# Synthesis of 5-Amino-2,5-dihydro-1H-benzo[b]azepines Using a OnePot Multibond Forming Process 

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## S Supporting Information


#### Abstract

Rapid access to allylic trichloroacetimidates bearing a 2 -allylaminoaryl group from readily available 2 iodoanilines combined with a one-pot multibond forming process has allowed the efficient synthesis of a series of 5-amino-2,5-dihydro- 1 H -benzo[b]azepines. The potential of these compounds as synthetic building blocks was demonstrated by the preparation of a late-stage intermediate of the hyponatremia agent, mozavaptan.




## INTRODUCTION

$1 H$-Benzo[b]azepines are an important class of sevenmembered heterocyclic compound found as a key structural element in a wide variety of pharmaceutically active substances. ${ }^{1,2}$ Within this class, 5-amino-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro1 H -benzo[b] azepines are of particular significance and include compounds such as mozavaptan (1), a nonpeptide vasopressin V2-receptor antagonist used for the treatment of hyponatremia (low blood sodium levels), ${ }^{3}$ and 3,5-bis(trifluoromethyl)benzyl protected 2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzo[b]azepine 2, developed for the treatment of dyslipidemia (Figure 1). ${ }^{4}$ The interest in 5-


Mozavaptan (1)


2

Figure 1. Structures of pharmacologically active 5-amino-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro- $1 H$-benzo [b]azepines.
amino-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro- 1 H -benzo [b] azepines has led recently to a detailed analysis of their conformational bias and a greater understanding of their physicochemical properties. ${ }^{5}$

Due to the pharmacological importance of 5-amino-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro- 1 H -benzo $[b]$ azepines, a number of methods have been developed for their synthesis. ${ }^{2,3 c, 6}$ Traditionally, a Dieckmann condensation has been used to prepare $1 H$ -benzo[b]azepin-5-ones, followed by introduction of the amino substituent by reductive amination of the ketone (Scheme 1a). ${ }^{2 c}$ More recently, the azepine ring system in these compounds has been prepared using methods such as the Beckmann rearrangement, ${ }^{66}$ the Mitsunobu reaction, ${ }^{6 a}$ reductive ring opening of aza-bridged azepines, ${ }^{6 e}$ and ring closing metathesis (RCM) (Scheme 1b). ${ }^{6 d, 7}$ With the aim of

Scheme 1. Synthetic Approaches for the Preparation of 5-Amino-Substituted $1 H$-Benzo[b] azepines
a) Dieckmann Condensation and Reductive Amination Approach - Ref 2c

b) Stepwise Vinylation of an Imine and RCM Approach - Ref 7b

c) One-Pot Synthesis - This Work

developing new methods for the preparation of highly functional polycyclic compounds, we have demonstrated that benzannulated alkene derived allylic alcohols could be used in one-pot multireaction processes for the efficient synthesis of amino-substituted indenes, dihydronaphthalenes, and 1-benzoxepines. ${ }^{8}$ We now report a short and general synthesis of allylic trichloroacetimidates bearing a 2 -allylaminoaryl group from readily available 2 -iodoanilines and demonstrate the application of these compounds in a one-pot multibond forming process for the efficient synthesis of 5 -amino-2,5-dihydro-1H-benzo[b]azepines (Scheme 1c).

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## RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The substrates for the one-pot process, ( $E$ )-(2-allylamino)cinnamyl alcohols, were prepared using a four-step route from commercially available 2-iodoanilines (Scheme 2). Mizoroki-

Scheme 2. Synthesis of Allylic Alcohols 6a-f ${ }^{a}$

${ }^{a}$ Isolated yields are shown.
Heck reaction of 2-iodoanilines 3a-f with methyl acrylate and palladium(II) acetate ( $5 \mathrm{~mol} \%$ ) under standard conditions gave the corresponding methyl $(E)-2^{\prime}$-aminocinnamates $4 \mathbf{a}-\mathbf{f}$ in excellent yields $(76-100 \%)$ ). ${ }^{9,10}$ The amines were protected with the tosylate group, and this allowed monoallylation using allyl bromide and potassium carbonate. ${ }^{11}$ Finally, reduction of the ( $E$ )- $\alpha, \beta$-unsaturated methyl esters $5 \mathbf{5}-\mathbf{f}$ with DIBAL-H gave (E)-(2-allylamino) cinnamyl alcohols $\mathbf{6 a}-\mathbf{f}$ in high overall yields.

While this synthetic route allowed access to a range of $(E)$ -(2-allylamino) cinnamyl alcohols, the preparation of a $4^{\prime}$-nitro analogue was not possible. Attempted Mizoroki-Heck coupling of 2-iodo-4-nitroaniline with methyl acrylate instead gave the conjugate addition product. An alternative approach was developed for this compound (Scheme 3). 2-Chloro-5-

## Scheme 3. Synthesis of Allylic Alcohol $\mathbf{6 g}^{a}$


${ }^{a}$ Isolated yields are shown.
nitrobenzaldehyde (7) was subjected to a nucleophilic aromatic substitution reaction with $p$-toluenesulfonamide, which gave 8 in $86 \%$ yield. ${ }^{12}$ Horner-Wadsworth-Emmons reaction of 8 under Masamune-Roush conditions with triethyl phosphonoacetate (TEPA) gave the ethyl ( $E$ )-2'-aminocinnamate in quantitative yield. ${ }^{13}$ Analysis of the ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectrum of the crude reaction mixture showed exclusive formation of the $E$ alkene. Allylation of the amino group was then performed under the same conditions as before. However, due to decreased nucleophilicity of this compound, the product was isolated in a modest $55 \%$ yield. DIBAL-H reduction of the ethyl
ester then completed the four-step synthesis of nitrosubstituted cinnamyl alcohol 6 g .

Having prepared a small library of (E)-(2-allylamino)cinnamyl alcohols, $\mathbf{6 a}$ was used for optimization of the onepot process (Table 1). Based on previous work, ${ }^{8,14}$ the

Table 1. Optimization of the One-Pot Process ${ }^{a}$

$\left.\begin{array}{cccc}\text { entry } & \begin{array}{c}\text { Overman } \\ \text { rearrangement }\end{array} & \text { RCM reaction } & \begin{array}{c}\text { yield } \\ (\%)^{a}\end{array} \\ \hline 1 & 140^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 48 \mathrm{~h} & \text { Grubbs II (10 mol \%), } 50{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, & 69 \\ 2 & 160^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 24 \mathrm{~h} & \text { Grubbs II }(10 \mathrm{hol} \%), 50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, & 70 \\ 48 \mathrm{~h}\end{array}\right)$
${ }^{a}$ Isolated yields are shown.
thermally mediated Overman rearrangement was performed at $140{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and the RCM step was done using Grubbs' second generation catalyst ( $10 \mathrm{~mol} \%$ ) (entry 1 ). ${ }^{15}$ While this gave a yield of $69 \%$ over the three steps, both the rearrangement and metathesis stages required reaction times of 48 h . Increasing the temperature of the Overman rearrangement to $160^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ allowed a shorter reaction time ( 24 h ) with a similar overall yield (entry $2)$. The catalyst loading and temperature of the RCM step was then investigated. It was found that a catalyst loading of 5 mol $\%$ and a temperature of $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ was optimal for the RCM step, with the reaction complete after 18 h (entry 4). Using the optimized conditions for both key steps gave 5 -amino-2,5-dihydro- $1 H$-benzo[b]azepine 10a in $81 \%$ yield from $\mathbf{6 a}$.

Using the optimized one-pot procedure, the scope of the process with various ( $E$ )-(2-allylamino)cinnamyl alcohol substrates was explored (Scheme 4). Overall, the process was found to be general and high yielding (79-92\%) for the preparation of 5 -amino-2,5-dihydro- 1 H -benzo[b]azepines bearing a range of substituents. Only in the case of the strongly electron-deficient 4 'nitrophenyl analogue $\mathbf{6 g}$ did the conditions require significant modification. For this compound, both key steps entailed longer reaction times and this likely accounts for the lower overall yield of $49 \%$.

The synthetic potential of these products was demonstrated with the three-step conversion of 10a to 5 -amino-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro- 1 H -benzo $[b]$ azepine 12, a late-stage intermediate for the preparation of mozavaptan and its analogues (Scheme 5). ${ }^{3}$ A one-pot procedure was used to remove the trichloroacyl group and reprotect the amine as the Boc-derivative. Hydrogenation at atmospheric pressure, followed by detosylation with magnesium under mild conditions, gave 5 -amino-2,3,4,5-

Scheme 4. Synthesis of 5-Amino-2,5-Dihydro-1Hbenzo[b]azepines $10 b-g^{a}$

${ }^{a}$ Isolated yields are shown. ${ }^{b}$ The RCM step required a reaction time of $24 \mathrm{~h} .{ }^{c}$ The Overman rearrangement and RCM step required reaction times of 43 and 31 h , respectively.

Scheme 5. Formal Synthesis of Mozavaptan (1) ${ }^{a}$



10a


11

| 1. $\mathrm{H}_{2}, \mathrm{Pd} / \mathrm{C}$ | $2 . \mathrm{Mg}, \mathrm{MeOH}$ |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{EtOAc}, 60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\Delta, 4 \mathrm{~h}, 88 \%$ |



17 h , over two steps
Ref. 3c

${ }^{a}$ Isolated yields are shown.
tetrahydro- 1 H -benzo[b]azepine 12 in $88 \%$ yield. Overall, the highly efficient four-step route to allylic alcohol 6a, combined with the one-pot multibond forming strategy has allowed the synthesis of 5-amino-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro- 1 H -benzo[b] azepine 12 in $46 \%$ overall yield from commercially available 2 -iodoaniline (3a). Mozavaptan is easily prepared from 12 by benzoylation of the $1 H$-benzo $[b]$ azepine ring nitrogen, removal of the Bocprotecting group, and reductive amination of the resulting amine with formaldehyde. ${ }^{3 \mathrm{c}}$

## CONCLUSIONS

In summary, a four-step synthesis of (E)-(2-allylamino)cinnamyl alcohols has been developed from readily available 2-iodoanilines using a highly efficient Mizoroki-Heck coupling. Following transformation to the corresponding allylic trichloroacetimidates, these compounds were converted to a series of 5-amino-2,5-dihydro- 1 H -benzo[b]azepines using a one-pot multibond forming process. As demonstrated with the straightfor-
ward synthesis of 5 -amino-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-benzo[b]azepine 12, a late-stage intermediate for the synthesis of mozavaptan, these compounds have potential for synthetic and medicinal chemistry applications. Work is currently underway to investigate further synthetic applications of 5 -amino-2,5-dihydro- 1 H -benzo $[b]$ azepines and extend the use of one-pot multibond forming reaction processes.

## EXPERIMENTAL SECTION

All reagents and starting materials were obtained from commercial sources and used as received. All dry solvents were purified using a solvent purification system. All reactions were performed under an atmosphere of argon unless otherwise mentioned. Brine refers to a saturated solution of sodium chloride. Flash column chromatography was performed using silica gel $60(35-70 \mu \mathrm{~m})$. Aluminum-backed plates precoated with silica gel $60 \mathrm{~F}_{254}$ were used for thin layer chromatography and were visualized with a UV lamp or by staining with potassium permanganate. ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR spectra were recorded on an NMR spectrometer at either 400 or 500 MHz , and data are reported as follows: chemical shift in ppm relative to tetramethylsilane or the solvent $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \delta 7.26 \mathrm{ppm}\right)$ as the internal standard, multiplicity (s $=$ singlet, $\mathrm{d}=$ doublet, $\mathrm{t}=$ triplet, $\mathrm{q}=\mathrm{quartet}, \mathrm{m}=$ multiplet or overlap of nonequivalent resonances, integration). ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra were recorded on an NMR spectrometer at either 101 or 126 MHz , and data are reported as follows: chemical shift in ppm relative to tetramethylsilane or the solvent $\left(\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}, \delta 77.0 \mathrm{ppm}\right)$ as the internal standard, multiplicity with respect to hydrogen (deduced from DEPT experiments, $\mathrm{C}, \mathrm{CH}, \mathrm{CH}_{2}$, or $\mathrm{CH}_{3}$ ). Infrared spectra were recorded on an FTIR spectrometer; wavenumbers are indicated in $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$. Mass spectra were recorded using the electrospray technique. HRMS spectra were recorded using a dual-focusing magnetic analyzer mass spectrometer. Melting points are uncorrected.

