	A
Spotted Flycatcher <i>Muscicapa striata</i> (Pallas) MB PM <i>striata</i> (Pallas).	A	White-throated Robin [†] <i>Irania gutturalis</i> (Guérin-Méneville) First record: female, Skokholm Island, Pembrokeshire (Sir Benfro), May 1990. Three individuals. ⁹ V monotypic.	A
Asian Brown Flycatcher [†] <i>Muscicapa dauurica</i> Pallas ^{5,15} First record: Fair Isle, Shetland, July 1992. Four individuals. V <i>dauurica</i> Pallas.	A	Siberian Rubythroat [†] <i>Calliope calliope</i> (Pallas) First record: male, first-calendar-year, Fair Isle, Shetland, October 1975. 12 individuals.	A
Robin European Robin <i>Erithacus rubecula</i> (Linnaeus) RB MB <i>melophilus</i> Hartert PM WM <i>rubecula</i> (Linnaeus).	A		

V subspecies undetermined, but likely to have been nominate <i>calliope</i> (Pallas). ¹⁵		Moussier's Redstart [†] <i>Phoenicurus moussieri</i> (Olphe-Galliard) One record: male, adult, Dinas Head, Pembrokeshire (Sir Benfro), April 1988. V monotypic.	A
Red-flanked Bluetail <i>Tarsiger cyanurus</i> (Pallas) SM monotypic.	AE		
Pied Flycatcher European Pied Flycatcher <i>Ficedula hypoleuca</i> (Pallas) MB PM <i>hypoleuca</i> (Pallas) V <i>sibirica</i> [†] (Khakhlov). One record: trapped, Filey, North Yorkshire, September 1996. ⁶	A	Rock Thrush [†] Common Rock Thrush <i>Monticola saxatilis</i> (Linnaeus) First record: male, Therfield, Hertfordshire, May 1843. 28 individuals. V monotypic.	A
Collared Flycatcher [†] <i>Ficedula albicollis</i> (Temminck) First record: male, adult, Whalsay, Shetland, May 1947, now at Shetland Museum, Lerwick (A58-2001). 46 individuals. V monotypic.	A	Blue Rock Thrush [†] <i>Monticola solitarius</i> (Linnaeus) First record: male, second-calendar-year, Skerryvore Lighthouse, Argyll and Bute, June 1985, now at Natural History Museum, Tring (NHMUK 1986.2.4). Six individuals. V subspecies undetermined.	AE
Red-breasted Flycatcher <i>Ficedula parva</i> (Bechstein) SM monotypic.	A	Whinchat <i>Saxicola rubetra</i> (Linnaeus) MB PM monotypic.	A
Taiga Flycatcher [†] <i>Ficedula albicilla</i> (Pallas) ¹ First record: male, Flamborough, East Yorkshire, April 2003. Three individuals. V monotypic.	A	Stonechat European Stonechat <i>Saxicola rubicola</i> (Linnaeus) ⁹ RB MB <i>hibermans</i> (Hartert).	A
Black Redstart <i>Phoenicurus ochruros</i> (S.G. Gmelin) MB RB PM WM <i>gibraltariensis</i> (J.F. Gmelin) V <i>phoenicuroides</i> [†] (F. Moore) or <i>rufiventris</i> [†] (Vieillot). ^{10,15} Six individuals. First record: Dungeness, Kent, November 1981.	A	Siberian Stonechat [†] <i>Saxicola maurus</i> (Pallas) ¹⁵ V <i>hemprichii</i> Ehrenberg. Five individuals. First record: Porthgwarra, Cornwall, October 1985. V <i>maurus</i> (Pallas). First record: female, Isle of May, Fife, October 1913, now at National Museums Scotland (NMS.Z 1913.239.2). ⁸	A
Redstart Common Redstart <i>Phoenicurus phoenicurus</i> (Linnaeus) ⁷ MB PM <i>phoenicurus</i> (Linnaeus).	A	Stejneger's Stonechat [†] <i>Saxicola stejnegeri</i> (Parrot) ^{10,15} One record: male, first-calendar-year, Portland Bill, Dorset, October 2012. V monotypic.	A