Methyl (2E)-3-(2'-Aminophenyl)prop-2-enoate (4a). ${ }^{10}$ Methyl acrylate ( $1.53 \mathrm{~mL}, 18.3 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was added to a solution of 2 iodoaniline ( $3 \mathbf{a}$ ) $(2.00 \mathrm{~g}, 9.13 \mathrm{mmol})$, palladium acetate $(0.110 \mathrm{~g}$, $0.460 \mathrm{mmol})$, triphenylphosphine ( $0.239 \mathrm{~g}, 0.913 \mathrm{mmol}$ ), potassium carbonate $(1.26 \mathrm{~g}, 9.13 \mathrm{mmol})$, and tetrabutylammonium bromide ( $0.741 \mathrm{~g}, 2.30 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in $N, N^{\prime}$-dimethylformamide ( 90 mL ). The reaction mixture was stirred at $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 h . The mixture was cooled to room temperature, diluted with water $(50 \mathrm{~mL})$, and extracted with diethyl ether $(3 \times 50 \mathrm{~mL})$. The organic layer was washed with $5 \%$ aqueous lithium chloride solution $(10 \mathrm{~mL})$ and brine $(10 \mathrm{~mL})$, dried $\left(\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}\right)$, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. The residue was purified by column chromatography (diethyl ether/petroleum ether, $1: 4$ ) to give methyl (2E)-3-(2'-aminophenyl)prop-2-enoate (4a) (1.59 g, $99 \%$ ) as a yellow solid. Mp $64-66^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{f}=0.33$ (diethyl ether/ petroleum ether $=1: 1)$. Spectroscopic data were consistent with the literature. ${ }^{10}{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 3.80(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.98$ (br s, $2 \mathrm{H}), 6.36(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.70(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.0,1.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.77$ (ddd, $J=8.0,7.3,1.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.17$ (ddd, $J=7.9,7.3,1.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $7.38(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.9,1.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.83(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 51.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 116.7(\mathrm{CH}), 117.7(\mathrm{CH}), 119.0$ $(\mathrm{CH}), 119.9(\mathrm{C}), 128.1(\mathrm{CH}), 131.3(\mathrm{CH}), 140.3(\mathrm{CH}), 145.6(\mathrm{C})$, 167.7 (C); MS (ESI) $m / z 200\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}, 4\right), 168$ (26), 146 (100), 128 (31).

Methyl (2E)-3-(2'-Amino-5'-methylphenyl)prop-2-enoate (4b). ${ }^{16}$ The reaction was carried out as described for the synthesis of methyl (2E)-3-(2'-aminophenyl)prop-2-enoate (4a) using 4-methyl-2-iodoaniline ( $3 \mathbf{b}$ ) $(2.00 \mathrm{~g}, 8.58 \mathrm{mmol})$. Purification by column chromatography (diethyl ether/petroleum ether, 1:3) gave methyl (2E)-3-(2'-amino-5'-methylphenyl)prop-2-enoate ( $\mathbf{4 b}$ ) (1.64 $\mathrm{g}, 100 \%$ ) as a yellow solid. Mp $84-86^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{f}=0.28$ (diethyl ether/ petroleum ether $=1: 1$ ). Spectroscopic data were consistent with the literature. ${ }^{16}{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 2.24(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.79(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H})$, $3.86(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.34(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.62(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $6.99(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.1,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.19(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.82(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $15.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 20.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 51.6$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 117.0(\mathrm{CH}), 117.4(\mathrm{CH}), 119.9(\mathrm{C}), 128.2(\mathrm{C}), 128.2(\mathrm{CH})$,
132.3 (CH), 140.4 (CH), 143.3 (C), 167.8 (C); MS (ESI) $m / z 214$ ( $\mathrm{MNa}^{+}, 100$ ), 192 (11), 182 (23).

Methyl (2E)-3-(2'-Amino-5'-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-enoate (4c). ${ }^{17}$ The reaction was carried out as described for the synthesis of methyl (2E)-3-(2'-aminophenyl)prop-2-enoate (4a) using 4-methoxy-2-iodoaniline (3c) ( $0.170 \mathrm{~g}, 0.680 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) and potassium carbonate ( $0.188 \mathrm{~g}, 1.36 \mathrm{mmol}$ ). Purification by column chromatography (diethyl ether/petroleum ether, 1:3) gave methyl (2E)-3-(2'-amino-5'-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-enoate (4c) (0.141 g, 100\%) as a yellow solid. Mp $93-95^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{f}=0.20$ (diethyl ether/petroleum ether $=1: 1)$. Spectroscopic data were consistent with the literature. ${ }^{17}{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 3.71$ (br s, 2H), 3.76 ( $\mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}$ ), 3.81 ( s , $3 \mathrm{H}), 6.35(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.67(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.82(\mathrm{dd}, J=$ $8.7,2.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.92(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.82(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$; ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 51.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 55.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 111.6(\mathrm{CH})$, $117.9(\mathrm{CH}), 118.4(\mathrm{CH}), 118.7(\mathrm{CH}), 120.8(\mathrm{C}), 139.6(\mathrm{C}), 140.2$ (CH), 152.8 (C), 167.6 (C); MS (ESI) $m / z 208\left(\mathrm{MH}^{+}, 100\right)$.

Methyl (2E)-3-(2'-Amino-5'-fluorophenyl)prop-2-enoate (4d). ${ }^{10}$ The reaction was carried out as described for the synthesis of methyl (2E)-3-( $2^{\prime}$-aminophenyl)prop-2-enoate (4a) using 4-fluoro-2-iodoaniline ( 3 d ) $(3.77 \mathrm{~g}, 16.0 \mathrm{mmol})$ and potassium carbonate ( 4.40 g, 32.0 mmol ). Purification by column chromatography (ethyl acetate/ petroleum ether, 1:3) gave methyl (2E)-3-( $2^{\prime}$-amino- $5^{\prime}$-fluorophenyl)-prop-2-enoate (4d) $(2.50 \mathrm{~g}, 81 \%)$ as a yellow solid. Mp $96-98^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (lit. ${ }^{10} 93-95^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ); $R_{f}=0.28$ (diethyl ether/petroleum ether $=1: 1$ ); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 3.80(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.86(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.33(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $15.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.65\left(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.7,{ }^{4} J_{H F}=4.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 6.90(\mathrm{td}, J=8.7$, $2.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.08\left(\mathrm{dd},{ }^{3} J_{H F}=9.5, J=2.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 7.76(\mathrm{dd}, J=15.8$, $\left.{ }^{5} J_{H F}=1.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \operatorname{NMR}\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 51.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 113.4$ $\left(\mathrm{d},{ }^{2} J_{C F}=22.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}\right), 118.0\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{C F}=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}\right), 118.3\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{C F}=\right.$ $23.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 118.8(\mathrm{CH}), 120.8\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{C F}=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}\right), 139.1\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{4} J_{C F}\right.$ $=2.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 141.8(\mathrm{C}), 156.2\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=237.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}\right), 167.3(\mathrm{C})$; MS (ESI) $m / z 218\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}, 100\right), 169$ (25), 186 (13), 164 (20).

Methyl (2E)-3-(2'-Amino-4'-fluorophenyl)prop-2-enoate (4e). ${ }^{17}$ The reaction was carried out as described for the synthesis of methyl (2E)-3-(2'-aminophenyl)prop-2-enoate (4a) using 5-fluoro-2-iodoaniline ( $\mathbf{3 e}$ ) $(0.926 \mathrm{~g}, 3.90 \mathrm{mmol})$ and potassium carbonate $(1.08 \mathrm{~g}, 7.80 \mathrm{mmol})$. Purification by column chromatography (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether, 1:3) gave methyl (2E)-3-(2'-amino-4'-fluorophenyl)prop-2-enoate (4e) ( $0.639 \mathrm{~g}, 84 \%$ ) as a yellow solid. Mp 107-109 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{f}=0.25$ (diethyl ether/petroleum ether $=1: 1$ ). Spectroscopic data were consistent with the literature. ${ }^{17}{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 3.80(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 4.11(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.29(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.8$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.39\left(\mathrm{dd},{ }^{3} \mathrm{~J}_{\mathrm{HF}}=10.5, J=2.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 6.47(\mathrm{td}, J=8.7,2.5$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.34\left(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.7,{ }^{4} J_{H F}=6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 7.74(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.8 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 51.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 102.9\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} \mathrm{~J}_{\mathrm{CF}}=\right.$ $24.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 106.3\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{C F}=22.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}\right), 116.0\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{4} \mathrm{~J}_{\mathrm{CF}}=2.4 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, C), $117.2(\mathrm{CH}), 130.0\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{C F}=10.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}\right), 139.3(\mathrm{CH}), 147.4(\mathrm{~d}$, $\left.{ }^{3} J_{C F}=11.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}\right), 164.9\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{C F}=248.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}\right), 167.6$ (C); MS (ESI) $m / z 218\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}, 100\right), 186$ (59), 164 (6).

Methyl (2E)-3-(2'-Amino-5'-chlorophenyl)prop-2-enoate (4f). ${ }^{10}$ The reaction was carried out as described for the synthesis of methyl (2E)-3-(2'-aminophenyl)prop-2-enoate (4a) using 4-chloro-2iodoaniline ( 3 f ) $(0.975 \mathrm{~g}, 3.90 \mathrm{mmol})$ and potassium carbonate $(1.08$ $\mathrm{g}, 7.80 \mathrm{mmol}$ ). The reaction mixture was stirred at $80^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 8 h . Purification by column chromatography (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether $=1: 3$ ) gave methyl $(2 E)$-3-( $2^{\prime}$-amino- $5^{\prime}$-chlorophenyl)prop-2enoate ( $4 \mathbf{f}$ ) $(0.622 \mathrm{~g}, 76 \%)$ as a yellow solid. Mp $92-94{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{f}=0.18$ (diethyl ether/petroleum ether $=1: 1$ ). Spectroscopic data were consistent with the literature. ${ }^{10}{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 3.81$ $(\mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.97(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 6.34(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.64(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 7.12(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.6,2.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.34(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.73(\mathrm{~d}, J$ $=15.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 51.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 117.9$ $(\mathrm{CH}), 119.0(\mathrm{CH}), 121.1(\mathrm{C}), 123.7(\mathrm{C}), 127.3(\mathrm{CH}), 131.0(\mathrm{CH})$, 138.9 (CH), 144.0 (C), 167.3 (C); MS (ESI) $m / z 234\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}, 64\right)$, 202 (46), 186 (100).

Methyl (2E)-3-(2'-[ $N$-(p-Toluenesulfonyl)amino]phenyl)-prop-2-enoate. ${ }^{18}$ p-Toluenesulfonyl chloride ( $2.50 \mathrm{~g}, 13.0 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was added to a solution of methyl (2E)-3-(2'-aminophenyl)prop-2enoate (4a) ( $1.53 \mathrm{~g}, 8.70 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in pyridine $(43 \mathrm{~mL})$ at $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The
reaction mixture was allowed to warm to room temperature and stirred for 1 h . The reaction mixture was diluted with water $(50 \mathrm{~mL})$ and extracted with dichloromethane $(3 \times 50 \mathrm{~mL})$, washed with lithium chloride solution $(10 \mathrm{~mL})$ and brine $(10 \mathrm{~mL})$, dried $\left(\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}\right)$, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. Flash column chromatography (diethyl ether/petroleum ether, 1:1) afforded methyl (2E)-3-(2'-[N-(p-toluenesulfonyl)amino]phenyl)prop-2-enoate (2.66 g, 93\%) as a white solid. Mp $156-158{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(\right.$ lit. $\left.{ }^{18} 160-162{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) ; R_{f}=0.13$ (diethyl ether/petroleum ether $=1: 1$ ); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 2.35$ (s, $3 \mathrm{H}), 3.77(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 6.11(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.17(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $7.20-7.27(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.34(\mathrm{td}, J=8.0,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.40(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.0$, $1.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.45(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.0,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.54(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $7.62(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \operatorname{NMR}\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 21.5$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 51.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 120.1(\mathrm{CH}), 127.1(\mathrm{CH}), 127.2(\mathrm{CH}), 127.3(2 \times$ $\mathrm{CH}), 127.6(\mathrm{CH}), 129.6(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 130.6(\mathrm{C}), 130.9(\mathrm{CH}), 134.8$ (C), 135.9 (C), 139.3 (CH), 143.9 (C), 167.0 (C); MS (ESI) $m / z 354$ ( $\mathrm{MNa}^{+}, 100$ ), 233 (8).

Methyl (2E)-3-(5'-Methyl-2'-[ $N$-(p-toluenesulfonyl)amino]-phenyl)prop-2-enoate. ${ }^{19}$ The reaction was carried out as described for the synthesis of methyl (2E)-3-(2'-[ $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)amino]-phenyl)prop-2-enoate using methyl (2E)-3-( $2^{\prime}$-amino- $5^{\prime}$-methyl-phenyl)prop-2-enoate ( $4 \mathbf{b}$ ) ( $1.50 \mathrm{~g}, 7.84 \mathrm{mmol}$ ). Purification by column chromatography (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether $=1: 4$ ) gave methyl (2E)-3-(5'-methyl-2'-[ $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)amino]phenyl)-prop-2-enoate ( $2.68 \mathrm{~g}, 99 \%$ ) as a white solid. Mp $164-166{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (lit. ${ }^{19} 160-162{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ); $R_{f}=0.20$ (diethyl ether/petroleum ether $=1: 1$ ); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 2.32$ ( $\mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}$ ), 2.35 ( $\mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}$ ), 3.77 ( s , $3 \mathrm{H}), 6.10(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.99(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.12-7.19(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H})$, 7.23-7.26 (m, 2H), 7.50-7.57 (m, 3H); ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 101 MHz , $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 21.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 21.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 51.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 119.7(\mathrm{CH}), 127.3(2$ $\times \mathrm{CH}), 127.4(\mathrm{CH}), 128.0(\mathrm{CH}), 129.6(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 130.7(\mathrm{C}), 131.8$ (CH), 132.1 (C), 135.9 (C), 137.4 (C), 139.4 (CH), 143.8 (C), 167.0 (C); MS (ESI) $m / z 368\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}, 100\right)$.

Methyl (2E)-3-(5'-Methoxy-2'-[ $N$-(p-toluenesulfonyl)amino]-phenyl)prop-2-enoate. The reaction was carried out as described for the synthesis of methyl (2E)-3-(2'-[ $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)amino]-phenyl)prop-2-enoate using methyl (2E)-3-( $2^{\prime}$-amino- $5^{\prime}$-methoxy-phenyl)prop-2-enoate ( 4 c ) ( $0.014 \mathrm{~g}, 0.070 \mathrm{mmol}$ ). Purification by column chromatography (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether $=1: 4$ ) gave methyl (2E)-3-(5'-methoxy-2'-[ $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)amino]phenyl)-prop-2-enoate ( $0.023 \mathrm{~g}, 93 \%$ ) as a white solid. $\mathrm{Mp} 162-164{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; $R_{f}=$ 0.23 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate $=2: 1$ ); IR (neat) 3256, 3023, 1701, 1637, 1495, 1214, 1325, 1161, $750 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 500 MHz , $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 2.37(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.78(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.81(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 6.09(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.9 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 6.53(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.89(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.8,2.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.95(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.9$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.19(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.23(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.46(\mathrm{~d}, J$ $=15.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.52(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 101 MHz , $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 21.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 51.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 55.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 111.4(\mathrm{CH}), 116.7$ $(\mathrm{CH}), 120.1(\mathrm{CH}), 127.3(\mathrm{C}), 127.4(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 129.6(2 \times \mathrm{CH})$, 130.6 (CH), 133.1 (C), 135.8 (C), 139.2 (CH), 143.9 (C), 158.9 (C), 166.7 (C); MS (ESI) $m / z 384\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}, 100\right)$; HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{19} \mathrm{NNaO}_{5} \mathrm{~S}\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}\right)$, 384.0876; found, 384.0864.

Methyl (2E)-3-(5'-Fluoro-2'-[ $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)amino]-phenyl)prop-2-enoate. ${ }^{19}$ The reaction was carried out as described for the synthesis of methyl (2E)-3-(2'-[ $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)amino]-phenyl)prop-2-enoate using methyl (2E)-3-(2'-amino-5'-fluoro-phenyl)prop-2-enoate $(4 \mathrm{~d})(2.50 \mathrm{~g}, 13.0 \mathrm{mmol})$. Purification by column chromatography (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether $=1: 5$ ) gave methyl (2E)-3-(5'-fluoro-2'-[ $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)amino]phenyl)-prop-2-enoate ( $3.94 \mathrm{~g}, 88 \%$ ) as a white solid. Mp $156-158{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (lit. ${ }^{19} 156-158{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ); $R_{f}=0.13$ (diethyl ether/petroleum ether $=1: 1$ ); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 2.36(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.78(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 6.07(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $15.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.96(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.06\left(\mathrm{ddd}, J=8.8,{ }^{3} \mathrm{~J}_{\mathrm{HF}}=7.7, J=2.9 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 7.14\left(\mathrm{dd},{ }^{3} J_{H F}=9.2, J=2.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 7.19(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $7.35\left(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.8,{ }^{4} J_{H F}=5.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 7.50\left(\mathrm{dd}, J=15.8,{ }^{5} J_{H F}=1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 7.52(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 21.5$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 52.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 113.3\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} \mathrm{~J}_{\mathrm{CF}}=23.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}\right), 117.9\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} \mathrm{~J}_{\mathrm{CF}}=\right.$ $22.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 121.2(\mathrm{CH}), 127.3(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 129.7(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 130.6$ $\left(\mathrm{d},{ }^{4} J_{C F}=2.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}\right), 130.7\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{C F}=8.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}\right), 133.4\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{C F}=8.4\right.$
$\mathrm{Hz}, \mathrm{C}), 135.6$ (C), 138.2 ( $\mathrm{d},{ }^{4} \mathrm{~J}_{\mathrm{CF}}=2.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}$ ), 144.2 (C), 161.5 (d, $\left.{ }^{1} J_{C F}=248.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}\right), 166.5(\mathrm{C})$; MS (ESI) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z} 372\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}, 100\right)$.

Methyl (2E)-3-(4'-Fluoro-2'-[ $N$-(p-toluenesulfonyl)amino]-phenyl)prop-2-enoate. ${ }^{17}$ The reaction was carried out as described for the synthesis of methyl (2E)-3-(2'-[N-(p-toluenesulfonyl)amino]-phenyl)prop-2-enoate using methyl (2E)-3-( $2^{\prime}$-amino- $4^{\prime}$-fluoro-phenyl)prop-2-enoate ( $4 \mathbf{e}$ ) ( $0.620 \mathrm{~g}, 3.20 \mathrm{mmol}$ ). Purification by column chromatography (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether $=1: 5$ ) gave methyl (2E)-3-(4'-fluoro-2'-[ $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)amino]phenyl)-prop-2-enoate ( $1.08 \mathrm{~g}, 97 \%$ ) as a yellow solid. Mp $157-159{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; $R_{f}$ $=0.13$ (diethyl ether/petroleum ether $=1: 1$ ). Spectroscopic data were consistent with the literature. ${ }^{17}{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 2.38$ $(\mathrm{s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.79(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 6.11(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.92(\mathrm{td}, J=8.7,2.6$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.00(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.20-7.26(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 7.41\left(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.7,{ }^{4} \mathrm{~J}_{\mathrm{HF}}=\right.$ $6.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.48(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.63(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $\left.101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 21.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 51.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 112.8\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} \mathrm{~J}_{\mathrm{CF}}=\right.$ $24.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 114.1\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=21.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}\right), 120.5(\mathrm{CH}), 125.1(\mathrm{~d}$, $\left.{ }^{4} J_{C F}=3.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}\right), 127.3(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 128.9\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{C F}=9.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}\right), 129.9$ $(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 135.7(\mathrm{C}), 136.5\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} \mathrm{~J}_{\mathrm{CF}}=10.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}\right), 137.8(\mathrm{CH}), 144.4$ (C), 163.8 (d, $\left.{ }^{1} J_{C F}=251.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}\right), 166.7$ (C); MS (ESI) $\mathrm{m} / z 372$ ( $\mathrm{MNa}^{+}, 100$ ), 363 (37).

Methyl (2E)-3-(5'-Chloro-2'-[ $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)amino]-phenyl)prop-2-enoate. ${ }^{19}$ The reaction was carried out as described for the synthesis of methyl (2E)-3-(2'-[N-(p-toluenesulfonyl)amino]-phenyl)prop-2-enoate using methyl (2E)-3-(2'-amino-5'-chlorophenyl)prop-2-enoate $(4 f)(0.406 \mathrm{~g}, 1.90 \mathrm{mmol})$. The reaction mixture was stirred at room temperature for 18 h . Purification by column chromatography (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether $=1: 5$ ) gave methyl (2E)-3-(5'-chloro-2'-[ $N$-(p-toluenesulfonyl)amino]phenyl)-prop-2-enoate ( $0.638 \mathrm{~g}, 91 \%$ ) as a yellow solid. Mp $152-154{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (lit. ${ }^{19} 149-151^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ); $R_{f}=0.43$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate $=2: 1$ ); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 2.36(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.78(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 6.09(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $15.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.19(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.28(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.31(\mathrm{dd}, J=$ $8.6,2.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.36(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.40(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $7.50-7.56(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 21.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 52.1$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 121.3(\mathrm{CH}), 126.9(\mathrm{CH}), 127.3(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 129.1(\mathrm{CH}), 129.8$ $(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 130.8(\mathrm{CH}), 132.2$ (C), 133.1 (C), 133.3 (C), 135.6 (C), 138.1 (CH), 144.2 (C), 166.7 (C); MS (ESI) $m / z 388\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}, 100\right)$.