<p>Wheatear Northern Wheatear <i>Oenanthe oenanthe</i> (Linnaeus) PM <i>leucorhoa</i> (J.F. Gmelin) MB PM <i>oenanthe</i> (Linnaeus).</p>	A	<p>White-crowned Black Wheatear[†] White-crowned Wheatear <i>Oenanthe leucopyga</i> (C.L. Brehm) One record: male, probable second- calendar-year, Kessingland, Suffolk, June 1982. V subspecies undetermined.</p>	A
<p>Isabelline Wheatear[†] <i>Oenanthe isabellina</i> (Temminck) First record: Allonby, Cumbria, November 1887, deposited at Natural History Museum, Tring (NHMUK 1888.11.16.1), but no longer present. 34 individuals. V monotypic.</p>	A	<p>Family Cinclidae</p> <p>Dipper White-throated Dipper <i>Cinclus cinclus</i> (Linnaeus) RB <i>hibernicus</i> Hartert RB <i>gularis</i> (Latham) V <i>cinclus</i>[†] (Linnaeus). 28 individuals. First record: Spiggie, Mainland, Shetland, November 1898.</p>	A
<p>Desert Wheatear[†] <i>Oenanthe deserti</i> (Temminck) First record: male, Gartmorn Dam, near Alloa, Clackmannanshire, November 1880. V <i>homochroa</i> (Tristram). Four individuals. First record: female, Spurn, East Yorkshire, October 1885. V <i>deserti</i> (Temminck). Four individuals. First record: male, Pentland Skerries, Orkney, June 1906, now at National Museums Scotland (NMS.Z 1906.50).</p>	A	<p>Family Passeridae</p> <p>House Sparrow <i>Passer domesticus</i> (Linnaeus) RB <i>domesticus</i> (Linnaeus).</p>	A
<p>Black-eared Wheatear[†] <i>Oenanthe hispanica</i> (Linnaeus) First record: male, adult, near Bury, Greater Manchester (formerly Lancashire), May 1875 or 1878. 59 individuals. V <i>hispanica</i> (Linnaeus). 21 individuals. First record: male, Spurn, East Yorkshire, September 1892. V <i>melanoleuca</i> (Güldenstädt). 15 individuals. First record: male, Burnage, Greater Manchester (formerly Lancashire), March 1915.</p>	A	<p>Spanish Sparrow[†] <i>Passer hispaniolensis</i> (Temminck) First record: male, Lundy, Devon, June 1966. 10 individuals. V subspecies undetermined, but likely to have been nominate <i>hispaniolensis</i> (Temminck).</p>	A
<p>Pied Wheatear[†] <i>Oenanthe pleschanka</i> (Lepechin) First record: male, first-calendar-year, 'vittata' form, Isle of May, Fife, October 1909, now at National Museums Scotland (NMS.Z 1910.9). 75 individuals. V monotypic.</p>	A	<p>Tree Sparrow Eurasian Tree Sparrow <i>Passer montanus</i> (Linnaeus) RB PM <i>montanus</i> (Linnaeus).</p> <p>Rock Sparrow[†] <i>Petronia petronia</i> (Linnaeus) One record: Cley next the Sea, Norfolk, June 1981. V subspecies undetermined.</p>	A
		<p>Family Prunellidae</p> <p>Alpine Accentor[†] <i>Prunella collaris</i> (Scopoli) First record: near Walthamstow, Greater London (formerly Essex), August 1817.</p>	A