Methyl (2E)-3-(2'-[N-Allyl- $N$-(p-toluenesulfonyl)amino]-phenyl)prop-2-enoate (5a). Allyl bromide ( $0.830 \mathrm{~mL}, 9.60$ $\mathrm{mmol})$ was added to a stirred solution of methyl $(2 E)-3-\left(2^{\prime}-[N-(p-\right.$ toluenesulfonyl)amino]phenyl)prop-2-enoate $(2.66 \mathrm{~g}, 8.00 \mathrm{mmol})$ and potassium carbonate $(2.21 \mathrm{~g}, 16.0 \mathrm{mmol})$ in $N, N^{\prime}$-dimethylformamide $(50 \mathrm{~mL})$. The reaction mixture was heated to $70{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 1 h . The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, diluted with $5 \%$ aqueous lithium chloride solution $(20 \mathrm{~mL})$, and extracted with diethyl ether ( 50 mL ). The organic layer was washed with $5 \%$ aqueous lithium chloride solution $(3 \times 10 \mathrm{~mL})$, brine $(10 \mathrm{~mL})$, dried $\left(\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}\right)$, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. Purification by column chromatography (diethyl ether/petroleum ether $=1: 1$ ) gave methyl (2E)-3-(2'-[N-allyl- $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)amino]phenyl)prop-2enoate (5a) ( $2.98 \mathrm{~g}, 100 \%$ ) as a white solid. $\mathrm{Mp} 104-106{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{f}=$ 0.38 (diethyl ether/petroleum ether $=1: 1$ ); IR (neat) 2951, 1716, 1636, 1436, 1319, 1164, $763 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta$ $2.42(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.79(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 4.02(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.27(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.93-5.02$ $(\mathrm{m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 5.74(\mathrm{ddt}, J=17.0,10.0,6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.33(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.1 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 6.84(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.8,1.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.24-7.35(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 7.56(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.64(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.8,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.86(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$; ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 21.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 51.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 54.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $119.7(\mathrm{CH}), 119.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 127.1(\mathrm{CH}), 128.0(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 128.8(\mathrm{CH})$, $129.6(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 129.9(\mathrm{CH}), 130.3(\mathrm{CH}), 132.1(\mathrm{CH}), 135.6(\mathrm{C})$, 135.6 (C), 138.3 (C), 140.3 (CH), 143.8 (C), 166.9 (C); MS (ESI) $m / z 394\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}, 100\right)$; HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{NNaO}_{4} \mathrm{~S}$ ( $\mathrm{MNa}^{+}$), 394.1083; found, 394.1067.

Methyl (2E)-3-(2'-[N-Allyl-N-(p-toluenesulfonyl)amino]-5'-methylphenyl)prop-2-enoate (5b). The reaction was carried out as described for the synthesis of methyl (2E)-3-(2'-[N-allyl-N-(p-toluenesulfonyl)amino]phenyl)prop-2-enoate (5a) using methyl (2E)-3-(5'-methyl-2'-[ $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)amino] phenyl)prop-2-enoate $(2.00 \mathrm{~g}, 5.79 \mathrm{mmol})$ and a reaction time of 3 h . Purification by column
chromatography (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether $=1: 5$ ) gave methyl (2E)-3-(2'-[ $N$-allyl- $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)amino]-5'-methylphenyl)-prop-2-enoate ( $5 \mathbf{b}$ ) $(2.03 \mathrm{~g}, 91 \%)$ as a white solid. $\mathrm{Mp} 118-120^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; $R_{f}$ $=0.25$ (diethyl ether/petroleum ether =1:1); IR (neat) 2950, 1717, 1639, 1435, 1347, 1160, $759 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta$ $2.34(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 2.42(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.78(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.99(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.26(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 4.93-5.02(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 5.74$ (ddt, $J=17.0,10.1,6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.31$ $(\mathrm{d}, J=16.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.71(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.08(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.1,1.6$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.26(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.43(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.56(\mathrm{~d}, J$ $=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.82(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \operatorname{NMR}(101 \mathrm{MHz}$, $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 21.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 21.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 51.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 54.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 119.4$ $(\mathrm{CH}), 119.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 127.6(\mathrm{CH}), 128.0(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 129.5(2 \times \mathrm{CH})$, 129.6 (CH), 131.3 (CH), 132.3 (CH), 135.2 (C), 135.7 (C), 135.7 (C), 138.7 (C), 140.5 (CH), 143.7 (C), 167.0 (C); MS (ESI) $m / z 408$ $\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}, 100\right)$; HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{NNaO}_{4} \mathrm{~S}\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}\right)$, 408.1240; found, 408.1220.

Methyl (2E)-3-(2'-[ $N$-Allyl- $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)amino]-5'-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-enoate (5c). The reaction was carried out as described for the synthesis of methyl (2E)-3-(2'-[N-allyl-N-(p-toluenesulfonyl)amino]phenyl)prop-2-enoate (5a) using methyl (2E)-3-( $5^{\prime}$-methoxy-2'-[ $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)amino $]$ phenyl $)$ prop-2-enoate $(0.145 \mathrm{~g}, 0.400 \mathrm{mmol})$ and a reaction time of 2 h . Purification by column chromatography (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether $=1: 5$ ) gave methyl (2E)-3-(2'-[ $N$-allyl- $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)amino]-5'-methoxy-phenyl)prop-2-enoate ( 5 c ) ( $0.149 \mathrm{~g}, 92 \%$ ) as a white solid. Mp $153-155{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{f}=0.40$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate $=2: 1$ ); IR (neat) $3022,1709,1642,1495,1289,1215,1163,751 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 2.42(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.79(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.81(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.96-$ $4.01(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.24-4.29(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.93-5.03(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 5.74(\mathrm{ddt}, J=$ $16.9,10.1,6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.29(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.74(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.8 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 6.81(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.8,2.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.09(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.26(\mathrm{~d}, J$ $=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.56(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.79(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR (101 MHz, $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 21.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, $51.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 55.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $55.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 111.2(\mathrm{CH}), 116.4(\mathrm{CH}), 119.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 119.8(\mathrm{CH})$, $128.0(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 129.6(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 131.0(\mathrm{CH}), 132.3(\mathrm{CH}), 135.7$ (C), 136.6 (C), $140.4(\mathrm{CH}), 143.7(2 \times \mathrm{C}), 159.3$ (C), 166.8 (C); MS (ESI) $m / z 424\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}, 100\right)$; HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{NNaO}_{5} \mathrm{~S}$ ( $\mathrm{MNa}^{+}$), 424.1189; found, 424.1176.

Methyl (2E)-3-(2'-[N-Allyl-N-(p-toluenesulfonyl)amino]-5'-fluorophenyl)prop-2-enoate (5d). The reaction was carried out as described for the synthesis of methyl (2E)-3-( $2^{\prime}-[N-$ allyl $-N-(p$ toluenesulfonyl)amino] phenyl) prop-2-enoate (5a) using methyl ( $2 E$ )-3-(5'-fluoro-2'-[ $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)amino]phenyl)prop-2-enoate ( $3.74 \mathrm{~g}, 11.0 \mathrm{mmol}$ ). Purification by column chromatography (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether $=1: 7)$ gave methyl $(2 E)-3-\left(2^{\prime}-[N\right.$-allyl $-N$ - $(p-$ toluenesulfonyl)amino]-5'-fluorophenyl)prop-2-enoate ( 5 d ) ( 3.50 g , $84 \%$ ) as a white solid. Mp $108-110{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{f}=0.43$ (diethyl ether/ petroleum ether $=1: 1$ ); IR (neat) 2951, 1718, 1650, 1488, 1323, 1275, 1160, 862, $728 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 2.40(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H})$, $3.77(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.95(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.25$ (br s, 1 H$), 4.95$ (dd, $J=17.0,1.2$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.00(\mathrm{dd}, J=10.1,1.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.71(\mathrm{ddt}, J=17.0,10.1,6.8$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.28(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.80\left(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.8,{ }^{4} J_{H F}=5.3 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 6.95$ (ddd, $\left.J=8.8,{ }^{3} J_{H F}=7.6, J=2.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 7.26(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 7.28\left(\mathrm{dd},{ }^{3} J_{H F}=9.4, J=2.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 7.54(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $7.76\left(\mathrm{dd}, J=16.1,{ }^{5} J_{H F}=1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \mathrm{NMR}\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta$ $21.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 51.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 55.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 113.5\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{C F}=23.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}\right)$, $117.4\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{C F}=23.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}\right), 120.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 120.9(\mathrm{CH}), 127.9(2 \times$ $\mathrm{CH}), 129.7(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 131.8\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=8.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}\right), 131.9(\mathrm{CH})$, $134.2\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{4} J_{C F}=3.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}\right), 135.3$ (C), $137.8\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{C F}=8.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}\right)$, $139.2\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{4} J_{C F}=2.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}\right), 144.0$ (C), $162.0\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{C F}=249.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}\right)$, 166.5 (C); MS (ESI) $m / z 412\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}, 100\right)$; HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{FNNaO}_{4} \mathrm{~S}\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}\right)$, 412.0989; found, 412.0969.

Methyl (2E)-3-(2'-[N-Allyl- $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)amino]-4'-fluorophenyl)prop-2-enoate (5e). The reaction was carried out as described for the synthesis of methyl (2E)-3-(2'-[N-allyl-N-(p-toluenesulfonyl)amino]phenyl)prop-2-enoate (5a) using methyl (2E)-3-(4'-fluoro-2'-[ $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)amino] phenyl)prop-2-enoate ( $1.07 \mathrm{~g}, 3.00 \mathrm{mmol}$ ). Purification by column chromatography (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether $=1: 7)$ gave methyl $(2 E)-3-\left(2^{\prime}-[N-\right.$ allyl $-N-(p$ -toluenesulfonyl)amino]-4'-fluorophenyl)prop-2-enoate (5e) (0.946 g,
$79 \%$ ) as a white solid. Mp $111-113{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{f}=0.38$ (diethyl ether/ petroleum ether $=1: 1$ ); IR (neat) 2951, 1712, 1602, 1497, 1353, 1256, 1164, 908, $730 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 2.43(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H})$, $3.78(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 4.02(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.21(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.95-5.05(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 5.72$ (ddt, $J=16.9,10.1,6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.27(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.57$ (dd, $\left.{ }^{3} J_{H F}=9.2, J=2.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 7.06(\mathrm{td}, J=8.8,2.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.29(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.58(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.62\left(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.8,{ }^{4} J_{H F}=6.2 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 7.78(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 21.6$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 51.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 54.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 116.4\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=21.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}\right), 117.0$ $\left(\mathrm{d},{ }^{2} \mathrm{~J}_{\mathrm{CF}}=21.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}\right), 119.5(\mathrm{CH}), 120.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 128.0(2 \times \mathrm{CH})$, $128.6\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{C F}=9.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}\right), 129.7(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 131.7(\mathrm{CH}), 132.1(\mathrm{~d}$, $\left.{ }^{4} J_{C F}=3.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}\right), 135.1(\mathrm{C}), 139.3(\mathrm{CH}), 139.8\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{C F}=9.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}\right)$, 144.2 (C), $163.1\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{C F}=253.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}\right), 166.7$ (C); MS (ESI) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z}$ 412 ( $\mathrm{MNa}^{+}, 100$ ); HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{FNNaO}_{4} \mathrm{~S}\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}\right)$, 412.0989; found, 412.0970.

Methyl (2E)-3-(2'-[N-Allyl- $N$-(p-toluenesulfonyl)amino]-5'-chlorophenyl)prop-2-enoate (5f). The reaction was carried out as described for the synthesis of methyl (2E)-3-(2'-[N-allyl-N-(p-toluenesulfonyl)amino]phenyl)prop-2-enoate (5a) using methyl (2E)-3-(5'-chloro-2'-[ $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)amino] phenyl) prop-2-enoate ( $0.600 \mathrm{~g}, 1.60 \mathrm{mmol}$ ). Purification by column chromatography (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether $=1: 5)$ gave methyl $(2 E)-3-\left(2^{\prime}-[N\right.$-allyl $-N-(p-$ toluenesulfonyl) amino]-5'-chlorophenyl)prop-2-enoate (5f) (0.664 g, $100 \%$ ) as a yellow solid. Mp $104-106{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{f}=0.58$ (petroleum ether/ ethyl acetate $=2: 1$ ); IR (neat) 2951, 1720, 1610, 1353, 1164, 908, 730 $\mathrm{cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 2.44(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.80(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.99$ (br s, 1H), 4.26 (br s, 1H), 4.97 (dd, $J=17.0,1.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}$ ), 5.03 (dd, $J$ $=10.1,1.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.73(\mathrm{ddt}, J=17.0,10.1,6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.31(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $16.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.78(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.24(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.6,2.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $7.29(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.57(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.60(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.4 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 7.75(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 21.6$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 51.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 54.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 120.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 121.0(\mathrm{CH}), 127.1$ $(\mathrm{CH}), 128.0(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 129.7(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 130.3(\mathrm{CH}), 131.2(\mathrm{CH})$, 131.8 (CH), 134.7 (C), 135.3 (C), 136.7 (C), 137.4 (C), 139.0 (CH), 144.1 (C), 166.5 (C); MS (ESI) $m / z 428\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}, 100\right)$; HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{20}{ }^{35} \mathrm{ClNNaO} \mathrm{Cl}^{2}\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}\right)$, 428.0694; found, 428.0673 .
(2E)-3-(2'-[N-Allyl-N-(p-toluenesulfonyl)amino]phenyl)prop-2-en-1-ol (6a). Diisobutylaluminum hydride ( $4.1 \mathrm{~mL}, 4.1 \mathrm{mmol}, 1 \mathrm{M}$ in hexane) was added dropwise with stirring to a solution of methyl (2E)-3-(2'-[N-allyl- $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)amino]phenyl)prop-2enoate ( $\mathbf{5 a}$ ) $(0.690 \mathrm{~g}, 1.86 \mathrm{mmol})$ in dichloromethane $(19 \mathrm{~mL})$ at -78 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. The solution was stirred at $-78{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 h and then allowed to warm to room temperature over 16 h . The reaction was quenched with $10 \%$ aqueous potassium sodium tartrate solution ( 5 mL ), extracted with diethyl ether $(2 \times 10 \mathrm{~mL})$, washed with water $(20 \mathrm{~mL})$, brine ( 20 $\mathrm{mL})$, dried $\left(\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}\right)$, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. Purification by column chromatography (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether $=1: 2$ ) gave (2E)-3-(2'-[ $N$-allyl- $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)amino]phenyl)prop-2-en-1-ol (6a) $(0.611 \mathrm{~g}, 96 \%)$ as a colorless oil. $R_{f}=0.13$ (diethyl ether/petroleum ether $=1: 1$ ); IR (neat) 3491, 2924, 1597, 1341, 1161, $726 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 1.97(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.43(\mathrm{~s}$, $3 \mathrm{H}), 4.00(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.18-4.29(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 4.93-5.01(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 5.72$ (ddt, $J=16.9,10.2,6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.33(\mathrm{dt}, J=16.0,5.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.68$ (dd, $J=7.8,1.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.83(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.12(\mathrm{td}, J=7.8$, $1.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.23-7.30(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 7.55-7.61(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $(101$ $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 21.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 54.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 63.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 119.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $126.5(\mathrm{CH}), 126.7(\mathrm{CH}), 127.8(\mathrm{CH}), 127.9(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 128.6(\mathrm{CH})$, $129.4(\mathrm{CH}), 129.5(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 130.8(\mathrm{CH}), 132.4(\mathrm{CH}), 136.1(\mathrm{C})$, 136.6 (C), 137.8 (C), 143.6 (C); MS (ESI) $m / z 366\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}, 100\right)$; HMRS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{21} \mathrm{NNaO}_{3} \mathrm{~S}\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}\right), 366.1134$; found, 366.1119.
(2E)-3-(2'-[ $N$-Allyl- $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)amino]-5'-methyl-phenyl)prop-2-en-1-ol (6b). The reaction was carried out as described for the synthesis of (2E)-3-(2'-[N-allyl-N-(p-toluene-sulfonyl)amino]phenyl)prop-2-en-1-ol (6a) using methyl (2E)-3-(2'[ $N$-allyl- $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)amino]-5'-methylphenyl)prop-2-enoate ( $5 \mathbf{b}$ ) ( $1.50 \mathrm{~g}, 3.89 \mathrm{mmol}$ ). Purification by column chromatography (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether $=1: 2$ ) gave $(2 E)-3-\left(2^{\prime}-[N-a l l y l-N-(p-\right.$ toluenesulfonyl)amino]-5'-methylphenyl)prop-2-en-1-ol (6b) (1.37 g, $98 \%$ ) as a colorless oil. $R_{f}=0.10$ (diethyl ether/petroleum ether $=$

1:1); IR (neat) 3510, 2921, 1598, 1491, 1340, 1159, 859, $734 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 2.15(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.31(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 2.42$ (s, $3 \mathrm{H}), 3.96(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.19-4.28(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 4.93-5.01(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 5.72$ (ddt, $J=16.9,10.2,6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.31(\mathrm{dt}, J=16.0,5.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.56$ (d, $J=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.79(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.92(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.1,1.3$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.27(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.40(\mathrm{~d}, J=1.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.57(\mathrm{~d}, J$ $=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 21.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 21.5$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 54.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 63.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 119.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 126.7(\mathrm{CH}), 127.0$ $(\mathrm{CH}), 127.9(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 128.7(\mathrm{CH}), 129.1(\mathrm{CH}), 129.5(2 \times \mathrm{CH})$, 130.5 (CH), 132.5 (CH), 134.1 (C), 136.2 (C), 137.3 (C), 138.4 (C), 143.5 (C); MS (ESI) $m / z 380\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}, 100\right)$; HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{NNaO}_{3} \mathrm{~S}\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}\right)$, 380.1291 ; found, 380.1279 .
(2E)-3-(2'-[ $N$-Allyl- $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)amino]- $5^{\prime}$-methoxy-phenyl)prop-2-en-1-ol (6c). The reaction was carried out as described for the synthesis of (2E)-3-( $2^{\prime}-[N$-allyl- $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)amino] phenyl)prop-2-en-1-ol (6a) using methyl (2E)-3-(2'[ $N$-allyl- $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)amino]-5'-methoxyphenyl)prop-2enoate ( 5 c ) $(0.140 \mathrm{~g}, 0.350 \mathrm{mmol})$. Purification by column chromatography (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether $=1: 2$ ) gave $(2 E)-3-$ ( $2^{\prime}$-[ $N$-allyl- $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)amino]-5'-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-en-1-ol (6c) $(0.104 \mathrm{~g}, 80 \%)$ as a colorless oil. $R_{f}=0.18$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate $=2: 1$ ); IR (neat) 3523, 2944, 1601, 1495, 1345, 1161, $752 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 2.07(\mathrm{t}, J=5.4 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 2.42(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.79(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.91-3.98(\mathrm{~m}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.18-4.28(\mathrm{~m}$, $3 \mathrm{H}), 4.93-5.01(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 5.72$ (ddt, $J=16.9,10.2,6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.30$ $(\mathrm{dt}, J=16.0,5.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.58(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.65(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.8$, $2.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.77(\mathrm{dt}, J=16.0,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.07(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $7.27(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.57(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 101 $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 21.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 54.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 55.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 63.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $110.7(\mathrm{CH}), 113.9(\mathrm{CH}), 119.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 126.6(\mathrm{CH}), 127.9(2 \times \mathrm{CH})$, $129.4(\mathrm{C}), 129.7(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 130.4(\mathrm{CH}), 130.9(\mathrm{CH}), 132.5(\mathrm{CH})$, 136.2 (C), 138.8 (C), 143.5 (C), 159.2 (C); MS (ESI) m/z 396 $\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}, 100\right)$; HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{23} \mathrm{NNaO}_{4} \mathrm{~S}\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}\right)$, 396.1240; found, 396.1223.
(2E)-3-(2'-[N-Allyl-N-(p-toluenesulfonyl)amino]-5'-fluorophenyl)prop-2-en-1-ol (6d). The reaction was carried out as described for the synthesis of (2E)-3-( $2^{\prime}-[N$-allyl $-N$ - $(p$-toluene-sulfonyl)amino]phenyl)prop-2-en-1-ol (6a) using methyl (2E)-3-(2'[ $N$-allyl- $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)amino]-5'-fluorophenyl)prop-2-enoate $(\mathbf{5 d})(3.30 \mathrm{~g}, 8.50 \mathrm{mmol})$. Purification by column chromatography (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether $=1: 3$ ) gave $(2 E)-3-\left(2^{\prime}-[N\right.$-allyl $-N$ - $(p$ -toluenesulfonyl)amino]-5'-fluorophenyl)prop-2-en-1-ol (6d) (2.99 g, 98\%) as a colorless oil. $R_{f}=0.10$ (diethyl ether/petroleum ether $=$ 1:1); IR (neat) $3507,2920,1600,1488,1345,1161,752 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 2.35(\mathrm{t}, J=5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.42(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.95$ (dd, $J=13.4,6.8,1 \mathrm{H}), 4.17-4.28(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 4.91-5.01(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 5.70$ (ddt, $J=16.9,10.1,6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.30(\mathrm{dt}, J=16.0,5.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.65$ $\left(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.8,{ }^{4} J_{H F}=5.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 6.73-6.83(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.24\left(\mathrm{dd},{ }^{3} J_{H F}=\right.$ $10.0, J=2.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.27(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.56(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.3 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $2 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 21.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 54.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 63.4$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 112.8\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{C F}=23.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}\right), 114.7\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{C F}=23.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}\right)$, $119.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 125.4\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{4} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=1.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}\right), 127.9(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 129.6(2$ $\times \mathrm{CH}), 131.2\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} \mathrm{~J}_{\mathrm{CF}}=9.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}\right), 132.1(\mathrm{CH}), 132.3(\mathrm{CH}), 132.4$ $\left(\mathrm{d},{ }^{4} J_{C F}=2.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}\right), 135.9(\mathrm{C}), 140.2\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} J_{C F}=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}\right), 143.8$ (C), $162.2\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=247.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}\right)$; MS (ESI) $m / z 384\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}, 100\right)$; HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{FNNaO}_{3} \mathrm{~S}\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}\right)$, 384.1040; found, 384.1023.
(2E)-3-(2'-[ $N$-Allyl- $N$-(p-toluenesulfonyl)amino]-4'-fluoro-phenyl)prop-2-en-1-ol (6e). The reaction was carried out as described for the synthesis of (2E)-3-( $2^{\prime}-[N$-allyl $-N$ - $(p$-toluene-sulfonyl)amino]phenyl)prop-2-en-1-ol (6a) using methyl (2E)-3-(2'[ $N$-allyl- $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)amino]-4'-fluorophenyl)prop-2-enoate (5e) $(0.790 \mathrm{~g}, 2.00 \mathrm{mmol})$. Purification by column chromatography (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether, $1: 3$ ) gave (2E)-3-( $2^{\prime}-[N$-allyl- $N$-( $p$ -toluenesulfonyl)amino]-4'-fluorophenyl)prop-2-en-1-ol (6e) (0.728 g, $99 \%$ ) as a colorless oil. $R_{f}=0.08$ (diethyl ether/petroleum ether $=$ 1:1); IR (neat) $3507,2923,1600,1495,1347,1161,908,727 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 2.18(\mathrm{t}, J=5.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.43(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H})$, $3.96(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.09-4.27(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 4.94-5.03(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 5.69(\mathrm{ddt}, J=$ $16.9,10.1,6.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.25(\mathrm{dt}, J=16.0,5.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.41\left(\mathrm{dd},{ }^{3} J_{H F}\right.$
$=9.3, J=2.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.75(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.99(\mathrm{td}, J=8.6,2.6$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.29(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.55\left(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.6,{ }^{4} J_{\mathrm{HF}}=6.3 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 7.58(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 21.6$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 54.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 63.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 116.0\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} \mathrm{~J}_{\mathrm{CF}}=21.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}\right), 116.2$ $\left(\mathrm{d},{ }^{2} \mathrm{~J}_{\mathrm{CF}}=21.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}\right), 119.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 125.7(\mathrm{CH}), 127.7\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} \mathrm{~J}_{\mathrm{CF}}=\right.$ $8.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 127.9(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 129.7(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 130.7\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{5} \mathrm{~J}_{\mathrm{CF}}=1.8\right.$ $\mathrm{Hz}, \mathrm{CH}), 131.9(\mathrm{CH}), 134.3$ (d, $\left.{ }^{4} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=3.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}\right), 135.7$ (C), 137.7 $\left(\mathrm{d},{ }^{3} J_{C F}=8.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}\right), 144.0(\mathrm{C}), 161.5\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{C F}=248.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}\right) ; \mathrm{MS}$ (ESI) $m / z 384\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}, 100\right)$; HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{FNNaO}_{3} \mathrm{~S}$ ( $\mathrm{MNa}^{+}$), 384.1040; found, 384.1023.
(2E)-3-(2'-[ $N$-Allyl- $N$-(p-toluenesulfonyl)amino]-5'-chloro-phenyl)prop-2-en-1-ol (6f). The reaction was carried out as described for the synthesis of (2E)-3-(2'-[N-allyl-N-(p-toluenesulfonyl)amino]phenyl) prop-2-en-1-ol (6a) using methyl (2E)-3-(2'[ $N$-allyl- $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)amino]-5'-chlorophenyl)prop-2-enoate (5f) $(0.660 \mathrm{~g}, 1.60 \mathrm{mmol})$. Purification by column chromatography (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether $=1: 3$ ) gave $(2 E)-3-\left(2^{\prime}-[N-\right.$ allyl $-N-(p-$ toluenesulfonyl)amino]-5'-chlorophenyl)prop-2-en-1-ol (6f) (0.566 g, $92 \%$ ) as a colorless oil. $R_{f}=0.28$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate $=$ 2:1); IR (neat) $3505,2923,1597,1478,1343,1161,907,727 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 2.23(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.43(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.94(\mathrm{br}$ $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.17-4.29(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 4.92-5.02(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 5.69(\mathrm{ddt}, J=17.0$, $10.1,6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.32(\mathrm{dt}, J=16.0,5.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.60(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 6.75(\mathrm{dt}, J=16.0,1.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.07(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.6,2.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $7.28(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.54-7.59(\mathrm{~m}, 3 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( 101 MHz , $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 21.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 54.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 63.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 119.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 125.2$ $(\mathrm{CH}), 126.5(\mathrm{CH}), 127.8(\mathrm{CH}), 127.9(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 129.7(2 \times \mathrm{CH})$, $130.7(\mathrm{CH}), 132.0(\mathrm{CH}), 132.4(\mathrm{CH}), 134.5(\mathrm{C}), 135.0(\mathrm{C}), 135.8$ (C), 139.6 (C), 143.9 (C); MS (ESI) $m / z 400\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}, 100\right)$; HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{20}{ }^{35} \mathrm{ClNNaO}_{3} \mathrm{~S}\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}\right), 400.0745$; found, 400.0729.