36 individuals. <i>V collaris</i> (Scopoli).		Pied Wagtail	A
Siberian Accentor [†] <i>Prunella montanella</i> (Pallas) ¹⁴ One record: Mossy Hill, Scousburgh, Mainland, Shetland, October 2016. V subspecies undetermined, but likely to have been nominate <i>montanella</i> (Pallas).	A	White Wagtail <i>Motacilla alba</i> Linnaeus MB RB <i>yarrellii</i> Gould CB PM <i>alba</i> Linnaeus V <i>leucopsis</i> [†] Gould. One record: male, Seaham, Co. Durham, April 2005. ⁵	
Dunnock <i>Prunella modularis</i> (Linnaeus) RB <i>hebridium</i> R. Meinertzhagen RB <i>occidentalis</i> (Hartert) PM WM <i>modularis</i> (Linnaeus).	A	Richard's Pipit <i>Anthus richardi</i> Vieillot SM monotypic.	A
Family Motacillidae		Blyth's Pipit [†] <i>Anthus godlewskii</i> (Taczanowski) First record: Brighton, East Sussex, October 1882, now at Natural History Museum, Tring (NHMUK 83.10.10.1). 28 individuals. V monotypic.	A
Yellow Wagtail ^{2,5,15} Western Yellow Wagtail <i>Motacilla flava</i> Linnaeus MB PM <i>flavissima</i> (Blyth) CB PM <i>flava</i> Linnaeus V <i>iberiae</i> [†] Hartert. One record: male, second-calendar-year, Filey, North Yorkshire, April 2015. ¹⁴ V <i>cinereocapilla</i> [†] Savi. Six individuals. First record: Cornwall, 1860. V <i>feldegg</i> [†] Michahelles. 19 individuals. First record: male, Fair Isle, Shetland, May 1970. CB PM <i>thunbergi</i> Billberg.	A	Tawny Pipit [†] <i>Anthus campestris</i> (Linnaeus) V monotypic. ¹⁵	A
Eastern Yellow Wagtail [†] <i>Motacilla tschutschensis</i> J.F. Gmelin ^{8,15} V subspecies undetermined. Three individuals. First record: female, Fair Isle, Shetland, October 1909, now at National Museums Scotland (NMS.Z 1910.132.15).	A	Meadow Pipit <i>Anthus pratensis</i> (Linnaeus) MB RB PM WM monotypic. ^{4,15}	A
Citrine Wagtail <i>Motacilla citreola</i> Pallas SM <i>citreola</i> Pallas. ¹⁵	A	Tree Pipit <i>Anthus trivialis</i> (Linnaeus) MB PM <i>trivialis</i> (Linnaeus).	A
Grey Wagtail <i>Motacilla cinerea</i> Tunstall RB PM <i>cinerea</i> Tunstall.	A	Olive-backed Pipit <i>Anthus hodgsoni</i> Richmond SM <i>yunnanensis</i> Uchida & Kuroda.	A
		Pechora Pipit [†] <i>Anthus gustavi</i> Swinhoe First record: male, Fair Isle, Shetland, September 1925, now at National Museums Scotland (NMS.Z 1925.166). V <i>gustavi</i> Swinhoe.	A
		Red-throated Pipit [†] <i>Anthus cervinus</i> (Pallas)	A

First record: Fair Isle, Shetland, October 1908, now at National Museums Scotland (NMS.Z 1909.222.35).
V monotypic.

Buff-bellied Pipit[†]

Anthus rubescens (Tunstall)
First record: male, first-calendar-year, St Kilda, Outer Hebrides, September 1910, now at National Museums Scotland (NMS.Z 1910.165.31).
43 individuals.
V *rubescens* (Tunstall).

Water Pipit

Anthus spinoletta (Linnaeus)
PM WM *spinoletta* (Linnaeus).

Rock Pipit

Eurasian Rock Pipit
Anthus petrosus (Montagu)
RB *petrosus* (Montagu)
PM WM *littoralis* C.L. Brehm.

Family Fringillidae

Chaffinch

Common Chaffinch
Fringilla coelebs Linnaeus
RB *gengleri* O. Kleinschmidt
WM PM *coelebs* Linnaeus.

Brambling

Fringilla montifringilla Linnaeus
CB WM PM monotypic.

Evening Grosbeak[†]

Hesperiphona vespertina (W. Cooper)
First record: male, adult, Hirta, St Kilda, Outer Hebrides, March 1969.
Two individuals.
V subspecies undetermined, but likely to have been nominate *vespertina* (W. Cooper).

Hawfinch

Coccothraustes coccothraustes (Linnaeus)
RB PM *coccothraustes* (Linnaeus).

Pine Grosbeak[†]

Pinicola enucleator (Linnaeus)
First record: female, Pelaw, Co. Durham, pre-1831.
12 individuals.
V *enucleator* (Linnaeus).

Bullfinch

Eurasian Bullfinch
Pyrrhula pyrrhula (Linnaeus)
RB *pileata* W. MacGillivray
SM *pyrrhula* (Linnaeus).

Trumpeter Finch[†]

Bucanetes githagineus (M.H.K. Lichtenstein)
First record: male, second-calendar-year, Minsmere, Suffolk, May to June 1971.
16 individuals.
V subspecies undetermined.

Common Rosefinch

Carpodacus erythrinus (Pallas)
CB SM *erythrinus* (Pallas).

Greenfinch

European Greenfinch
Chloris chloris (Linnaeus)
RB WM *chloris* (Linnaeus).

Twite

Linaria flavirostris (Linnaeus)¹⁵
RB MB *pipilans* (Latham)
WM *flavirostris* (Linnaeus).

Linnet

Common Linnet
Linaria cannabina (Linnaeus)^{1,15}
MB RB *autochthona* (Clancey)
MB RB WM PM *cannabina* (Linnaeus).

Common Redpoll^{1,8}

Acanthis flammea (Linnaeus)
CB WM PM *flammea* (Linnaeus)
CB SM *rostrata* (Coues).

Lesser Redpoll

Acanthis cabaret (P.L. Stadius Müller)

RB MB monotypic.		Siskin ¹⁵	A
Arctic Redpoll ¹⁵	A	Eurasian Siskin <i>Spinus spinus</i> (Linnaeus) RB WM PM monotypic.	
<i>Acanthis hornemanni</i> (Holböll) <i>V exilipes</i> [†] (Coues). First record: Easington, East Yorkshire, winter 1893/94.		Family Parulidae	
<i>V hornemanni</i> [†] (Holböll). First record: near Whitburn, Co. Durham, April 1855, now at Hancock Museum, Newcastle-upon-Tyne (NEWHM:2003.H2542).		Ovenbird [†]	A
Parrot Crossbill	A	<i>Seiurus aurocapilla</i> (Linnaeus) First record: Out Skerries, Shetland, October 1973. Six individuals. <i>V aurocapilla</i> (Linnaeus).	
<i>Loxia pytyopsittacus</i> von Borkhausen CB SM monotypic.		Northern Waterthrush [†]	A
Scottish Crossbill	A	<i>Parkesia noveboracensis</i> (J.F. Gmelin) First record: first-calendar-year, St. Agnes, Isles of Scilly, September to October 1958. Seven individuals. <i>V</i> monotypic.	
<i>Loxia scotica</i> Hartert RB monotypic.		Golden-winged Warbler [†]	A
Crossbill	A	<i>Vermivora chrysoptera</i> (Linnaeus) One record: Maidstone, Kent, January to April 1989. <i>V</i> monotypic.	
Red Crossbill		Black-and-white Warbler [†]	A
<i>Loxia curvirostra</i> Linnaeus RB MB WM PM <i>curvirostra</i> Linnaeus.		<i>Mniotilta varia</i> (Linnaeus) First record: male, first-calendar-year, Scalloway, Mainland, Shetland, October 1936, now at National Museums Scotland (NMS.Z 1936.84). 14 individuals. <i>V</i> monotypic.	
Two-barred Crossbill [†]	A	Tennessee Warbler [†]	A
<i>Loxia leucoptera</i> J.F. Gmelin First record: female, Cambeckhill Woods, near Brampton, Cumbria, November 1845. ¹ <i>V bifasciata</i> (C.L. Brehm).		<i>Leiothlypis peregrina</i> (A. Wilson) ¹⁵ First record: first-calendar-year, Fair Isle, Shetland, September 1975. Four individuals. <i>V</i> monotypic.	
Goldfinch	A	Common Yellowthroat [†]	A
European Goldfinch <i>Carduelis carduelis</i> (Linnaeus) MB RB <i>britannica</i> (Hartert).		<i>Geothlypis trichas</i> (Linnaeus) First record: male, first-calendar-year, Lundy, Devon, November 1954. 10 individuals. <i>V</i> subspecies undetermined.	
Citrel Finch [†]	A		
<i>Carduelis citrinella</i> (Pallas) ⁶ First record: male, adult, Fair Isle, Shetland, June 2008. Two individuals. <i>V</i> monotypic.			
Serin	A		
European Serin <i>Serinus serinus</i> (Linnaeus) CB SM monotypic.			