5-Nitro-2-[ $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)amino]benzaldehyde (8). $p$ Toluenesulfonamide ( $0.148 \mathrm{~g}, 0.865 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was added to a solution of 2-chloro-5-nitrobenzaldehyde (7) ( $0.0800 \mathrm{~g}, 0.432 \mathrm{mmol}$ ), and potassium carbonate $(0.107 \mathrm{~g}, 0.780 \mathrm{mmol})$ in $N, N^{\prime}$-dimethylformamide $(2 \mathrm{~mL})$ and heated to $90{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 2 h . The reaction mixture was cooled to room temperature, diluted with water ( 2 mL ), and extracted with ethyl acetate $(10 \mathrm{~mL})$. The organic layer was washed with 1 M hydrochloric acid solution $(3 \times 2 \mathrm{~mL})$ and brine ( 2 $\mathrm{mL})$, dried $\left(\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}\right)$, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. Purification by column chromatography (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether $=1: 5$ ) gave 5-nitro-2-[ $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)amino]benzaldehyde (8) (0.122 g, $86 \%$ ) as a white solid. Mp 172-174 ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{f}=0.38$ (petroleum ether/ ethyl acetate $=2: 1$ ); IR (neat) $3164,1673,1586,1345,1215,1164$, $749 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 2.40(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 7.31(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.81(\mathrm{~d}, J=9.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.83(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 8.34$ (dd, $J=9.3,2.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.54(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 9.94(\mathrm{~d}, J=0.6 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 11.19(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \operatorname{NMR}\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 21.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, $117.3(\mathrm{CH}), 120.5(\mathrm{C}), 127.4(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 130.2(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 130.5$ (CH), 131.5 (CH), 135.6 (C), 142.1 (C), 145.0 (C), 145.3 (C), 193.5 (CH); MS (ESI) $m / z 343\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}, 100\right)$; HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{14} \mathrm{H}_{12} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{NaO}_{5} \mathrm{~S}\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}\right)$, 343.0359; found, 343.0350.

Ethyl (2E)-3-(5'-Nitro-2'-[ $N$-(p-toluenesulfonyl)amino]-phenyl)prop-2-enoate. Lithium bromide ( $0.043 \mathrm{~g}, 0.50 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was added to a solution of triethyl phosphonoacetate $(0.085 \mathrm{~mL}, 0.43$ mmol ) and 1,8 -diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene ( $0.064 \mathrm{~mL}, 0.43$ $\mathrm{mmol})$ in acetonitrile $(2 \mathrm{~mL})$ and stirred at room temperature for $0.5 \mathrm{~h} . \quad 5$-Nitro-2-[ $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)amino]benzaldehyde (8) $(0.040 \mathrm{~g}, 0.13 \mathrm{mmol})$ was added, and the solution was stirred at room temperature for 3 h . The reaction was quenched with $10 \%$ aqueous potassium sodium tartrate solution $(2 \mathrm{~mL})$, concentrated to half volume in vacuo, and extracted with diethyl ether $(3 \times 5 \mathrm{~mL})$. The combined organic layers were washed with water $(2 \mathrm{~mL})$, brine ( 2 $\mathrm{mL})$, dried $\left(\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}\right)$, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. Purification by column chromatography (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether $=1: 3$ ) gave ethyl (2E)-3-(5'-nitro-2'-[ $N$-(p-toluenesulfonyl)amino $]$ phenyl $)$ -prop-2-enoate ( $0.048 \mathrm{~g}, 99 \%$ ) as a white solid. Mp $158-160^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; $R_{f}=$ 0.28 (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate $=2: 1$ ); IR (neat) 3255, 2980, 1700, 1640, 1527, 1344, 1166, 908, $757 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz , $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 1.34(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 2.38(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 4.27(\mathrm{q}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}$,
$2 \mathrm{H}), 6.35(\mathrm{~d}, J=15.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.26(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.63(\mathrm{~d}, J=$ $15.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.65-7.72(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 8.16(\mathrm{dd}, J=9.0,2.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.28$ $(\mathrm{d}, J=2.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \operatorname{NMR}\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 14.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 21.6$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 61.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 123.0(\mathrm{CH}), 123.1(\mathrm{CH}), 124.3(\mathrm{CH}), 125.5$ (CH), $127.2(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 127.9(\mathrm{C}), 130.1(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 135.6(\mathrm{C}), 136.5$ (CH), 140.6 (C), 144.7 (C), 144.9 (C), 165.9 (C); MS (ESI) m/z 413 (MNa ${ }^{+}$100); HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{18} \mathrm{H}_{18} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{NaO}_{6} \mathrm{~S}\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}\right)$, 413.0778; found, 413.0760.

Ethyl (2E)-3-(2'-[ $N$-Allyl- $N$-(p-toluenesulfonyl)amino]-5'-nitrophenyl)prop-2-enoate (9). The reaction was carried out as described for the synthesis of methyl (2E)-3-(2'-[N-allyl-N-(ptoluenesulfonyl)amino] phenyl)prop-2-enoate (5a) using ethyl (2E)-$3-\left(2^{\prime}-\left[N-(p\right.\right.$-toluenesulfonyl)amino $]-5^{\prime}$-nitrophenyl)prop-2-enoate ( $0.020 \mathrm{~g}, 0.047 \mathrm{mmol}$ ). Purification by column chromatography (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether, 1:10) gave ethyl (2E)-3-(2'-[N-allyl-N-(p-toluenesulfonyl)amino]-5'-nitrophenyl)prop-2-enoate (9) (0.012 g, $55 \%$ ) as a white solid. $\mathrm{Mp} 128-130^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; $R_{f}=0.50$ (petroleum ether/ ethyl acetate $=2: 1$ ); IR (neat) 2956, 1716, 1529, 1349, 1215, 908, 730 $\mathrm{cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 1.35(\mathrm{t}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 2.44(\mathrm{~s}$, $3 \mathrm{H}), 4.16(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.28(\mathrm{q}, J=7.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.98(\mathrm{dd}, J=17.0,1.1$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.04(\mathrm{dd}, J=10.0,1.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.72(\mathrm{ddt}, J=17.0,10.0,6.8$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.47(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.05(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.31(\mathrm{~d}, J$ $=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.57(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.80(\mathrm{~d}, J=16.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.11$ (dd, $J=8.8,2.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.49(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $(101$ $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 14.3\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 21.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 54.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 60.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $120.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 122.3(\mathrm{CH}), 122.9(\mathrm{CH}), 124.3(\mathrm{CH}), 127.9(2 \times \mathrm{CH})$, $129.9(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 131.1(\mathrm{CH}), 131.4(\mathrm{CH}), 134.9(\mathrm{C}), 137.6(\mathrm{C})$, 138.0 (CH), 143.6 (C), 144.6 (C), 147.4 (C), 165.7 (C); MS (ESI) $m / z 453$ ( $\mathrm{MNa}^{+}, 100$ ); HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{21} \mathrm{H}_{22} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{NaO}_{6} \mathrm{~S}$ $\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}\right), 453.1091$; found, 453.1073.
(2E)-3-(2'-[N-Allyl-N-(p-toluenesulfonyl)amino]-5'-nitro-phenyl)prop-2-en-1-ol $(6 \mathrm{~g})$. The reaction was carried out as described for the synthesis of (2E)-3-( $2^{\prime}-[N$-allyl $-N$ - $(p$-toluene-sulfonyl)amino]phenyl)prop-2-en-1-ol (6a) using ethyl (2E)-3-(2'[ $N$-allyl- $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)amino]-5'-nitrophenyl)prop-2-enoate (9) ( $0.143 \mathrm{~g}, 0.330 \mathrm{mmol}$ ). Purification by column chromatography (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether $=1: 2)$ gave $(2 E)-3-\left(2^{\prime}-[N-\right.$ allyl $-N-(p$ -toluenesulfonyl)amino]-5'-nitrophenyl)prop-2-en-1-ol ( $6 \mathbf{g}$ ) ( 0.110 g , $85 \%)$ as a colorless oil. $R_{f}=0.18$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate $=$ 2:1); IR (neat) 3537, 2924, 1525, 1347, 1162, $748 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 2.05(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 2.45(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 4.12(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $4.33(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{d}, J=4.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 4.92-5.04(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 5.69(\mathrm{ddt}, J=17.0$, $10.1,6.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.49(\mathrm{dt}, J=16.0,4.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.85(\mathrm{dt}, J=16.0$, $1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.86(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.32(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.57$ (d, $J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.95(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.8,2.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.43(\mathrm{~d}, J=2.7 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \operatorname{NMR}\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 21.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 54.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 63.2$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 120.4\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 121.7(\mathrm{CH}), 122.1(\mathrm{CH}), 124.4(\mathrm{CH}), 127.9(2$ $\times \mathrm{CH}), 129.8(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 130.5(\mathrm{CH}), 131.5(\mathrm{CH}), 134.1(\mathrm{CH}), 135.4$ (C), 139.9 (C), 142.0 (C), 144.3 (C), 147.5 (C); MS (ESI) m/z 411 $\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}, 100\right)$; HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{20} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{NaO}_{5} \mathrm{~S}\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}\right)$, 411.0985; found, 411.0970.
$N$-(p-Toluenesulfonyl)-5-(2', $2^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}$-trichloromethylcarbonyl-amino)-2,5-dihydro-1H-benzo[b]azepine (10a). (2E)-3-(2'-[N-Allyl- $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)amino]phenyl)prop-2-en-1-ol (6a) (0.313 $\mathrm{g}, 0.911 \mathrm{mmol})$ was dissolved in dichloromethane $(45 \mathrm{~mL})$ and cooled to $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ under argon with stirring. Trichloroacetonitrile $(0.137 \mathrm{~mL}$, 1.37 mmol ) was added to the solution, followed by 1,8 -diaza-bicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene ( $0.0685 \mathrm{~mL}, 0.460 \mathrm{mmol}$ ), and the reaction was allowed to warm to room temperature over 2 h . The reaction mixture was filtered through a short pad of alumina (neutral, Brockman V) with diethyl ether ( 150 mL ) and concentrated in vacuo to yield the crude allylic trichloroacetimidate as a yellow oil. This was used without further purification. The allylic trichloroacetimidate was transferred to a dry Schlenk tube containing a stirrer bar and potassium carbonate $(0.0300 \mathrm{~g}, 5 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{mL})$ to which $p$-xylene $(6 \mathrm{~mL})$ was then added. The tube was purged with argon, sealed, and heated to $160{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 24 h . The reaction mixture was allowed to cool to room temperature, and Grubbs' second generation catalyst ( $0.0391 \mathrm{~g}, 0.0460$ $\mathrm{mmol})$ and $p$-xylene $(51 \mathrm{~mL})$ were added. The reaction mixture was heated to $60{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 18 h . The reaction mixture was concentrated in
vacuo and purified by column chromatography (diethyl ether/ petroleum ether $=1: 3$ ) to give $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)-5-( $2^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}$ -trichloromethylcarbonylamino)-2,5-dihydro-1H-benzo[b]azepine (10a) ( $0.339 \mathrm{~g}, 81 \%$ ) as a white solid. Mp $160-163{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (decomposition); $R_{f}=0.28$ (diethyl ether/petroleum ether $=1: 1$ ); IR (neat) 3337, 2925, 1701, 1496, 1341, 1159, 906, $727 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 2.47(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.86(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.66(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 5.58(\mathrm{brt}, J=7.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.84(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{d}, J=9.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.04$ (br s, $1 \mathrm{H}), 6.82(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.23(\mathrm{td}, J=8.4,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.31(\mathrm{td}, J=8.4$, $1.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.36(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.42(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{d}, J=8.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.77$ (d, $J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}$ ), $8.37(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta$ $21.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 49.0\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 52.7(\mathrm{CH}), 92.5(\mathrm{C}), 125.8(\mathrm{CH}), 127.4(2$ $\times \mathrm{CH}), 128.2(\mathrm{CH}), 129.3(\mathrm{CH}), 129.7(\mathrm{CH}), 130.0(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 130.8$ $(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 137.7$ (C), 138.1 (C), 139.2 (C), 144.2 (C), 161.4 (C); MS (ESI) $m / z 481\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}, 49\right)$; HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{17}{ }^{35} \mathrm{Cl}_{3} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{NaO}_{3} \mathrm{~S}\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}\right)$, 480.9918 ; found, 480.9904.