Hooded Warbler [†] <i>Setophaga citrina</i> (Boddaert) First record: female, St. Agnes, Isles of Scilly, September 1970. Two individuals. V monotypic.	A	Yellow Warbler [†] American Yellow Warbler <i>Setophaga aestiva</i> (J.F. Gmelin) ^{1,15} First record: male, first-calendar-year, Bardsey Island (Ynys Enlli), Gwynedd (then Caernarfonshire), August 1964. Five individuals. V <i>aestiva</i> (J.F. Gmelin).	A
American Redstart [†] <i>Setophaga ruticilla</i> (Linnaeus) First record: male, first-calendar-year, Porthgwarra, Cornwall, October 1967. Five individuals. V monotypic.	AE	Chestnut-sided Warbler [†] <i>Setophaga pensylvanica</i> (Linnaeus) First record: Fetlar, Shetland, September 1985. Two individuals. V monotypic.	A
Cape May Warbler [†] <i>Setophaga tigrina</i> (J.F. Gmelin) First record: male, Paisley Glen, Renfrewshire, June 1977. Two individuals. V monotypic.	A	Blackpoll Warbler [†] <i>Setophaga striata</i> (J.R. Forster) First record: St. Agnes, Isles of Scilly, October 1968. 47 individuals. V monotypic.	AE
Northern Parula [†] <i>Setophaga americana</i> (Linnaeus) First record: Tresco, Isles of Scilly, October 1966. 15 individuals. V monotypic.	AE	Yellow-rumped Warbler [†] Myrtle Warbler <i>Setophaga coronata</i> (Linnaeus) First record: male, Newton St. Cyres, Devon, January to February 1955, now at Royal Albert Memorial Museum, Exeter (EXEMS:14/1955). 21 individuals. V subspecies undetermined, but likely to have been nominate <i>coronata</i> (Linnaeus).	A
Magnolia Warbler [†] <i>Setophaga magnolia</i> (A. Wilson) First record: St. Agnes, Isles of Scilly, September 1981. Two individuals. V monotypic.	AE	Wilson's Warbler [†] <i>Cardellina pusilla</i> (A. Wilson) First record: male, Rame Head, Cornwall, October 1985. Two individuals. V subspecies undetermined, but likely to have been nominate <i>pusilla</i> (A. Wilson). ¹⁵	A
Bay-breasted Warbler [†] <i>Setophaga castanea</i> (A. Wilson) One record: male, first-calendar-year, Land's End, Cornwall, October 1995. V monotypic.	A	Family Icteridae	
Blackburnian Warbler [†] <i>Setophaga fusca</i> (P.L. Stadius Müller) First record: Skomer Island, Pembrokeshire (Sir Benfro), October 1961. Three individuals. V monotypic.	A	Bobolink [†] <i>Dolichonyx oryzivorus</i> (Linnaeus)	A

First record: male, first-calendar-year, St. Agnes, Isles of Scilly, September 1962. 32 individuals. V monotypic.		Ortolan Bunting <i>Emberiza hortulana</i> Linnaeus SM monotypic.	AE
Baltimore Oriole [†] <i>Icterus galbula</i> (Linnaeus) First record: male, first-calendar-year, Baltasound, Unst, Shetland, September 1890, now at Chelmsford Museum (BM. 43/a. D, 210). 25 individuals. V monotypic. ¹	AE	Cretzschmar's Bunting [†] <i>Emberiza caesia</i> Cretzschmar First record: male, Fair Isle, Shetland, June 1967. Six individuals. V monotypic.	A
Brown-headed Cowbird [†] <i>Molothrus ater</i> (Boddaert) First record: male, probable first-calendar-year, Islay, Argyll and Bute, April 1988. Five individuals. V subspecies undetermined, but likely to have been <i>artemisiae</i> Grinnell or nominate <i>ater</i> (Boddaert).	A	Cirl Bunting <i>Emberiza cirlus</i> Linnaeus RB monotypic.	A
Family Emberizidae		Chestnut-eared Bunting [†] <i>Emberiza fucata</i> Pallas ² First record: first-calendar-year, Fair Isle, Shetland, October 2004. Two individuals. V <i>fucata</i> Pallas.	A
Corn Bunting <i>Emberiza calandra</i> Linnaeus RB PM <i>calandra</i> Linnaeus.	A	Little Bunting <i>Emberiza pusilla</i> Pallas SM monotypic.	A
Yellowhammer <i>Emberiza citrinella</i> Linnaeus RB <i>caliginosa</i> Clancey RB PM WM <i>citrinella</i> Linnaeus.	A	Yellow-browed Bunting [†] <i>Emberiza chrysophrys</i> Pallas First record: female or first-calendar-year, Holkham Meads, Norfolk, October 1975. Five individuals. V monotypic.	A
Pine Bunting [†] <i>Emberiza leucocephalos</i> S.G. Gmelin First record: male, Fair Isle, Shetland, October 1911, now at National Museums Scotland (NMS.Z 1912.147.1). 50 individuals. V <i>leucocephalos</i> S.G. Gmelin.	A	Rustic Bunting [†] <i>Emberiza rustica</i> Pallas First record: near Brighton, East Sussex, October 1867, now at Booth Museum, Brighton (BoMNH 189248). V monotypic. ¹⁵	A
Rock Bunting [†] <i>Emberiza cia</i> Linnaeus First record: near Shoreham, West Sussex, October 1902. Six individuals. V subspecies undetermined, but likely to have been nominate <i>cia</i> Linnaeus.	A	Yellow-breasted Bunting [†] <i>Emberiza aureola</i> Pallas First record: female, first-calendar-year, Cley next the Sea, September 1905, now at Norwich Castle Museum and Art Gallery (NWHCM:479.966). V <i>aureola</i> Pallas.	AE