7-Methyl- N -( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)-5-( $2^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}$-trichloromethyl-carbonylamino)-2,5-dihydro-1H-benzo[b]azepine (10b). The reaction was carried out as described for the synthesis of $N-(p$ -toluenesulfonyl)-5-( $2^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}$-trichloromethylcarbonylamino)-2,5-dihy-dro-1H-benzo[b]azepine (10a) using (2E)-3-(2'-[ $N$-allyl- $N$ - ( $p$ toluenesulfonyl) amino]-5'-methylphenyl)prop-2-en-1-ol ( $\mathbf{6 b}$ ) (0.170 $\mathrm{g}, 0.480 \mathrm{mmol}$ ). Purification by column chromatography (diethyl ether/petroleum ether $=1: 3$ ) gave 7 -methyl- $N$ - $(p$-toluenesulfonyl)-5( $2^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}$-trichloromethylcarbonylamino)-2,5-dihydro-1H-benzo[b]azepine (10b) $(0.179 \mathrm{~g}, 80 \%)$ as a white solid. $\mathrm{Mp} 174-176{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{f}=$ 0.30 (diethyl ether/petroleum ether $=1: 1$ ); IR (neat) 3333, 2923, 1701, 1505, 1340, 1155, 1112, 909, $727 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz , $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 2.33(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 2.47(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.82(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.67(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $5.53(\mathrm{brt}, J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.84(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{d}, J=8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.04(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, 6.67 (br s, 1H), 7.02 (dd, $J=8.1,1.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.23(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.36$ (d, $J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.76(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 8.43(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 21.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 21.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 49.1\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 52.7$ $(\mathrm{CH}), 92.5(\mathrm{C}), 125.8(\mathrm{CH}), 127.4(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 127.9(\mathrm{CH}), 130.0(2$ $\times \mathrm{CH}), 130.2(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 130.9(\mathrm{CH}), 135.4(\mathrm{C}), 137.8(\mathrm{C}), 138.8$ (C), 139.4 (C), 144.1 (C), 161.4 (C); MS (ESI) $m / z 495\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}, 48\right)$; HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{19}{ }^{35} \mathrm{Cl}_{3} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{NaO}_{3} \mathrm{~S}\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}\right)$, 495.0074; found, 495.0053.

7-Methoxy- $N$-(p-toluenesulfonyl)-5-(2', $2^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}$-trichloro-methylcarbonylamino)-2,5-dihydro-1 H -benzo[b]azepine (10c). The reaction was carried out as described for the synthesis of $N-(p$ -toluenesulfonyl)-5-( $2^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}$-trichloromethylcarbonylamino)-2,5-dihy-dro-1H-benzo[b]azepine (10a) using (2E)-3-(2'-[N-allyl- $N$ - $(p-$ toluenesulfonyl)amino]-5'-methoxyphenyl)prop-2-en-1-ol (6c) $(0.076 \mathrm{~g}, 0.20 \mathrm{mmol})$. Purification by column chromatography (diethyl ether/petroleum ether $=1: 3$ ) gave 7 -methoxy- $N$ - $(p$ -toluenesulfonyl)-5-( $2^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}$-trichloromethylcarbonylamino)-2,5-dihy-dro- $1 H$-benzo [b] azepine (10c) $(0.079 \mathrm{~g}, 79 \%)$ as a white solid. Mp $190-195{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (decomposition); $R_{f}=0.20$ (diethyl ether/petroleum ether $=1: 1$ ); IR (neat) $3337,2935,1701,1502,1215,1156,749 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 2.46(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.61-3.84(\mathrm{~m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 4.72$ (br s, 1 H ), $5.51(\mathrm{brt}, J=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.85(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.05(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H})$, $6.64(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.71(\mathrm{dd}, J=8.6,2.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.93(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.35(\mathrm{~d}$, $J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.74(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 8.58(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 21.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 49.2\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 52.9(\mathrm{CH}), 55.6$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 92.5(\mathrm{C}), 114.9(\mathrm{CH}), 125.5(\mathrm{CH}), 127.4(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 129.2$ $(\mathrm{CH}), 130.0(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 130.4(\mathrm{CH}), 131.2(\mathrm{CH}), 137.7(\mathrm{C}), 140.5$ (C), 144.1 (C), $159.7(2 \times \mathrm{C}), 161.4$ (C); MS (ESI) $m / z 513\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}\right.$, 51); HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{20} \mathrm{H}_{19}{ }^{35} \mathrm{Cl}_{2}{ }^{37} \mathrm{ClN}_{2} \mathrm{NaO}_{4} \mathrm{~S}$ ( $\mathrm{MNa}^{+}$), 512.9994; found, 512.9973.

7-Fluoro- $N$-(p-toluenesulfonyl)-5-( $2^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}$-trichloromethyl-carbonylamino)-2,5-dihydro-1H-benzo[b]azepine (10d). The reaction was carried out as described for the synthesis of $N-(p$ -toluenesulfonyl)-5-( $2^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}$-trichloromethylcarbonylamino $)$-2,5-dihy-dro-1H-benzo $[b]$ azepine (10a) using (2E)-3-(2'-[ $N$-allyl- $N$ - $(p-$ toluenesulfonyl)amino]-5'-fluorophenyl)prop-2-en-1-ol (6d) (0.189 g, 0.520 mmol ). Purification by column chromatography (diethyl ether/petroleum ether $=1: 3$ ) gave 7-fluoro- $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)-5( $2^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}$-trichloromethylcarbonylamino)-2,5-dihydro-1H-benzo[b]azepine (10d) $(0.204 \mathrm{~g}, 82 \%)$ as a white solid. Mp $181-183{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; $R_{f}=$
0.25 (petroleum ether/diethyl ether = 3:1); IR (neat) 3333, 3034, 1705, 1503, 1344, 1159, 907, $729 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 2.47(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.81(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.62(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.52(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{t}, J=7.4 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 5.85(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.98(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.81(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.91(\mathrm{td}, J=8.2$, $2.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.12(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.36(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.75(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 8.40(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 21.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, $48.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 52.2(\mathrm{CH}), 92.4(\mathrm{C}), 116.1(\mathrm{CH}), 116.4(\mathrm{CH}), 125.4$ $(\mathrm{CH}), 127.4(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 130.1(3 \times \mathrm{CH}), 131.1(\mathrm{CH}), 133.9(\mathrm{C})$, 137.3 (C), 141.6 (C), 144.4 (C), 161.4 (C), 162.1 (d, ${ }^{1} J_{C F}=250.6 \mathrm{~Hz}$, C); MS (ESI) $m / z 499\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}, 49\right)$; HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{16}{ }^{35} \mathrm{Cl}_{3} \mathrm{FN}_{2} \mathrm{NaO}_{3} \mathrm{~S}\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}\right)$, 498.9823 ; found, 498.9809.

8-Fluoro- $N$-(p-toluenesulfonyl)-5-( $2^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}$-trichloro-methylcarbonylamino)-2,5-dihydro-1H-benzo[b]azepine (10e). The reaction was carried out as described for the synthesis of $N-(p$ -toluenesulfonyl)-5-( $2^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}$-trichloromethylcarbonylamino)-2,5-dihy-dro-1H-benzo[b]azepine (10a) using (2E)-3-(2'-[ $N$-allyl- $N$ - $(p$ -toluenesulfonyl)amino]-4'-fluorophenyl)prop-2-en-1-ol (6e) (0.222 g, 0.610 mmol ). Purification by column chromatography (diethyl ether/petroleum ether $=1: 3$ ) gave 8 -fluoro- $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl) 5 ( $2^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}$-trichloromethylcarbonylamino)-2,5-dihydro- $1 H$-benzo [b]azepine (10e) $(0.269 \mathrm{~g}, 92 \%)$ as a white solid. Mp $147-149{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$; $R_{f}=$ 0.28 (diethyl ether/petroleum ether $=1: 1$ ); IR (neat) 3340, 2925, 1704, 1599, 1501, 1343, 1160, 909, $731 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( 400 MHz , $\left.\mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 2.48(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.86($ br d, $J=17.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.62($ br d, $J=$ $17.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.56(\mathrm{brt}, J=7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.85(\mathrm{ddd}, J=11.4,4.5,1.8$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.02(\mathrm{dd}, J=11.4,7.8 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.55\left(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{d},{ }^{3} J_{H F}=8.0 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 7.02(\mathrm{td}, J=8.2,2.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.38(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.41(\mathrm{dd}$, $\left.J=8.2,{ }^{4} J_{H F}=6.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}\right), 7.77(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 8.24(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H})$;
${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 21.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 48.8\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 52.1(\mathrm{CH})$, $92.4(\mathrm{C}), 115.6\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{C F}=22.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{CH}\right), 116.2\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{2} J_{C F}=21.0 \mathrm{~Hz}\right.$, $\mathrm{CH}), 125.6(\mathrm{CH}), 127.4(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 130.2(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 130.7(\mathrm{CH})$, $132.0(\mathrm{CH}), 135.3\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{4} J_{C F}=3.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}\right), 137.2(\mathrm{C}), 139.4\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{3} \mathrm{~J}_{\mathrm{CF}}=\right.$ $9.9 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}), 144.6$ (C), 161.4 (C), $162.5\left(\mathrm{~d},{ }^{1} J_{\mathrm{CF}}=230.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, \mathrm{C}\right) ; \mathrm{MS}$ (ESI) $m / z 499\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}, 49\right)$; HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{16}{ }^{35} \mathrm{Cl}_{3} \mathrm{FN}_{2} \mathrm{NaO}_{3} \mathrm{~S}\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}\right), 498.9823$; found, 498.9804.