Chestnut Bunting [†] <i>Emberiza rutila</i> Pallas ^{4,14} One record: male, first-calendar-year, Papa Westray, Orkney, October 2015. V monotypic.	A	White-throated Sparrow [†] <i>Zonotrichia albicollis</i> (J.F. Gmelin) First record: Holderness House, Hull, East Yorkshire, January to February 1893. ⁶ 48 individuals. V monotypic.	AE
Black-headed Bunting [†] <i>Emberiza melanocephala</i> Scopoli First record: male, near Radcliffe-on- Trent Nottinghamshire, June or July 1884. ^{8,10} V monotypic.	AE	Dark-eyed Junco [†] <i>Junco hyemalis</i> (Linnaeus) First record: male, Dungeness, Kent, May 1960. 39 individuals. V <i>hyemalis</i> (Linnaeus).	AE
Black-faced Bunting [†] <i>Emberiza spodocephala</i> Pallas First record: male, second-calendar- year, Pennington Flash, Greater Manchester, March to April 1994. Five individuals. V <i>spodocephala</i> Pallas.	AE	Savannah Sparrow [†] <i>Passerculus sandwichensis</i> (J.F. Gmelin) V <i>princeps</i> Maynard. One record: Portland, Dorset, April 1982. V <i>labradorius</i> Howe. ¹⁵ Two individuals. First record: first-calendar- year, Fair Isle, Shetland, September to October 1987.	A
Pallas's Reed Bunting [†] <i>Emberiza pallasi</i> (Cabanis) First record: first-calendar-year, Fair Isle, Shetland, September to October 1976. Four individuals. V subspecies undetermined, but likely to have been <i>polaris</i> Middendorff. ¹⁵	A	Lark Sparrow [†] <i>Chondestes grammacus</i> (Say) First record: Landguard Point, Suffolk, June to July 1981. Two individuals. V <i>grammacus</i> (Say).	A
Reed Bunting Common Reed Bunting <i>Emberiza schoeniclus</i> (Linnaeus) RB PM WM <i>schoeniclus</i> (Linnaeus).	A	Eastern Towhee [†] <i>Pipilo erythrophthalmus</i> (Linnaeus) One record: female, adult, Lundy, Devon, June 1966. V subspecies undetermined, but likely to have been nominate <i>erythrophthalmus</i> (Linnaeus).	A
Song Sparrow [†] <i>Melospiza melodia</i> (A. Wilson) First record: male, Fair Isle, Shetland, April to May 1959. Seven individuals. V subspecies undetermined.	AE	Family Calcariidae	
White-crowned Sparrow [†] <i>Zonotrichia leucophrys</i> (J.R. Forster) First record: Fair Isle, Shetland, May 1977. Five individuals. V subspecies undetermined, but likely to have been nominate <i>leucophrys</i> (J.R. Forster). ¹⁵	AE	Lapland Bunting Lapland Longspur <i>Calcarius lapponicus</i> (Linnaeus) PM WM <i>subcalcaratus</i> C.L. Brehm ¹⁵ CB PM WM <i>lapponicus</i> (Linnaeus).	A
		Snow Bunting <i>Plectrophenax nivalis</i> (Linnaeus)	A

RB PM WM *nivalis* (Linnaeus)
RB PM WM *insulae* Salomonsen.

Family Cardinalidae

Summer Tanager[†]

Piranga rubra (Linnaeus)
One record: male, first-calendar-year,
Bardsey Island (Ynys Enlli), Gwynedd
(then Caernarfonshire), September
1957.

V subspecies undetermined, but likely
to have been nominate *rubra*
(Linnaeus).

Scarlet Tanager[†]

Piranga olivacea (J.F. Gmelin)
First record: male, first-calendar-year,
St. Mary's, Isles of Scilly, October
1970.

Seven individuals.

V monotypic.

Rose-breasted Grosbeak[†]

Pheucticus ludovicianus (Linnaeus)
First record: female, St. Agnes, Isles of
Scilly, October 1966.

26 individuals.

V monotypic.

Indigo Bunting[†]

Passerina cyanea (Linnaeus)
First record: male, first-calendar-year,
Ramsey Island, Pembrokeshire (Sir
Benfro), October 1996.

Two individuals.

V monotypic.

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APPENDIX 1

SPECIES AND SUBSPECIES REMOVED FROM THE BRITISH LIST

Species and subspecies removed from the British List since the 8th edition; in many cases this is because they are no longer valid in the taxonomy of the *IOC World Bird List* (Gill & Donsker 2017).

Pintail *Anas acuta acuta* Linnaeus¹⁵

Black-browed Albatross *Thalassarche melanophris melanophris* (Temminck)¹⁵

Yellow-nosed Albatross *Thalassarche chlororhynchos chlororhynchos* (J.F. Gmelin)¹⁵

Fea's Petrel *Pterodroma feae* (Salvadori)¹⁵

Fea's Petrel and Desertas Petrel *Pterodroma deserta* Mathews are now treated as separate species, whereas before they were considered subspecies of *P. feae*. As none of the six British records separated *P. feae* from *P. deserta*, *P. feae* is removed from the British List. Furthermore, at least another 58 records of *P. feae* were not distinguished from Zino's Petrel *Pterodroma madeira* Mathews and so have also not been assigned to species.

Black-capped Petrel *Pterodroma hasitata hasitata* (Kuhl)¹⁵

Barolo Shearwater *Puffinus baroli baroli* (Bonaparte)¹⁵

Glossy Ibis *Plegadis falcinellus falcinellus* (Linnaeus)¹⁵

Cattle Egret *Bubulcus ibis ibis* (Linnaeus)¹⁵

Crane *Grus grus grus* (Linnaeus)¹⁵

Goshawk *Accipiter gentilis atricapillus* (A. Wilson)^{8,11,12}

Black-winged Stilt *Himantopus himantopus himantopus* (Linnaeus)¹⁵

Hudsonian Whimbrel *Numenius hudsonicus* Latham¹⁵

Slender-billed Curlew *Numenius tenuirostris* (Vieillot)⁹

American Herring Gull *Larus smithsonianus smithsonianus* Coues¹⁵

Lesser Crested Tern *Thalasseus bengalensis torresii* Gould¹⁵

Little Tern *Sternula antillarum antillarum* (R. Lesson), *athalassos* (Burleigh & Lowery) or *browni* (Mearns)¹⁵

Great Skua *Stercorarius skua skua* (Brünnich)¹⁵

Daurian Shrike *Lanius isabellinus phoenicuroides* (Schalow)¹⁵

Red-backed Shrike *Lanius collurio collurio* Linnaeus¹⁵

Southern Grey Shrike *Lanius meridionalis* Temminck¹⁵

Golden Oriole *Oriolus oriolus oriolus* (Linnaeus)¹⁵

Long-tailed Tit *Aegithalos caudatus europaeus* (Hermann)⁹

Chiffchaff *Phylloscopus collybita fulvescens* (Severtzov)¹⁵

Greenish Warbler *Phylloscopus trochiloides plumbeitarsus* Swinhoe¹⁵

Grasshopper Warbler *Locustella naevia mongolica* Sushkin¹⁵

Black Redstart *Phoenicurus ochruros xerophilus* Stegmann¹⁰

Siberian Stonechat *Saxicola maurus variegatus* (S.G. Gmelin)¹⁵

Desert Wheatear *Oenanthe deserti atrogularis* (Blyth)¹⁵

Eastern Yellow Wagtail *Motacilla flava tschutschensis* J.F. Gmelin, *macronyx* (Stresemann) or *taivana* (Swinhoe)¹⁵

Tawny Pipit *Anthus campestris campestris* (Linnaeus)¹⁵

Meadow Pipit *Anthus pratensis pratensis* (Linnaeus)¹⁵

Meadow Pipit *Anthus pratensis whistleri* Clancy¹⁵

Rustic Bunting *Emberiza rustica rustica* Pallas¹⁵

Savannah Sparrow *Passerculus sandwichensis oblitus* (Peters & Griscom)¹⁵

APPENDIX 2

CATEGORY D

Species in Category D would otherwise appear in Category A, except that there is reasonable doubt that they have occurred in Britain in a natural state. Species placed only in Category D form no

part of the British List, and are not included in the species totals.