7-Chloro- $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)-5-( $2^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}$-trichloromethyl-carbonylamino)-2,5-dihydro-1H-benzo[b]azepine (10f). The reaction was carried out as described for the synthesis of $N-(p$ -toluenesulfonyl)-5-( $2^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}$-trichloromethylcarbonylamino)-2,5-dihy-dro-1H-benzo[b]azepine (10a) using (2E)-3-(2'-[N-allyl- $N$-( $p$ -toluenesulfonyl)amino]-5'-chlorophenyl)prop-2-en-1-ol (6f) (0.290 $\mathrm{g}, 0.770 \mathrm{mmol})$. The RCM step was heated to $60{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 24 h . Purification by column chromatography (diethyl ether/petroleum ether $=1: 3$ ) gave 7 -chloro- $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)-5-( $2^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}$-trichloro-methylcarbonylamino)-2,5-dihydro-1H-benzo[b]azepine (10f) (0.300 g, $79 \%$ ) as a white solid. Mp $158-160{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; R_{f}=0.25$ (diethyl ether/ petroleum ether $=1: 1$ ); IR (neat) $3341,2925,1705,1495,1343,1159$, 908, $730 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 2.47(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 3.88(\mathrm{br}$ $\mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.60(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.51(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{t}, J=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.84(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{d}, J=9.0$ Hz, 1H), 5.97 (br s, 1H), 6.79 (br s, 1H), 7.20 (dd, $J=8.4,2.4 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 7.36(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.40(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.75(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $2 \mathrm{H}), 8.26(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR ( $\left.101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 21.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right)$, $48.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 52.1(\mathrm{CH}), 92.3(\mathrm{C}), 125.4(\mathrm{CH}), 127.4(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 129.6$ $(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 130.2(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 131.0(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 134.9(\mathrm{C}), 136.5(\mathrm{C})$, 137.2 (C), 141.0 (C), 144.5 (C), 161.4 (C); MS (ESI) $\mathrm{m} / \mathrm{z} 515$ (MNa ${ }^{+}$, 42); HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{16}{ }^{35} \mathrm{Cl}_{4} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{NaO}_{3} \mathrm{~S}\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}\right)$, 514.9528; found, 514.9515.

7-Nitro- $N$-(p-toluenesulfonyl)-5-(2', $2^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}$-trichloromethyl-carbonylamino)-2,5-dihydro-1H-benzo[b]azepine (10g). The reaction was carried out as described for the synthesis of $N-(p$ -toluenesulfonyl)-5-( $2^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}$-trichloromethylcarbonylamino)-2,5-dihy-dro- $1 H$-benzo $[b]$ azepine (10a) using (2E)-3-( $2^{\prime}-[N$-allyl- $N$ - $(p$ -toluenesulfonyl)amino]-5'-nitrophenyl)prop-2-en-1-ol ( 6 g ) ( 0.084 g , 0.22 mmol ). The Overman rearrangement was heated to $160{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 43 h , and the RCM step was heated to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 31 h . Purification by column chromatography (diethyl ether/petroleum ether $=1: 3$ ) gave 7 -nitro- $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)-5-( $2^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}$-trichloromethylcarbonyl-amino)-2,5-dihydro- 1 H -benzo[b]azepine ( $\mathbf{1 0 g}$ ) ( $0.053 \mathrm{~g}, 49 \%$ ) as a white solid. Mp $180-185{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (decomposition); $R_{f}=0.28$ (diethyl ether/petroleum ether = 1:1); IR (neat) $3335,3020,1709,1592,1530$,

1350, 1215, 1161, $749 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1}$; ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H} \operatorname{NMR}\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 2.49(\mathrm{~s}$, 3 H ), 4.03 (br d, $J=18.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.54(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{d}, J=18.5 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.64$ (br t, $J=7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.86(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{d}, J=11.4 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.95-6.02(\mathrm{~m}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 7.18(\mathrm{~d}, J 8.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.41(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.79(\mathrm{~d}, J=8.2$ $\mathrm{Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 7.98(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.13$ (dd, $J=8.6,2.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 8.29$ (d, $J=$ $2.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $\left(101 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 21.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 48.7\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right)$, $51.8(\mathrm{CH}), 92.1(\mathrm{C}), 124.5(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 125.1(\mathrm{CH}), 127.4(2 \times \mathrm{CH})$, $129.6(\mathrm{CH}), 130.4(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 130.7(\mathrm{CH}), 136.8(\mathrm{C}), 141.1(\mathrm{C})$, 143.8 (C), 145.0 (C), 147.4 (C), 161.5 (C); MS (ESI) $m / z 526$ (MNa ${ }^{+}$, 49); HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{19} \mathrm{H}_{16}{ }^{35} \mathrm{Cl}_{3} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{NaO}_{5} \mathrm{~S}\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}\right)$, 525.9768; found, 525.9761 .

5-tert-Butoxycarbonylamino- $N$-(p-toluenesulfonyl)-2,5-dihy-dro-1H-benzo[b]azepine (11). Sodium hydroxide ( $2 \mathrm{M}, 5 \mathrm{~mL}$ ) was added to a solution of $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)-5-( $2^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}, 2^{\prime}$-trichloro-methylcarbonylamino)-2,5-dihydro- $1 H$-benzo[b]azepine (10a) (0.165 $\mathrm{g}, 0.359 \mathrm{mmol})$ in methanol $(3 \mathrm{~mL})$ at $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and stirred for 18 h . The mixture was allowed to cool to room temperature, and then di-tertbutyl dicarbonate ( $0.393 \mathrm{~g}, 1.80 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was added. The reaction mixture was stirred for a further 24 h . The reaction mixture was extracted with ethyl acetate $(3 \times 5 \mathrm{~mL})$, dried $\left(\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}\right)$, filtered, and concentrated in vacuo. Purification by column chromatography (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether $=1: 20$ ) gave 5 -tert-butoxycarbonylamino- N ( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)-2,5-dihydro-1 H -benzo[b]azepine (11) ( 0.108 g , $73 \%$ ) as a white solid. Mp $149-151{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (decomposition); $R_{f}=0.28$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate $=2: 1$ ); IR (neat) 3393, 2978, 1698, $1494,1343,1159,908,728 \mathrm{~cm}^{-1} ;{ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR ( $400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}$ ) $\delta 1.44$ $(\mathrm{s}, 9 \mathrm{H}), 2.45(\mathrm{~s}, 3 \mathrm{H}), 4.14(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.35(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.33(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{t}, J=$ $7.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.50(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.61(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{d}, J=10.7 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.81(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 7.05(\mathrm{~d}, J=7.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.21(\mathrm{td}, J=7.6,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.27-7.36$ $(\mathrm{m}, 4 \mathrm{H}), 7.77(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{d}, J=8.2 \mathrm{~Hz}, 2 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C} \operatorname{NMR}\left(126 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta$ $21.6\left(\mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 28.4\left(3 \times \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 48.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 51.4(\mathrm{CH}), 79.5(\mathrm{C}), 127.3$ $(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 127.8(\mathrm{CH}), 128.5(3 \times \mathrm{CH}), 128.7(2 \times \mathrm{CH}), 129.9(2 \times$ CH), 137.6 (C), 138.0 (C), 141.4 (C), 143.8 (C), 154.9 (C); MS (ESI) $m / z 437\left(\mathrm{MNa}^{+}, 100\right)$; HRMS (ESI) calcd for $\mathrm{C}_{22} \mathrm{H}_{26} \mathrm{~N}_{2} \mathrm{NaO}_{4} \mathrm{~S}$ ( $\mathrm{MNa}^{+}$), 437.1505; found, 437.1486.

5-tert-Butoxycarbonylamino-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1 H-benzo[b]azepine (12). ${ }^{3 \mathrm{c}}$ Palladium on charcoal ( $10 \%, 0.017 \mathrm{~g}$ ) was added to a solution of 5-tert-butoxycarbonylamino- N -( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)-2,5-dihydro- $1 H$-benzo $[b]$ azepine ( 11 ) ( $0.057 \mathrm{~g}, 0.14 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) in ethyl acetate $(4 \mathrm{~mL})$. The mixture was stirred under an atmosphere of hydrogen at $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ for 17 h . The reaction mixture was filtered through a short pad of Celite with diethyl ether ( 50 mL ) and concentrated in vacuo to give 5 -tert-butoxycarbonylamino- $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro- 1 H -benzo[b]azepine ( 0.050 g ) as a white solid. 5-tert-Butoxycarbonylamino- $N$-( $p$-toluenesulfonyl)-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro$1 H$-benzo [b]azepine ( $0.050 \mathrm{~g}, 0.12 \mathrm{mmol}$ ) was dissolved in methanol $(5 \mathrm{~mL})$, and magnesium turnings $(0.082 \mathrm{~g}, 3.4 \mathrm{mmol})$ were added. The mixture was heated under reflux for 4 h . The reaction mixture was cooled to $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, and 1 M hydrochloric acid solution $(10 \mathrm{~mL})$ was added dropwise. The solution was extracted with ethyl acetate $(3 \times 10$ $\mathrm{mL})$, dried $\left(\mathrm{MgSO}_{4}\right)$, and concentrated in vacuo. Purification by column chromatography using (ethyl acetate/petroleum ether $=1: 20$ ) gave 5 -tert-butoxycarbonylamino-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1 H -benzo[b]azepine (12) $(0.032 \mathrm{~g}, 88 \%)$ as a white solid. $\mathrm{Mp} 151-153{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (lit. ${ }^{3 \mathrm{c}} 153-154{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ); $R_{f}=0.45$ (petroleum ether/ethyl acetate $=2: 1$ ); ${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ NMR $\left(400 \mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 1.42(\mathrm{~s}, 9 \mathrm{H}), 1.55-1.80(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H})$, $1.94-2.21(\mathrm{~m}, 2 \mathrm{H}), 2.83(\mathrm{td}, J=12.8,2.0 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 3.21-3.35(\mathrm{~m}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 3.61(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{s}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 4.90(\mathrm{t}, J=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 5.72(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{d}, J=8.1 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $1 \mathrm{H}), 6.73(\mathrm{dd}, J=7.3,1.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 6.89(\mathrm{td}, J=7.3,1.1 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.08$ $(\mathrm{td}, J=7.3,1.6 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}), 7.23(\mathrm{br} \mathrm{d}, J=7.3 \mathrm{~Hz}, 1 \mathrm{H}) ;{ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR $(101$ $\left.\mathrm{MHz}, \mathrm{CDCl}_{3}\right) \delta 25.5\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 28.5\left(3 \times \mathrm{CH}_{3}\right), 30.9\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 49.1$ $\left(\mathrm{CH}_{2}\right), 55.1(\mathrm{CH}), 79.0(\mathrm{C}), 120.5(\mathrm{CH}), 121.9(\mathrm{CH}), 128.0(\mathrm{CH})$, 130.0 (CH), 133.7 (C), 149.1 (C), 155.2 (C); MS (ESI) $m / z 285$ ( $\mathrm{MNa}^{+}, 100$ ).

## - ASSOCIATED CONTENT

## (s) Supporting Information

The Supporting Information is available free of charge on the ACS Publications website at DOI: 10.1021/acs.joc.6b01357.
${ }^{1} \mathrm{H}$ and ${ }^{13} \mathrm{C}$ NMR spectra for all novel compounds (PDF)

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## Notes

The authors declare no competing financial interest.

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