Category D is a holding category and is not intended to be a long-term assignment of any species. The species are reviewed periodically with a view to assign them to either Category A or Category E.

† Indicates species for which descriptions are required of records by the British Birds Rarities Committee (BBRC) to be considered for inclusion in Categories A–C of the British List.

Category D species are also listed on the BOU website at <https://www.bou.org.uk/british-list/category-d-species/>.

These species form no part of the British List.

Order Anseriformes

Family Anatidae

Ross's Goose† DE*
Anser rossii Cassin¹

Wood Duck† DE*
Aix sponsa (Linnaeus)^{7,14}

Falcatid Duck† DE
Mareca falcata (Georgi)^{6,15}

Marbled Duck† DE
Marmaronetta angustirostris
(Ménétries)^{1,6,12,14}

White-headed Duck† DE
Oxyura leucocephala (Scolopoli)

Order Phoenicopteriformes

Family Phoenicopteridae

Greater Flamingo† DE
Phoenicopterus roseus Pallas¹

Order Pelecaniformes

Family Pelecanidae

White Pelican† DE
Great White Pelican
Pelecanus onocrotalus Linnaeus⁵

Order Accipitriformes

Family Accipitridae

Booted Eagle† DE
Hieraaetus pennatus (J.F. Gmelin)^{1,15}

Bald Eagle† DE
Haliaeetus leucocephalus
(Linnaeus)⁴

Order Falconiformes

Family Falconidae

Saker Falcon† DE
Falco cherrug J.E. Gray^{6,7}

Order Passeriformes

Family Sturnidae

Daurian Starling† DE
Agropsar sturninus Pallas⁵

Family Muscicapidae

Mugimaki Flycatcher† D
Ficedula mugimaki (Temminck)^{5,13,14}

Family Icteridae

Yellow-headed Blackbird† DE
Xanthocephalus xanthocephalus
(Bonaparte)¹

Family Emberizidae

Red-headed Bunting† DE
Emberiza bruniceps J.F. von Brandt⁵

APPENDIX 3

SPECIES GROUPS NOT INCLUDED IN THE SYSTEMATIC LIST

Included here are records that were not identified to species level, which are not included in the

systematic list of the British List, and so do not form part of the species totals.

†Indicates species for which descriptions are required of records by the British Birds Rarities Committee (BBRC) to be considered for inclusion in Categories A–C of the British List.

These species form no part of the British List.

Order Procellariiformes

Family Oceanitidae

White-bellied Storm Petrel†/Black-bellied Storm Petrel†

Fregetta grallaria (Vieillot)

V subspecies undetermined.

Fregetta tropica (Gould)

V subspecies undetermined.

One record not identified to species: Severn Beach, South Gloucestershire (Avon), November 2009.^{7,8}

Family Hydrobatidae

Madeiran Storm Petrel† Band-rumped Storm Petrel/Monteiro's Storm Petrel†/Cape Verde Storm Petrel†

Oceanodroma castro (Harcourt)

V monotypic.

Oceanodroma monteiroi Bolton *et al.*

V monotypic.

Oceanodroma jabejabe (Barboza du Bocage)

V monotypic.

First record: at sea, off Isles of Scilly, July 2007.

Two records not identified to species.^{4,7,8}

Family Procellariidae

Zino's Petrel†/Fea's Petrel†/Desertas Petrel†

Pterodroma madeira Mathews

V monotypic.

Pterodroma feae (Salvadori)

V monotypic.

Pterodroma deserta Mathews

V monotypic.

First record: Porthgwarra, Cornwall, August 1989.

64 records not identified to species including six records identified to *P. feae/deserta*.¹⁵

Order Charadriiformes

Family Stercorariidae

South Polar Skua†/Brown Skua†

Stercorarius maccormicki H. Saunders

V monotypic.

Stercorarius antarcticus (R. Lesson)

V subspecies undetermined.

First record: Isles of Scilly, October 2001 to January 2002.

Two records not identified to species.^{4,12}